Decatur Weekly Republican.

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WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

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LOCAL NEWS.

TEETH, $8—Hoskins & Moore, dentists

THE Christian ministers are within our gates for a few days.

ALOHA will be sent to St. Louis Saturday next to go in the races.

MAY 4 the Republican state convention will be held at Springfield.

IT will be unlawful to kill ducks, geese or other wild water fowl after the 15th of the present month.

FRANK EAST, of this city, has been granted an original pension through the agency of M. Shea.

ASSUMPTION is to have a new $10,000 opera house and R. O. Rosen, of this city, has just completed the plans for the same.

AT the trial of the Atteberry brothers at Shelbyville the attorneys for the defense will be Eben A. Richardson, John R. Eden and H. J. Hamlin.

JUDGE VAIL will return from Tuscola Friday afternoon, and hold court Saturday to hear the application for a new trial in the Hunter election fraud case.

AT the meeting of the Decatur Trotting Association held last night B. Z. Taylor, former secretary of the association, was chosen a member of the board of directors.

THE first number of the new German paper, the *Macon County Deutsche Zeitung*, appeared to-day. It is an eight-column folio, edited and published by Amin Vogel.

FRANK B. WILKIE, a well known Chicago newspaper man, formerly connected with the *Times*, died last evening at his home in Norwood Park Chicago, after a long illness.

KATIE SEARCH, daughter of the late MRS. F. A. Search, in the will of the deceased, is named as the only heir to $600 worth of personal property. Miss Search is the executrix without bond.

THE celebrated Haines Upright pianos can be had in Decatur only at C. B. Prescott's music parlor on North Main street. Step in and look at the fine display of instruments. Prices low and terms easy.

SATURDAY J. J. Sanrin, aged 83 years, was found dead in his bed at the Sackrider hotel at Monticello. He had been dead about six hours. Heart failure, preceded by the grip, was the cause of death.

DEPUTY MIDKIFF was called to the county jail yesterday to handle J. A Winslow, the insane young man, who had torn all the clothing off his person. James obeyed Midkiff promptly, but all others who approached him did so at their peril.

"AFTER a varied experience with many so-called cathartic remedies, I am convinced that Ayer's Pills gave the most satisfactory results. I rely exclusively on these Pills for the cure of liver and stomach complaints."—John B. Bell, Sr., Abilene, Texas.

DRS. Farmer, B. Walston and Kennedy performed an operation on Rhody Bates' jaw at the poor farm Sunday. Last fall Bates fractured his jaw and when the physicians operated on him he bound the pieces of jawbone by silver wire. The bone healed and another operation was now necessary in order to remove the silver wire.

MRS. NANCY SMITH was buried at Marco to-day. Her age was 73 years. Her sons are H. J. Russell, of Bronson, Kan.; W. H. Russell, of Kenton, O., G. W. Russell, at Ontario, Cal.; Frank, in Tennessee and Loren, in Colorado. Mrs. Anna Hollingshead, a daughter, resides at Joplin, Mo., and Mrs. Charles Huff, another daughter, at Marco.

Mortuary.

From Wednesday's Daily

The funeral of the late Mrs Maggie Rhodes, wife of Henry Rhodes, who died of heart disease east of Marco Monday night, aged 40 years, took place this afternoon from the Union church. Mrs. Rhodes was a daughter of Jacob Spangler and a sister of Mrs. W. J. Long of Decatur, Wm. Spangler of Oreana, Jacob Spangler of Sherman, Texas, Mrs. A. J. Daily of Walnut Grove, Cal., Mrs. H. L. Renshaw of Alvord, Texas, and Mrs. Lula Laver of Chicago. She leaves a husband and six children to mourn her loss.

Wanted.

Two horses, not under 6 or over 8 years old; weight about 1,200 pounds each. Must be good, active, and sound in every way. Must be presented on or before Monday, April 18. Call at C. M. Caldwell's livery stable. 12-d&w1w

DIED.

At 1367 East Orchard street, April 12, at 1:30 p. m., August Ludwig, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. August Laskowski, aged 2 months and 17 days.

MEETING AT THE ST. NICK.

Conference of Members of the Non-Partisan W. C. T. Alliance.

From Monday's Daily.

This afternoon a conference of representative officers of the Non-Partisan Woman's Christian Temperance Alliance is in progress in parlors 19 and 20 at the St. Nicholas hotel, with Mrs. M. E. Walker, of Cerro Gordo, president of the Fourteenth District organization, in charge. Mrs. Ellen J. Phinney, of Cleveland, O., National President, and Mrs. Poppele, of Mt. Pulaski, were also in attendance. It is the purpose of Mrs. Phinney to remain in this vicinity a week or longer to complete the district organization. She has formed an auxiliary alliance at Mt. Pulaski, and the conference here will doubtless result in the formation of a Decatur society. Mrs. Walker and Mrs. Phinney believe with Mrs. Foster that better work for the temperance cause can be accomplished through non-partisan effort than by joining hands with any political party. Quite a number of Decatur ladies are in attendance at the hotel conference.

UNDER COLD WATER.

Baptism Sunday Afternoon at the Maffit Bridge.

Over 1,000 people comfortably attired gathered on the banks of the Sangamon river, near D. A. Maffit's ice houses, to witness the baptism of two converts of the Church of God, a young man and a young woman, who were immersed by Rev. Rodgers. The temperature was at about 60 degrees in the sun, in the water something like 40 degrees. The converts were attired in loose garments and were put under the chilly water one at a time Everybody took a lively interest in the ceremony, and all sympathized with the young man and young woman who were unfortunate in selecting such a chilly time for the baptism. The converts shivering with cold were hurried to the Maffit residence, where both put on dry clothing, and were soon warm and comfortable. No one appeared to have much anxiety for the minister. He was used to such experiences and took care of himself. It was a busy afternoon for Mr. and Mrs. Maffit, whose home was crowded with strange people all afternoon.

Death of Mrs. L. M. Miller.

From Monday's Daily.

Sunday evening at 6 o'clock, at the family residence, No. 159 West Eldorado street, Mrs. Lurania M. Miller passed away in death, after a brief illness, in the 85th year of her age.

Lurania M. Wilson was born February 22, 1809, near Columbia, in St. Clair county, Illinois. In 1838 she became the wife of William Miller, residing in St. Clair county until 1861. She was the mother of nine children. The family resided at Bethel, near Jacksonville, Ill., in 1865, where Mr. Miller died. The deceased never married again, but devoted her life to her home and children, who, as they became strong, made the declining years of their loving mother comfortable and pleasant. The surviving children are J. H. Miller and Mrs. W. H. Hendricks, of Springfield; Rev. George Miller, the evangelist, Mary L. Miller, Lizzie M. Miller and William R. Miller, the last two named children being mutes. Mrs. Miller had been a member of the Methodist church nearly all of her long life.

Miss Susie Shaw's Injuries.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Dr. H. J. Weyl was called to Marco yesterday to assist his son, Dr. George Weyl, in the case of Miss Susie Shaw, daughter of a school teacher, Chill Shaw, who was seriously hurt yesterday. The young lady had taken her father to his school, south of Marco, in a buggy, and on the return home the horses ran away. Miss Shaw was thrown through a barbed wire fence against a tree. The wire cut her shockingly on the face and neck, and the contact with the tree fractured her skull near the forehead. She may recover, as the depression is slight. Major Emery who was in Decatur to day states that hopes are entertained that Miss Shaw will recover. She is 20 years of age. Her condition this morning was not alarming. The horse took fright at a dog in the road and got beyond the control of Miss Shaw.

W. R. C. National Delegates.

The convention of the Woman's Relief Corps, department of Illinois, closed at Springfield Saturday. The newly elected officers were installed by Mrs. Sarah M. Bradford. The following were elected delegates to the national convention: Mrs. J. M. Bryant, Mrs. Esther Wood and Mrs. Susie C. Davis of Springfield; Mrs. Wallace of Chicago; Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. Reilly and Mrs. Strain of Englewood, and Miss Carrolton of Bloomington.

Whitmore Township.

The Republicans of Whitmore township are requested to meet in convention in the town hall at Oreana, Ill., on Thursday, the 21st day of April, 1892, at 8 o'clock p. m., to elect a chairman; also to elect 3 delegates to the county convention. JAMES LEGGETT, Chm'n.

The Michael Troutman Case.

From Monday's Daily.

The readers of the REPUBLICAN will recall the fact that last November Michael Troutman sold to E. S Gray a farm of 200 acres in Coles county for $1,000 cash, subject to a mortgage of $3,000, and that after the sale it was alleged that Troutman was not of sound mind when he made the sale, and had sacrificed the property. Previous to the death of Troutman, Mr. Troutman and his wife caused an injunction to be issued, restraining Gray from selling the land, and also forbidding the tenant, O. D. Barber, from giving Gray possession.

This morning, in the circuit court, Gray, by his attorneys, Buckingham & Schroll, asked Judge Vail to set aside the injunction and permit him to take possession of the property. Affidavits were read tending to show that when Troutman sold the land he was of sound mind; that in his conduct there was nothing to justify a suspicion that he was not competent to do business. There were quite a large number of these affidavits, both from citizens of Mattoon and citizens of Decatur. The attorneys representing the Troutman estate, Crea & Ewing and Bunn & Park, met these affidavits with counter affidavits tending to show that the deceased at the time he sold the farm was under an hallucination and was unfit to do business. Many of the affidavits read showed that the farm at the time of the sale was worth at least $40 an acre and that Troutman sold the land under the hallucination that he would be financially ruined if he did not sell the land to Gray, notwithstanding the fact that he could have sold it for twice what Gray paid him. The judge reserved his decision until he could look further into certain authorities.

Gone to Chicago.

James Sheehan, the alleged pickpocket who to escape Officer Dempsey at the depot last Friday night, grabbed the rear of a Wabash train and was dragged to Bement, 20 miles away, left last night for Chicago, accompanied by a young woman named Daisy Davis, who came here after Jim. Sheehan on Sunday had one of his feet amputated. There is no positive evidence against him, and he will not be prosecuted. Miss Davis appeared to have plenty of money, and was quite attentive to Sheehan. John O'Rourke, who was arrested that Friday night, is now in jail at Springfield, charged with having made an attempt to rob I. N. Martin, of this city.

F. M. B. A. Officers.

Delegates representing the Macon County F. M. B. A. met in annual session yesterday in the grand jury room. There were present about sixteen members, representing the twelve active lodges in the county. The order formerly had about twenty five lodges, but the number has decreased to the smaller number. The delegates elected these officers:

President—W. P. Davidson, Macon.
Vice-President—J. M. Burcham, Mt. Zion.
Secretary—D. A. Good, Beardsale.
Treasurer—O. T. Wells, Elwin.

Matters of interest to the order were discussed. The meeting adjourned until the third Tuesday in August, thus dropping out a quarterly meeting.

Weedon Smith Defeated.

There was another election at Mt. Zion Saturday for school trustee, to serve three years, in place of George B. Spitler, Democrat, whose term had expired. The judges were George Spitler and A. M. Phillips; clerk, J. S. Hughes. The candidates were: J. B. Henry, Republican; and Weedon Smith, Democrat. Usually but 15 or 20 votes are cast at such elections, but this time the Democrats made a special effort to elect Mr. Smith, and when the Republicans got onto the game they hustled a little bit themselves and won the battle. The vote was: Henry, 52; Smith, 48.

The Hunter Case.

From Monday's Daily.

The motion for a new trial in the Hunter case was called up this morning, but the Troutman case, and the fact that the judge had to leave for Tuscola, where he will hold court this week, prevented the presentation of affidavits and arguments, and the hearing of the motion was postponed until next Saturday.

Hunter will thus have another week to study over his folly and come to the only sensible conclusion possible, namely, to appeal to the mercy of the court, get the lightest sentence possible, end the matter and go and sin no more.

Mt. Zion Nominations.

There was a union meeting of the voters of the village of Mt. Zion, held on April 2, when both old parties joined in making up the ticket, which is to be submitted to a vote of the people next Tuesday. The ticket is known as the "People's Ticket," with Mr. McGaughey as the only Democrat nominated. The ticket is as follows:

President—John Downey.
Trustees—J. R. McGaughey.
" J. A. Draper.
" Alex Armstrong.
Clerk—S. D. Smith.
Police Magistrate—U. G. Draper.

MINISTERIAL INSTITUTE.

Tenth Annual Meeting of the Christian Preachers in Session To-Day.

From Tuesday's Daily

The tenth annual meeting of the Central Illinois Ministerial Institute convened this afternoon at the Christian church, and will continue in session until Thursday night. Below we print a list of visiting ministers who have already reported to the pastor, Rev. E. B. Cake: Rev. J. B. Dabney, of El Paso; Rev. W. H. Carmon, of Lexington; Rev. G. A. Miller, of Normal; Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Robinson, of Mt. Pulaski; Rev. W. A. Humphrey, of Washburn; Rev. J. W. Strong, of Antioch; Rev. Z Beckleymer, of Eureka; Rev. J. M. Robinson, of Illiopolis; Rev. W. W. Weeden, of Taylorville; Rev. and Mrs. J. B. Pickrell, of Buffalo; Rev. A. J. Kane, of Springfield; Rev. T. T. Holton, of Tallula; Rev. A. P. Cobb, of Springfield; Rev. E. T. Johnston, of Tallula; and Revs. John and James Lemon, W. F. Ingraham and G. W. Thomas. The following program was observed this afternoon:

2:00—Worship.....
2:30—Address ..... The Higher Criticism
A. P. Cobb.
3:30—Discussion..... Led by J. W. Allen
3:45—General Discussion.....
Report of Critics.....

From Wednesday's Daily

This is a profitable and instructive season of conference and interchange of thought with the ministers of the Christian church of Central Illinois, assembled in institute session at the Christian church on North Main street. Those assigned to topics are among the brightest preachers, and the discussions which follow the presentation of papers are of interest not only to the ministers but to the visitors who gather to enjoy the meeting. Last night the church was crowded to hear Rev. A. J. Kane, of Springfield, deliver the sermon on "The World's Great Question."

During the afternoon session Rev. A P. Cobb, of Springfield, son-in-law of Andrew Dennis, and a former resident of Decatur in the days when he grew to manhood, delivered a scholarly address on "The Higher Criticism." The address treated of the bible, its critics, the scoffers and how the book has withstood the assaults of the critics of all ages. No other book, says Schaff, has attracted so much attention, provoked so much opposition, outlived so many persecutions, called forth so many reverence and gratitude, inspired so much noble thoughts and deeds, administered so much comfort and peace from the cradle to the grave to all classes and conditions of men. It is more than a book; it is an institution, an all prevading omnipresent force, a converting, sanctifying, transforming agency; it rules from the pulpit to the chair; it presides at the family altar; it is the sacred ark of every household, the written conscience of every christian man, the pillar of cloud by day, the pillar of light of night in the pilgrimage of life. Mankind is bad enough and human life dark enough with it; but how much worse and how much darker they would be without it? Christianity might live without the letter of the New Testament but not without the facts and truths which it records and teaches. Were it possible to banish them from the world the sun of our civilization would be extinguished, and mankind left to midnight darkness, with the dreary prospect of a dreamless and endless Nirvana. But no power on earth or in hell can extinguish that sun. There it shines on the horizon, the king of day obscured at times by clouds great or small, but breaking through again and again, and shedding light and life from east and west, until the darkest corners of the globe shall be illuminated. The past is secure; God will take care of the future.

TO-DAY'S SESSION.

To-day's meeting opened this morning at the church with a large attendance of ministers and members of the church and the following interesting programme was observed:

9:30—Workers Seeking Divine Aid.....
..... J. B. Dabney
9:00—Attitude of the Preacher to Social and Political Questions.....
1. Social—"Relation of the Preacher to Secret Societies"..... W. W. Weeden
4:45—Discussion..... Led by J. Lemmon
10:00—General Discussion.....
10:15—2. Political..... W. H. Bowles of Eureka
11:00—Discussion..... J. E. Jewitt
11:15—General Discussion.....
Report of Critics ..... Brooks Gilliland

The following committees were appointed by President W. A. Humphrey at the meeting this morning:

Committee on Obituaries—Revs. W. W. Weedon, A. J. Kane and Conner.

Committee on Place for Holding Next Meeting—Revs. W. A. McGinniss, E. C. Stark and C. B. Dabney.

Committee on nominations—Revs. J. B. Dabney, T. P. Hatton and L. B. Pickerell.

Committee on resolutions—Revs. H. M. Brooks, M. J. Martin and L. M. Robinson.

Committee on ministerial standing—Revs. W. H. McGinniss, W. W. Weeden and J. B. Dabney.

At the afternoon meeting to-day the following program was observed:

AFTERNOON SESSION.

1:50—Devotional.....
2:30—Institute Business.....
3:00—Address by James Kirk. Subject: "Relation of the Preacher to Our Public Schools."
3:50—Address..... "Popular Amusement"
W. H. Cannon.
4:00—Discussion..... Led by S. S. Jones
4:15—General Discussion.....
4:30—Critic's Report.....

A POINT OF ORDER.

While Rev. Boles was delivering a printed address on the "Relation of the Ministry to Politics," he poured hot shot into the whisky ranks, and quoted liberally from the *Brewer's Journal*. The speaker held that every preacher should stand up for all that was true and good in the church and politics, opposing and denouncing all that is evil. In the course of the address Rev. E. B. Cake, the pastor of the church, arose to make a point of order which was that Rev. Boles had exhausted the time alloted for the discussion of the topic. He insisted that Rev. Boles should be called down, but the meeting voted to extend the time, which was done, and the Eureka orator went ahead. Again did Rev. Cake interrupt the discourse by arising and making the point of personal privilege, but the clergyman did not make a statement of the point he had in mind, and Rev. Boles continued to speak. The incident occasioned no little flurry among the ministers who were clearly in sympathy with the sentiments uttered by Rev. Boles. This afternoon there was a general discussion of Rev. Boles' address.

Fine Amusements Coming.

The two attractions booked for next week at the Grand are the finest in their line that have appeared here this season.

THE HENRIETTA.

Tuesday evening, April 19, Mr. Stuart Robson will smile before, and with his many friends as he interprets the much talked of beauties of "Bertie the Lamb," in the greatest of American comedies by Bronson Howard, called "The Henrietta."

So much has been said already about "The Henrietta" and its beauties, that there is little to dwell upon. Mr. Robson will present the play in a most careful manner, and the cast indicates that the company is an exceedingly capable one. And a most brilliant audience is looked for.

Bronson Howard's name is so prominently before the public at present, that everybody who is anybody will feel obliged to patronize the best of this author's efforts.

Mr. Robson's engagement is a limited one to the extent of one night only and the prospects are that the Grand Tuesday evening, will be taxed to its utmost capacity.

REED & COLLIER.

On Thursday evening, April 21, "The King of Fun," Reed & Collier, and the greatest of all farce-comedy companies, in the funniest of all farcical entertainments, "Hoss & Hoss," introducing new songs, the Kangaroo Dance, the Famous Jury, Reed's original songs, Collier's own Eccentricities, guess a number, a dollar forty, the Unique Dancers, the German Band, the Bowery Ball. Everything new and original, a laugh in every line.

This company is pronounced the finest farce-comedy company in the country.

THE sales of Short Horn Cattle and Southdown Sheep at the Fair Grounds, Springfield, Ill., on May 4 and 5, will attract more than usual attention, because the well known breeders making these offerings, have selected from their herds the best young animals they have, and Sangamon county, already noted for its progressive farmers and superior class of live stock will by this distribution of some of the choicest animals it has ever produced, stand higher than ever as a fine stock center.

Mr. S. E. Prather's sale on May 4, will be of selections from the Riverdale herd, consisting of about 40 head of the grandest young things ever offered from Riverdale. Heifers and young Bulls—Cruickshanks, Young Marys, Nelly Blys and others. Especial mention may be made of the young cattle in this offering, because they are just of the right age desirable for breeders or for the show ring. Some of them have already won as youngsters and are in condition for further honors in the ring. Parties wishing to secure a herd for Show at the Fairs or the World's Columbian Exposition have here the opportunity of securing something extra.

Chicago Grain Market.

The following were the closing quotations in Chicago at 1:15 p. m. to-day, received by B. Z. Taylor.

LIVE STOCK—Estimated receipts—
Hogs—28,000; 5 lower.
Cattle—15,000; dull.
GRAIN—Car lots—
Wheat 46; Corn 191; Oats 189.

	APRIL.	MAY	JULY.
WHEAT	$ .82⅛	$ .82⅛	$ .82⅛
CORN	.40⅝	.40⅞	.38¾
OATS	.—	.29¼	28

	MAY.	JULY.
PORK	10 20	10 30
LARD	6 22½	6 3 3½
RIBS	5 62½	5.7

WAS HER 100TH BIRTHDAY.

Gathering of the Family of a Woman Born in 1792—Is Yet Strong.

Mrs. Mary A. Wikel, of Atlanta, Ill., celebrated her 100th anniversary Sunday. Her daughter gave a large family dinner, at which nearly all the relatives of the family were present. Mrs. Wikel was born in Maryland. She has made her home at Atlanta for several years, living with her daughter, Mrs. M. O. Burrows. Mrs. Wikel is wonderfully preserved and can get about well. Physically there seems to be no reason why she may not live several years. She is unable to recognize some of her friends. Mrs. Wikel has never been a hard working woman and inherits a strong constitution. Of ten children born to her she has outlived all but three, the oldest being 80 years of age. Her father lived to be 113 years of age.

Dr. Keeley's Certificate.

In the matter of the appeal of Dr. Leslie E. Keeley of Dwight from the action of the state board of health in revoking his certificate, Gov. Fifer has reversed the action of the board. Dr. Keeley's certificate was revoked June 30, 1881, and from an examination of the transcript of the records and proceedings in the case, the governor says that it appears that the certificate was revoked without such notice and trial as the law requires and without a proper finding upon the facts. Dr. Keeley, probably because he saw fit to advertise generously, ran up against the code of ethics. The revocation of his certificate was irregular, and now he is in good standing. But he is independent of all rules now, and can crack the whip to suit himself.

Death in the East.

This morning Rev. W. C. Miller, pastor of the First Congregational church, received a telegram announcing the death of his mother, Mrs. Ham, who passed away last night at her home at Chatham, New York, in the 63d year of her age, the result of paralysis. Not long since Rev. Miller and wife were at Chatham, when Mrs. Ham received her first stroke. It was supposed that she would recover. Rev. Miller will receive the sympathy of all our people in the loss of his mother, his best friend. The funeral will occur next Saturday.

Burial in Greenwood.

Monday at noon at the Methodist church at Emery Rev. H. L. Murray, of Maroa, conducted the funeral of the late Grant Hockaday. The sermon was a high tribute to the dead. The casket was covered with cut flowers and floral pieces. The Forsyth K. of P. lodge sent a triangle, and the Good Templars a pretty design. The pallbearers were J. A. Butler, Frank Stewart, Charles Cressler, A. B. Barber, William Zeigler and W. R Benton. A large number drove in from Emery and were present at the burial service in Greenwood.

The County Board.

County Clerk George P. Hardy has issued a call for a special meeting of the board of supervisors of Macon county to be held at the courthouse on Thursday, April 21st, at 1 p. m. At that meeting there will be elected an overseer of the poor for Decatur township. Supervisors May, Griffin, Parker, Johnson, Miller and Roberts made application to the clerk to issue the call. Only four Democrats will respond to the call.

New Time on the Wabash.

A new time table went into effect Sunday on the Wabash. The only changes are No. 4, which has been arriving here at 11 o'clock will hereafter arrive at 10:55, and No. 44 will also arrive at 11:05, or five minutes sooner. The Toledo train will leave at 11:15 and the Chicago train at 11.20. No. 4 will not stop at any stations between Decatur and Bement, except at Cerro Gordo.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Howentine, on Thursday, April 7—a son.

Mrs. J. B. Shellabarger and daughter, Irene, departed last night for their home in Salina, Kan.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Brown, of 538 North Water street, on Tuesday, April 12, a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Homer Fullenwider, on Saturday, April 9th, at 535 West Eldorado street—a daughter.

C. P. Housum returned to-day from his southern trip He has been in Florida for several months past the benefit of his health.

You will find the celebrated *New Departure* Cultivator at Fisher & Long's 335 North Water street, Decatur, Ill. March 24 w1m

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

A Few More Special Bargains Just Received,

AT THE

NEW STORE,

Next to Millikin's Bank,

20 pieces Teazle Cloth, in Plaids, for Ladies' and Children's wear, at 12½c yd.

10 pieces Heavy Outing Cloth, worth 12½c, will sell at 10c yd.

12 pieces Heavy Outing at the Low Price of 6c.

30 pieces Handsome English Challies, at 10c.

20 pieces Handsome Canton Drapery at 25c yd.

15 pieces Handsome Canton Drapery at 20c.

50 doz. Little Beauty Corsets at 50c each.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY

By buying your Dry Goods at

The New Store,

NEXT TO MILLIKIN'S BANK,

On Water Street

S. HUMPHREYS.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LATEST?

It is the GUNN FOLDING BED, the only practical Combination Folding Bed in the world.

IN USE. CLOSED.

Always Convenient and Handsome.

BACHMAN BROS. & MARTIN CO.

The Largest and Cheapest Furniture and Stove Store in the city. Everything sold for Cash or on Easy Payments.

IT WILL PAY YOU

To make us a visit at our handsome store We were not able to get any of our neighbors to vacate their premises, so we had to go up---not the flume---but the second story, for more room to display our elegant line of SPRING CLOTHING, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishings

Two Floors loaded with goods to suit the masses.

BRYAN, JONES & CO.,

4 Doors West of Post Office.

WAGASER'S SWORN STATEMENT.

How the Young Man Killed John Kline—The Fatal Blow.

The other day at Urbana Frank Wagaser, on the third trial for the murder of John Kline near Hammond, in Moultrie county, was acquitted by the jury, as was stated in the REPUBLICAN. Frank Wagaser's history of the assault is as follows:

"I started out that morning with two hands to the field. George Cunningham and Owen Babb were sitting in the rear end of the wagon. We drove up the highway past Bryant's house till we came to the turning row and then turned west. The turning row was all on my land, or land that I had rented of my father. After we had got about 75 yards west of northwest corner of pasture fence, I saw John Kline coming onto the turning row. We drove on about 50 yards further and stopped. I handed the lines to Cunningham and told him to hold them. I said, 'There comes a man I do not want to cross my place. I walked down to within 8 or 10 steps of the corner. Kline drove on to the corner and turned south. He said as he drove south: "You son of a b—, if you want anything out of me you can have it." He then threw his lines over the second or third post of the fence, that ran south, and came back. I told him I didn't want him to come on my place. He said there was a disputed line. I told him there wasn't, and showed him where the fence stood out on our land. He then called me a liar and struck at me with his left hand, hit me a glancing lick on the side of the face. He then rushed me down the pasture fence, about six or eight steps, and I dodged under a lick and got back up to the turning row. Kline just then picked up a board near the corner of the pasture fence, about 6 or 7 feet long, and I backed off to the north and west and as he came toward me I got out my pocket-knife, dropped it and picked it up; I opened it and as Kline came at me with the board raised over his head, I struck him with the knife and dodged his lick. I struck him with the knife almost simultaneously with dodging the board, but I think I struck with the knife a little before dodging, but it was very close together. When Kline struck me with the board, the board broke and the small end upper piece, about 18 inches along, remained in his right hand. He stopped just an instant when I struck him with the knife, and then he struck at me with the small piece of board twice. I kept backing off, and he started southeast across plowed ground and went into the pasture and started toward Bryant's house, southeast across the pasture. I went on to my wagon. Babb had got out of the wagon and had gotten about 15 to 25 yards east of wagon when I started back. He was about 100 yards from me when I first saw him as I started back from where the blow was struck. He said as he was forcing me down the pasture fence, "Now I have got you where I have wanted you for a long time and I will pound your d—d brains out." After the trouble I went out to where my father was in the field, I gave my knife to father and he has kept it since. [Knife shown witness.] Yes, that is the knife. We then started home; we stopped at Fulton's, three fourths of a mile north of my house. There I was told that Kline was dead I knew I had struck him before I went back to the wagon, but I did not know how bad I had hurt him. He started off saying, "D—n you, I will come back and fix you," but after I got in the wagon I saw him fall once or twice as we drove along up west. I still did not know he was mortally hurt. I thought he might be sick or something from the blow. I had no way to know the nature or exact location of the wound. I knew I struck him in the breast somewhere. We went from Fulton's on home and from there went to Sullivan and I surrendered to Wash Linder. I had a two-edged knife about the barn and house; last time I ever saw it was where we cut cultivator pins with it in the summer of 1887. I never made any threats against Kline, such as George W. Jones testifies to. I was on good terms with Kline at that time I never made any threats to Culver nor to Coe nor to Eva Temple. I remember Mays saying something like what Emory Greenwell says was said at my house. I think he said if he were in Steele's place he would have revenge if he had to kill Kline and Bryant both."

Nora is Married.

John Crowley of Tuscola, and Nora Smith, superintendent of the Douglas county schools, were married at Indianapolis Thursday. The bride was the secretary of the Central Illinois Teachers' meeting lately held at the Grand Opera house in Decatur, and was re-elected secretary. Her name will have to be changed in the 1893 list of officers of the association

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis, was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Spenker, Catawber, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold at King & Wood's drug store. om

BUD PRICE, of Roanoke, Ky, killed a negro named Bud Malone. The Deputy sheriff who tried to arrest the murderer was attacked by Price and his brother-in-law and he shot them both dead.

"For several years," says John Park, of Beaver Creek, Minn., "during the winter, I have been troubled with a painful swelling of the feet, which physicians claimed was rheumatic gout. I was treated by some of our best physicians, and obtained but little, if any relief, and used many so called "cures," without benefit. During the winter of 1887, when my feet were so swollen and inflamed that I could not wear my boots, I commenced using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. The first application reduced the swelling and inflammation, and the use of one fifty cent bottle so completely relieved me, that I discontinued my canes and was able to get around all right and wear my boots." 50 cent bottles for sale by W. F. Neisler. d&w

EXPERIMENTS ON CORN.

Some Interesting Results Obtained at the University Station.

The Agricultural Experiment Station has issued a bulletin upon field experiments with corn, made in 1891, which gives a great deal of valuable information on a large number of questions in relation to raising corn. The experiments were tried in a dark colored prairie soil common to Central Illinois. The surface soil is about 18 inches deed, underlayed with yellow clay. No manures were applied and in most cases the land had been in corn in 1890 and had been plowed in the spring. Except in a few cases, the corn was planted by hand, covered with a hoe, four kernels in hills, 3 feet 8 inches apart each way. The season was one of severe drouth, the rainfall being deficient in the five months from May to September, 7.65. The average temperature was 68 degrees which is nearly the average for a period of years. Thirty-six varieties were tested on 25 plats. About 86 per cent, of a full stand of stalks was secured, and 12 per cent, of the stalks produced no ears. This is nearly the same result as found in 1888 and 1890. As was the case in former years, the kinds maturing about Sept. 20 gave a larger average yield than those maturing either earlier or later. In 1891, 13 early varieties averaged 56, 19 medium averaged 66, and six late maturing brands averaged 57 bushels of air dry corn to the acre. For the four years the early varieties gave an average of 61, the medium of 73, and the late of 68 bushels of air dry corn per acre. Eleven varieties have been tested for four successive years and the average yield has been 70 bushels per acre. A medium sized variety of corn, planted at the rate of one kernel every 9 to 12 inches in rows 3 feet 8 inches apart, gave larger yields of corn and stalks increases with thickness of planting up to 3 inches at least. As the results of four years experiments it is believed that the larger yield of grain makes food value of the total crop greater when it is planted at the rate of one kernel at about every six inches in the row. In 1891, little difference was found in plats planted with a medium maturing variety at weekly intervals from April 25 to May 23. Later planting give much smaller yields; the ears were not well filled and the corn did not mature thoroughly. For three years previous, good crops were had from planting any time in May. For the four years, the best results have been had from planting May 11 to 16 In two or three years no material difference was found whether the corn was planted in hills or drills, provided the land was kept equally free from weeds. Experiments show that no appreciable effects on the yield resulted from cutting the tops when in good condition for fodder, or from removing, as they appeared, the tassels from alternate rows.

Real Estate Sales.

Martha E. Cobourn to Mary E. Glenn, deed to lots 13 and 14, block 33, Railroad addition to Macon—$1.00.

John F. Blackburn to George W. Hathaway, deed to lot 10, block 5, Cassell's 4th addition—$2000.

Chas. Grose to Delilah J. Castright, the north half of lot 6, in block 7 in Blue Mound—$500.

George W. Blackburn to Ella E. Blackburn, lot 2 and the north half of lot 3 in block 1 of Thompson's first addition to Decatur—$1,500.

H. W. Waggoner to W. H. Nicholson, ten feet off of the south side of lot 14 and all of lot 15 in block 2 in Higgin's addition to Decatur—$2,500

S. S. Jack to George A. Stadler, lot 12 in block 2 of Oakland Place—$400.

Mary C. Kramer to Yong P. Jones, a lot 35x180 feet in block 3 in B. H. Cassell's sixth addition to Decatur—$1,800.

Simon P. Nickey to Minnie R. Nickey, lot 7 of the east half of section 1, 16, 3 east; 3.2 acres in Oakley township—$1,000.

V. Barber to F. J. Heckel, the east half of the southeast quarter of 30, 16, 3 east, 80 acres in Long Creek township—$3,800

John C. Attebery to Agnes and Mary Tomlinson, 58 acres in South Macon township—$3,600.

James Geraghty to W. F. Brookshire, 92¼ acres in South Macon township—$3,000.

J. R. Miller to Jacob T. and James B. Michael, 40 feet off of the east ends of lots 8 and 9 in Bandy's addition to Decatur—$4,000.

Winchester L. Hickman to Anna M. Fesler, lot 12 in block 3 in Montgomery & Shull's Second addition to Decatur—$1,300.

J. R. Weaver to G. W. Handy and E. F. Kuny, a lot 24x50 feet in the assessor's subdivision of lots 2, 3 and 4 in Adamson & Prather's addition to Decatur—$1,325.

G. W. Handy and E. F. Kuny to Nora Quinn, the same lot as above described—$1,325.

John Heckman to S. A. Lukens, 11 acres in the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of 19, 17, 4 east; in Oakley township—$250.

A. T. Risley to Stephen H. Swain, 39 acres in 17, 16, 2 east; in Hickory Point township—$2,500

Gus A. Abrens to Helena Young, lot 3 block 8, in South addition to Decatur—$1500.

Mary C Kramer to Yong P. Jones, deed to tract of land in block 3, Cassell's 6th addition—$1800

Minerva E Lichtenberger to M. C. Wilkey, deed to lot in block 1, Railroad addition to Maroa—$225

George W. Blackburn to Ella E. Blackburn, deed to lot 2 and north half of lot 3, block 1, Thompson's first addition—$150.

William Longnecker et al to Noah Derr, deed to 80 acres in 16, 4, 3 east—$6,160.

W. J. Armstrong to Lucretia E. Armstrong, deed to lot in block 1, Western addition love and affection.

Joshua Ketcham to Walter Randall, deed to 16, 56 acres in 19, 15, 1 east—$800.

H. W. Waggoner to C. L. Waggoner, deed to lot 12, and north half of lot 13, block 2, Higgins addition—$750.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Wood, druggists. d&w

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JOHNSTON'S TO-DAY.

Wash Goods at 15c.

36-inch Figured Surah Cotton,
Fine Zephyr Ginghams,
Nancy Wash Chevrons,
Shantong Pongee.

Some Handsome Styles in

PLAIN AND FANCY CREPONS,

Worth 20c, at 15c a yard.

White Goods in Plains, Bars, Cords and Fancy Effects.
SEE OUR CORSET AT 39c—WORTH 50c.
SEE OUR SUMMER CORSET AT 50c.
We are showing some handsome SPRING CAPES and JACKETS; also CHILDREN'S JACKETS.

CHAS. T. JOHNSTON,

Hays' Old Stand,
151 NORTH WATER ST.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

MONDAY, APRIL 4, we open 25 Cases of Ladies' Slippers and Half Shoes.

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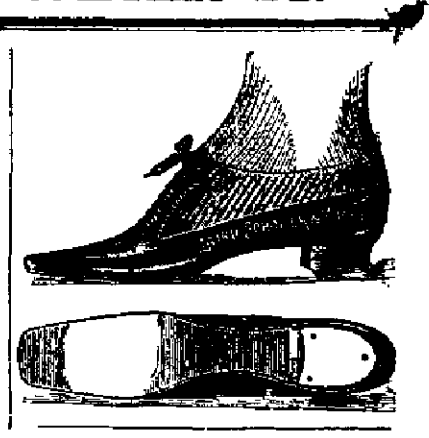

Ladies' Dongola Oxfords, Pat. Tip,	75c
Ladies' Dongola Opera,	65c
Ladies' Dongola Patent Oxford,	$1.25
Ladies' Dongola Vesting Top, Pat. Tip,	1.25
Ladies' Edison, New,	1.25
A Splendid Opera Slipper for	50c

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Post Office Shoe Store.

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A LAUNDRY SOAP, PURE AND SANITARY

DUSKY DIAMOND TAR SOAP.

HEALTHFUL, AGREEABLE, CLEANSING.

Cures Chapped Hands, Wounds, Burns, Etc.

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Executor's Notice.

Estate of George E. Hardy, Deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed Executor of the estate of George E Hardy, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Macon county at the court house in Decatur, at the May term on the first Monday in May next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 18th day of March, 1892

J. K. HARDY,
mar24-w3w Executor, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

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Same as an incorporated bank. Buy and Sell Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper.

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Administratrix' Notice.

Estate of James W Brown, Deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed administratrix of the estate of James W Brown, late of the county of Macon, and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the June term, on the first Monday in June next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 21st day of March, 1892

ELSIE M. BROWN,
apr7 w3w Administratrix

Executor's Notice.

Estate of James Hopson, Deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed Executor of the estate of James Hopson, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the June term, on the first Monday in June next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 31st day of March, 1892

C. B. HOPSON,
mch31-w3w Executor.

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Diana R. Nims, Deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed Executor of the estate of Diana R Nims, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of Macon county at the court house in Decatur, at the June term, on the first Monday in June next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 25th day of March, 1892.

C. B. NIMS,
mch31-w3w Executor.

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NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

CONDEMNED!

That is what the Council says of our building. They are going to move it. We condemned our stock some time before. No matter what the Council says or does the goods MUST GO. The price put on them will make you think so if you investigate.

INVESTIGATION

Is all we want on the part of those wh eed Clothing. The prices will do the rest. A big Spring Stock was ordered before we were condemned. IT MUST GO, TOO. This would be a good time to lay in a year's supply of Clothing.

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Decatur, Illinois.

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When looking for a Watch investigate the qualities of the

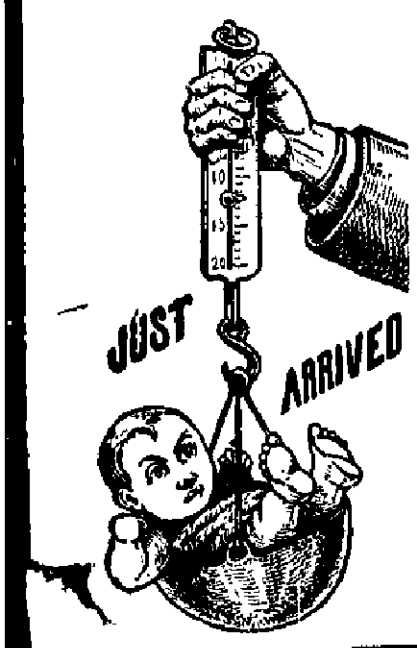
ROCKFORD.

We have these Celebrated

WATCHES

In all varieties, and the prices are no higher than inferior goods of other manufacture.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.



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The Best Shoe Made,

WALTER HUTCHIN'S

—Celebrated French—

COLTSKIN SHOES,

For Gents' Fine Dress Wear,

$6.00

A PAIR.

WALTER HUTCHIN

117 North Water St. Sign of the Big Shoe

LOCAL NEWS.

AURORA horsemen will hold weekly matinees at the driving park the coming summer.

SAMUEL B. CAISSEY has sold his grocery store stock at Cerro Gordo to L. C. Ruddock and J. O. Merritt.

PATTI has a watch no greater than a 10-cent piece in circumference, which is said to be worth $1,000.

STRAWBERRIES and peaches are in bloom in Southern Illinois. The outlook is said to be very promising.

JUST purchased—a handsome lot of chenille portieres at reduced prices.

LINN & SCRUGGS D. G. & C. Co.

THERE will be no difficulty next time in electing a Republican county physician. The new county board has only four Democrats in it.

A PROJECT is on foot among the citizens of Champaign and Urbana to erect a high school, to be used by the University of Illinois as a preparatory department.

NEW and elegant styles Ginghams, Prints, Foile du Nord, Percale, Bedford Novelties, and other new wash fabrics, on sale now at Linn & Scruggs D., & C. Co.

THE Illinois State Sunday School Association will hold its convention at Centralia on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, June 14, 15 and 16. The sessions will be held in the rink.

IN the county court to-day Mary Jane Emmert, aged 23, was adjudged insane, cause unknown; duration of malady, six months. The jurymen were: J. D. Wheeler, H. M. Gossett, Fred Cumlis, J. W. Redman, J. H. Durfee, W. W. Foster, D. L. Hughes, A. T. Davis, C. E. Peake, Harry Fisk, J. Q. A. Oder and J. C. Millspaugh, Sr.

CERRO GORDO *Era*:—Shellabarger's elevator has been undergoing repairs the past week. The cyclone made it necessary that some work should be done and while at it, all the machinery was overhauled. Charles McCune and W. W. Shockey did the repairing. The entire damage to the plant here will amount to about four hundred dollars. The machinery will be started to-day.

MONTICELLO *Independent*: "At the meeting of the city council, Tuesday night, the proposition of the Decatur people to erect electric light and gas works was referred to the ordinance committee with orders to draft an ordinance to fit the case and requiring a $10,000 bond for the faithful performance of the work. If the Decatur people mean business, now is their chance. We shall give them hearty welcome."

Death of Grant Hockaday.

From Saturday's Daily.

R. G. Hockaday, aged 28 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Hockaday, died of pneumonia this morning at 1:30 o'clock at his home near Forsyth, after a brief illness, leaving a young widow, three brothers, Frank, James and Guy Hockaday, and four sisters, Mrs. Frank Huddleston, Mrs. Will Wyckoff, Ticie and Grace Hockaday. A week ago yesterday Grant was exposed in the storm while handling horses and then contracted the disease which ended in his death. Deceased was a popular and industrious young man. He was a member of the Methodist church at Emery, of Starlight Lodge, 245, Knights of Pythias, Forsyth, and of the Good Templars Lodge at Forsyth.

Albert Winslow's Malady.

From Saturday's Daily.

Deputy Sheriff Midkiff was called to Warrensburg last night to take in charge Albert Winslow, son of James Winslow, who is mentally unbalanced, and had frightened everybody by threatening to kill the people and burn the house. Joseph Brown and other neighbors assisted in keeping the young man quiet. Mr. Midkiff brought the young man to Decatur to-day. He will be returned to the Kankakee Asylum for further treatment. A year ago he was discharged from that institution as cured.

Death of Florence Reed.

Miss Florence, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John O. Reed, died Thursday, at her home, two miles south of Decatur, aged 21 years, 8 months and 1 day, of tuberculosis of the knee joint. She has long been a sufferer from this disease. She was a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. The funeral will take place Sunday morning at 11 o'clock from Salem church, Rev. W. L. Bankson officiating.

A Speaker Selected.

The committee composed of Drs. Walston and Spalding and Hon. W. F. Calhoun have selected Rev Ernest Oneal as the speaker for Memorial Day, and the gentleman has agreed to deliver the oration on that occasion.

Will Speak at Rockford.

The special committee at the G. A. R. encampment at Springfield yesterday engaged Hon. W. F. Calhoun of this city, to deliver the address at Rockford, Ill., on Memorial Day, May 30th.

Married at Macon.

From Thursday's Daily.

Doc LeGour of this city, and Miss Eva Spillman of Macon, were united in marriage last evening at Macon, Rev. Ilsley officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Degore will reside in Decatur.

Death on Monroe Street.

From Friday's Daily.

The six weeks old son of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Currant died last night at 11:30 at the residence, No. 562 North Monroe street, of kidney disease.

VERDICT OF THE JURY.

William B. Hunter Found Guilty on Fifteen Counts For Election Fraud.

The Penalty is a Fine Not Exceeding $1,000, or Jail Sentence Not More Than One Year, or Both, in the Discretion of the Court—Motion for a New Trial—General Approval of the Verdict, Which Was Unanimous—Hunter at Liberty Under $1,000 Bail.

From Thursday's Daily.

The long-drawn-out trial of William B. Hunter in the circuit court on a charge of fraudulently marking tickets of electors at the Mt. Zion election in the spring of 1891, while serving as a judge, thus electing himself supervisor over D. C. Davidson, Republican, came to an end this morning at 8:30 o'clock, when the jury returned a verdict of guilty against the defendant on fifteen of the eighteen counts set up in the indictment.

HUNTER UNMOVED.

Hunter, the defendant, occupied a chair near the attorneys' table when the jury marched in and the verdict was read. Near him were a number of his political and personal friends, including those who had stood by him during the trial, and had advised his counsel. The reading of the verdict by Judge Vail did not affect Hunter. He was apparently unmoved. Friends and the curious glanced at him to note his manner, but he kept his eyes directed upon the judge. The language of the verdict was brief and to the point. The finding in brief was that W. B. Hunter is guilty in manner and form, as charged in the indictment, on the following counts: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 18—total 15. Not guilty on counts 6, 8 and 17. The court will fix the punishment, which as prescribed in the statute, is a fine on each count not exceeding $1000, or imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or both, as the court may determine. In the beginning of the trial the 8th count was quashed because the name of Hunter did not appear in one part of the indictment. The 17th count had reference to Chris. Kruse and his ballot. Kruse's right name is John Christopher Kruse. The court in his instructions held that Hunter could not be convicted on that count because the name was not written correctly. The same defect was noted in the 6th count, as to Jud. Traughber, the name not being written in full.

THANKS TO THE JURY.

Judge Vail took occasion to return the thanks of the court to the jurymen for their uniform good behavior and attention during their protracted confinement, and then discharged them for the term.

MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL.

There was something of an awkward pause after the jury had disappeared. The court glanced at a page of the Illinois Statute, possibly with a view of refreshing his memory as to the penalty to be inflicted. Then, as counsel for defense had nothing to say, he inquired if the defense desired to enter a motion for a new trial. Attorney Johns, who had been in consultation with Attorney Schroll (Mr. Buckingham was not in court), arose and entered a motion for a new trial and arrest of judgment. There was some talk about fixing a time to hear the argument on the motion, and the court finally decided to fix the time later. The court asked for the indictment to learn the amount of Hunter's bond, which is $1000. He considered that sufficient and then without ceremony turned to an injunction case on the civil docket. That was notice to all parties interested that there would be nothing further done at present. State's Attorney Mills and Attorney A. H. Mills were in court until the end, but Mr. Ewing, who had assisted in the prosecution, was not present.

Mr. Hunter and his friends retired from the court room for consultation. At the foot of the court house stairway, on the sidewalks and in adjacent stores, the verdict was generally discussed, and, barring those who permitted their prejudices to control them, the finding of the jury was generally approved. There seems to be a feeling current that Hunter in the end may make public a statement; but possibly its appearance will be delayed until after the appellate and supreme courts pass upon his case, provided the case is appealed.

A PROMPT VERDICT.

The jury was given the case at 9:25 last night, and retired with all the documents submitted in evidence to the jury room, with Foreman Elliott in charge of the instructions, marked ballots, the box and all papers. Without delay the jury proceeded to business in the jury room. They first read over every line of the instructions given by the court, page by page, and shortly before one o'clock a vote was taken on the guilt or innocence of Hunter. The ballot was counted and it was found to be unanimous on the question of guilt. There was no other ballot taken. The three counts mentioned above were thrown aside, and all agreed that Hunter was guilty on the 15 counts. During the entire trial and while making up the verdict there was not a word of talk on politics among the jurymen. They might have thought of Hunter as a Democrat, but they did not discuss the political phases of the case at any time. The jurymen were made up of seven Republicans and five Democrats, as follows: W. B. Elliott, foreman; E. B. Smith, Levi Cross, B. F. Miller, Marshall Wallace, William Pettyjohn, F. Benton, D. L. Vigus, W. E. White, Frank L. Stevenson, W. C. Pluck and Ben L. Howenstine. All are married men except one. The jurymen were confined for two weeks, two members for sixteen days. All looked greatly relieved when they marched out of the court room and started for their separate homes to be introduced to their families and friends. A chat with members of the jury reveals the fact that in the minds of the jury there was no shadow of doubt as to the guilt of Hunter, especially after the defense brought in the sample figures from a lawyer's office. Then they felt convinced that Hunter was guilty.

INSTRUCTIONS.

The instructions of Judge Vail to the jury were fair for both sides. Those who heard them read last night readily admitted that there was no cause for complaint on the part of the defendant. Considerable stress was laid upon the nature of circumstantial evidence and what constitutes reasonable doubt. The jury was to be the sole judge of the manner and credibility of witnesses and come to their own conclusions.

ARGUMENTS.

The arguments of counsel in the case were heard during yesterday afternoon and last night, and every attorney put forth his best effort. The People were confident of success, as they felt that the chain of circumstantial evidence presented by the prosecution was not only not broken at any point, but was strengthened in the cross-examination of witnesses presented by the defense. Hon. C. A. Ewing made a strong address for the People in opening the case. Attorneys Johns and Buckingham followed for Hunter, and they covered the whole case in the interest of the defendant. In no case have either Buckingham or Johns ever worked harder to save a man from conviction, and in their addresses both made the strongest appeals possible to make under the circumstances. Mr. Buckingham in his talk got in the fact that Hunter had been elected collector in Mt. Zion township on Tuesday by a majority of 10, but he failed to inform the jury how the election of Hunter was accomplished. The court room was crowded at night when State's Attorney Mills made the closing argument. He made a careful review of the testimony on both sides, paying special attention to the Brewer and Maden ballots, and also referred to the possible guilt of other Mt. Zion people in the fraud. The address was one of the most effective and powerful Mr. Mills has ever delivered in any criminal prosecution, and the result in this celebrated case is another triumph for his skill and genius, as well as that of his associate, Mr. Ewing. Both gentlemen are to-day receiving congratulations on the gratifying termination of the trial, the verdict being notice to all "fine workers" that despite politics justice can be had in a Macon county court, and that in future all tampering with the ballot-box in any district in Macon county, Mt. Zion in particular, must stop.

Judge Vail adjourned court until Monday forenoon at 8:30 o'clock.

ENTERED INTO REST.

Death of Grandma Fuller in the 90th Year of Her Age.

From Thursday's Daily

Maria P. Fuller, widow of Cyril Fuller and mother of Charles H. Fuller, died at the home of her son on West William street at 4 o'clock this morning. Mrs. Fuller reached the age of 90 years on April 1, and has long been connected with the history of Decatur, especially with that of St. John's church, of which she was a faithful communicant. Beautifully developed in the graces of christian character, earnest in her convictions and loyal in her utterance of them, hers was indeed a christian old age. Deceased was born in Manchester, Vt., in 1801; was married to Cyril Fuller in 1823; was confirmed by the Bishop of Vermont as a member of the Episcopal church in 1824. She came to Decatur from Ohio, where herself and husband had been greatly interested in establishing the Episcopal church at an early period. Mrs. Fuller and her husband were identified with the organization of St. John's church in this city. Her husband was the first senior warden, faithfully filling that office for more than 20 years. It will be seen that the life of Grandma Fuller marks an epoch in the history of St. John's parish, covering as it does, the life of the parish in the old church. Had she lived until the 19th day of April she would have witnessed the opening of the new and beautiful church edifice.

It is said that the young life, with all the joys and hopes about it, is a prophesy. The Christian old age the Divine fulfillment. Truly, it was so with her. Surrounded by those who loved her and cared tenderly for her welfare, the last years of her life have been serenely passed in contemplating spiritual things, and enjoying the friendship and love of those who have been associated with her during the years of her life in our city. Mrs. Fuller was the mother of two sons, one of whom, Charles H. Fuller, survives

Convicted.

Rev. J. W. Phillips, chaplain of the Chester penitentiary at Chester, and a member of the Alton Methodist district, was convicted at Alton last night for improper intimacy with Mrs. J. M. Laird of East St. Louis. Elder O. H. Clark of Lebanon, and R. G. Woodey of Belleville, prosecuted Phillips, and Rev. M. D. Hawes of Decatur, and J. A. Robinson of Brighton, appeared for the defendant.

The Handsomest

Embroideries and Torchon Laces ever before shown in this market at

Linn & Scruggs D. G. & C. Co.

THE JACK GOLDEN WEDDING.

Quiet Celebration of a Rare Event on Prairie Avenue.

From Friday's Daily.

Colonel and Mrs. Joseph Jack, united in marriage fifty years ago April 7th, celebrated their golden wedding last night at their home on Prairie avenue in the presence of sixty relatives and friends. It was a quiet but happy occasion which had been looked forward to with happy anticipations by the elderly couple, their children and grandchildren. The home was embellished in yellow flowers, the narcissus and jonquil predominating. The children of the couple, all living, were present, and all of the grandchildren were in attendance except four young men who are at college. All of Mrs. Jack's brothers and sisters were among the guests, and Colonel Jack's only brother, now 80 years of age and still in active business as president of a bank, was present. It was indeed a family reunion and an occasion long to be remembered. The celebration dinner was served at seven o'clock, the table being set in gold and white. Mrs. Jack presented the bride's cake, the pound cake of fifty years ago, made by the hostess herself. At the close of the feast there were several toasts proposed which brought forth happy and touching responses. William Jack of Peoria was the toastmaster.

THE VISITORS.

Those present from out of the city were: Hon. John W. Herron and wife, Cincinnati, O.; Hon. William Jack, Hollidaysburg, Pa.; Mrs. Nannie Hurst; Washington, Pa., Rev. S. J. Niccolls, D D. and wife, St. Louis, Mo.; John Jack, Chicago; Mrs. E. J. Neilson, Wilkinsburg, Pa.; Mrs. Lida Booth, Toledo, O., C. F. Warden and daughter, Anna, Greensburg, Pa.

William A. Herron and two children, William Jack and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jack, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Grier, Mr. and Mrs. J. T Neilson, Colonel J. D. and Mrs. McClure, Misses Sallie, Emily, Jennie, and Bessie Jack, Miss Isabel Grier, Masters William, Frank, and Will Jack and Hartley Clarke, all of Peoria, who came over in a special coach on the Terre Haute & Peoria railway.

This morning at 9 o'clock Mrs. T. T. Roberts served an elaborate wedding breakfast and at 1 o'clock this afternoon luncheon was served at the Colonel Jack home.

A WEDDING BREAKFAST.

Mrs. T. T. Roberts served an elaborate breakfast this morning to the relatives who were present last evening at the golden wedding anniversary of Col. and Mrs. Jack. The was repast served in seven courses and there were present forty relatives. The party arose from breakfast at 10 o'clock, after singing "Auld Lang Syne" in chorus. A large number of the party departed to-day for their respective homes.

BELL—BOTHEL.

A Quiet Marriage on North Union Street.

Edward Bell and Miss Nellie Bothel were united in marriage last evening at 8 o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Bothel, No. 1124 North Union street, Rev. James Miller of the First M. E. church, officiating. The ceremony was witnessed by only a few of the more intimate friends and relatives of the contracting parties. Mrs Bell, the mother, and two sisters of Mr Bell, came from Chicago to be present at the ceremony. Other guests were Mr. and Mrs. Joe Stout, Miss Lida Wellington, Miss Williams, Linn Williams, and J. E. Bothel and wife. An elegant wedding supper was served.

The groom is the well-known clerk at the Central House and is extremely popular among his associates, and is a young man of polished manners, enjoying the acquaintance of hosts of friends both in business and social circles who will extend to Ed and his fair bride their best wishes for their future happiness.

Death of Mrs. Sam Clark

From Friday's Daily.

At Tilton yesterday, at the family residence after a lingering illness, Mrs. Catharine Clark, beloved wife of Mr. Samuel Clark, passed away in death Mr. Clark is a Wabash engineer and is well known in this city. Mrs. Clark leaves to mourn her loss besides her husband, four children, three boys and one girl, and her mother, father and two sisters residing at Tolono, Ill., besides a host of friends and relatives. The funeral will take place from the Catholic church at Tolono on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock.

Taken to Chicago

Last night Harry Hunnelwright left for Chicago, taking with him a spirited pair of Regalia three year olds that can go a mile in less than three minutes. The span are the property of R. E. Pratt who will drive them over the boulevards in Chicago and go ahead of all owners of speedy horses. The Regalias are stylish and active, and will not fail to attract admiring attention in the World's Fair city.

MARRIED.

March 7th, near Cerro Gordo, Henry Brenneman of Orrville, Ohio, and Miss Clara Keifer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Keifer.

DIED.

Nellie, the 5-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Kizer, at 9 o'clock Wednesday night, of a complication of diseases, at her home in Bement.

Go to Fisher & Long's and see their large stock of Farm Implements.

March 24-w1m

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

Entered at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

It is reported that Secretary Blaine has through mutual friends secured from Mrs James G. Blaine, jr., a promise not to make public the letters of James G. Blaine, jr.

A grand reunion of ex-confederate soldiers took place last week at New Orleans. It is said some 60,000 men were present and that they enjoyed the memory of the lost cause.

Hon. William R Morrison has made up his mind that Palmer shall not have the Illinois delegation, and to defeat his anticipations is bringing the Illinois Democracy back to Cleveland.

It might be well for the *H-D* to name the Republican nominee for alderman that would not be able to take care of the "city's business" as well as any one of the nonpartisan Democrats who are candidates

New York *Press* Senator Palmer of Illinois might as well abandon all hope of winning the Democratic nomination for President. He has nothing to commend him but an honorable past, and it is a Republican past at that

President Harrison seems to have made up his mind that he would rather fail of renomination than submit to Quay's dictation Once he has made up his mind it is not likely that the mutual friend will be of much avail. The President, evidently, "would rather be right than be (twice) president."

Two Connecticut families have been poisoned by drinking butter milk that stood in a tin can. On the theory that the Keeley institute has been sued for damages where a case or two happened to die while under treatment or shortly after being dismissed, the friends of the butter milk victims should sue the cow

The effort of the fellows who have not conducted the private business of the present administration are having a hard time reviving the Blaine boom to defeat Harrison There are some bosses the Republican party can get along without and a few of them have not yet discovered that fact. The people will renominate Harrison and in doing it the self appointed boss who gets in the way will suffer for his folly

The reciprocity arrangement with Spain relating to our trade with Cuba under the reciprocity provision of the McKinley act continues to be profitable to our farmers From the 1st of January to March 1, 1892, the imports of flour into Havana, compared with the corresponding period in 1891, was as follows First two months of 1891, 5753 bags from America, and 56,235 bags from Europe, first two months in 1892, 83 613 bags from America, and 100 bags from Europe The law that does this for our farmers is the law that the Democratic party wants repealed

We have an idea that Congressman Owen Scott's constituents will read him a protection lecture that he will be able to understand —*Peoria Transcript.*

"Thats what!" the Fourteenth Congressional District is not again to be deceived by the free trade liar Its people realize the value of protection and the wisdom of the McKinley law. They propose to build some beet sugar factories under the law and will see that they are not represented in congress after the Fourth of March 1893, by a man who goes out of his way to kick at the sugar beet, a new farm product, and cheap sugar

Trying to Escape Justice

Hunter has had a fair trial and has been convicted on the evidence. Upon the declaration of Hunter and his friends in the early stages of the contest last June, to the effect that all they desired was to discover the person guilty of the crime, if a crime had been committed, Mr Hunter should not complain. The end he declared he desired to obtain has been reached. A jury of his peers, far above the average jury in intelligence, without the least friction and without a reasonable doubt in the mind of a single juror, has found him guilty.

It seems, however, that Hunter is not satisfied with the result. He and his friends attempted to create the suspicion that Charles Fletcher and his friends in some mysterious way were guilty of bringing about the condition in which the ballots were Having some doubts of being able to smirch the character of Mr. Fletcher, they sought to load it on the grave of John Wonscott, but they failed in both efforts to furnish a scape goat for Hunter, and he was convicted. But Hunter and his friends do not seem willing to accept the result of a fair and impartial trial, and are now engaged in an effort to defeat the verdict of the jury

We do not mean to say that Mr Hunter has no legal right to do these things, but in face of the splendid boasts he made, that all he desired was justice, he ought to allow justice to take its course. The evidence, including his own figures, clearly show him to have been the person who fraudulently marked the ballots Much is said about ... in exercising his right of suffrage to be deplored, we have no disposition to demand that Hunter be persecuted, but he ought to be punished, that ... who may be disposed to tamper with the rights of free American citizens must answer for their crimes to the people

To Whom It May Concern.

Notice is hereby given that I have ... my application for a pardon ... at Springfield, Ill ...

WILLIAM E W...

[illegible]

The Duty on Farm Products

In the campaign of 1890 the Democratic party and such professional F M. B. A men as Moore, Thompson and Boles ridiculed the duty fixed by the McKinley law on the products of the farm and charged that these things were done to deceive the farmers. These men, probably, were not broad enough to know what benefit our farmers would receive from the new law, but they did know that the duties in the new law upon farm products were not put into the law to deceive the American farmers, but were put there at the earnest solicitation of the Master of the National Grange and other prominent agriculturalists, who appeared before McKinley's committee in the interest of the agricultural classes.

That these men knew what they were doing and were acting in the interest of the farmer, and not as Moore, Thompson and Boles were, in their own interests and that of the Democratic party, is proven by a year's experience with the law. We do not propose to urge the beneficial effects of that law to the farmer from the general provisions of the law, but from the specific protection duties placed upon farm products by it. These duties have practically shut the Canadian farmer out of the New England market and have given that market to the farmers of the west. This has been done to such an extent that the result has been seriously felt in Canada. An ex-member of Parliament, F. L Thibaudeau, speaking of the exodus of Canadians to the United States, which he facetiously refers to as a species of annexation, says

We may sneer at or ignore the annexation of Canada, but all the while the Canadian people by train loads, are, as individuals, annexing themselves to the United States. These emigrants are, almost without exception farmers. They desert Canada because they are being taxed out of existence. The McKinley bill has limited our market and our farmers are not yet accustomed to the new order of things The government gives no heed to this It imagines or assumes that the country is better off without these discontented people who move to the United States"

According to the demagogue who regards our farmers with a well committed tale of woe, the farmers of this country are in a deplorable condition, worse, indeed, than the farmers of any other country, that all legislation has been against them These falsehoods are exploded by the above facts outlined by a Canadian statesman. The Canadian farmer seeks the United States to better his condition, and the possibility of bettering his condition is opened by a protective tariff which in the past thirty years has made the American farmer independent and respectable.

The *Review* does the Republican injustice when it says this paper would deny the right of appeal to W B. Hunter The Republican does no such thing The law gives him that right, but did not Hunter waive that right and also the *Review* for him when they declared that all Mr. Hunter desired was justice. This declaration was repeatedly made last June pending the election contest

The evidence then showed he was trying to hold on to an office obtained by fraud and he was deposed, and the rightfully elected man was put into the position. Hunter has been tried, and upon the evidence has been promptly found guilty, by a jury of his peers, of having committed the fraud, by which he sought to secure the office of supervisor of Mt Zion township Full justice has been done, and having invoked it at the first, the Republican thinks if Hunter was honest when he did so, he ought to accept justice and not seek to evade punishment by the technicalities of the law which are in most cases at variance with justice. It seems that justice is what Hunter does not want, and when he was outwordly pleading for it he was inwardly forming schemes to evade it.

Not Gone.

There are still over 200 pairs of fine shoes great bargains—left at Powers' Shoe Store. Others have been making money by buying shoes at the great reduction, why don't you? 12 d&wtf

L D Baker, of Oarga, while passing between his residence and Mr Vandervort's lost $2.50 He offers $50 reward for the return of the money.

Remember a Benefactor.

Mrs James A Garfield called upon the President in the interest of an applicant for appointment to a consulate. Influential politicians had appealed to the president in behalf of the applicant without succeeding in getting a promise that the appointment would be made; but the wife of the ex-President made an irresistible appeal and secured a promise that it should be made according to her wish. The case is peculiar and interesting. The applicant is a son of Cyrus W Field of the same name as his father At this time the elder Field is practically a bankrupt through the crookedness of another son. When Garfield died Cyrus W. Field was worth millions, and he started a fund for the maintainance and education of the Garfield children. The sum aggregated $300 000, and has been judiciously invested in Mrs Garfield's name.

When Mrs Garfield, who was in Washington visiting her daughter, heard that the son of her benefactor was an applicant for a modest appointment, she went, unsolicited, to the President and plead as her excuse for coming the fact that Cyrus W. Field was his benefactor, and she called the President's attention to the fact that she had not asked him before for any favors either for herself or her friends, and declared that if the President would grant this one request she would never ask him for another favor

It is consoling, in this world where there is so much disappointment on account of the failure of those who should be our friends in time of adversity, to see this woman, who was once the first woman in the land, respond to the better angel of her nature and with swift feet hurry to aid one whose father had helped her in the hour of her need There is no greater virtue than that of gratitude. "It hides a multitude of sins"

James McOrens was arrested in Urbana while in the act of robbing freight cars.

For Bilious Attacks

heartburn,
sick headache,
and all disorders of
the stomach, liver,
and bowels,

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

are the
safest, surest,
and most popular
medicine for
family use.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.
Lowell, Mass.

ANDERSON WILKES 4197.

4 Year old race record 2 22¼
Sire of Jack Sheppard 4 year old, race record 2 2 ½
Sired by Onward, 2 25¼ sire of 62 in the 2 30 list
1st Dam—Magnet, 2 33¼, by Strathmore 408, sire of 42 others in the 2 30 list
Anderson Wilkes is the only sire in Macon county with a record better than 2 30 that has produced a 30 performer
Terms—$1 0 00 for the season, with return privileges Will make season at Driving Park

General Jackson 8190.

Sired by Mamorino Patchen 58.
1st Dam—Grey Diana, by Administrator 357.
2d Dam—Bashaw Belle (dam of Strong Boy, 2 12, Carrie, 2 29¼, grandam of Manager, 3 year old, 2 11½) by Bashaw 50
3d Dam—Grey Mary, by St Louis 4th by Clay Trustee 5th by Tom Watson 6th by Medoc
General Jackson is a beautiful jet black horse 16 hands high and a grand individual
Terms —$35 00 to insure mare with foal Will make season at Driving Park

Adventurer (5482) 4364.

Bay colt 4 years old, sired by Top Gallant (1850) by Darnley (222), by Conqueror (199), by Lochfergus Champion 449, to Thompson's Black Horse (335)
This horse was considered the best that left Scotland in 1888, and was sired by one of the best in Scotland As a two year-old he served fourteen mares there at $52.50 each
Will make season at the Driving Park
Terms, $12 50 to insure living colt

McWilliam (7031) 4382.

Bay colt 3 years old, sired by the Great Mac Gregor (1487), by Darnley (222), by Conqueror (199) by Lochfergus (449), to Thompson's Black Horse (335)
At our farm 1¼ miles northwest of Macon Terms, $12 50 to insure living colt

D. W. BRENNEMAN & BRO.,

DECATUR, ILL

VILLAGE OF NIANTIC.

People's Ticket.	People's Ticket.
For President of Village Board of Trustees,	For President of Village Board of Trustees,
☐ WILLIAM R DINGMAN.	☐ J P. FARIS.
For Village Trustees,	For Village Trustees,
☐ RUFUS BLAKE.	☐ CHARLES CONNAGHAN.
☐ JOHN HENEBRY	☐ W C. JONES
☐ WALLER PRITCHETT	☐ GEORGE W. FARNAM.
For Village Clerk,	For Village Clerk,
☐ GEORGE D. KITCH	☐ W R KIZER
☐ FOR LICENSE	☐ FOR LICENSE.
☐ AGAINST LICENSE	☐ AGAINST LICENSE.

DR. FRUTH,

Of New York, the well known specialist in chronic diseases and diseases of the eye and ear, by request of many friends and patients, has decided to visit

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THURSDAY, MAY 5th, 1892

Consultation and examination free and confidential in his branch office, from 8 a m to 9 p. m. One day only

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.

DR. A. O. FRUTH,

PROFESSOR OF SURGERY IN THE PROVIDENT MEDICAL DISPENSARY

Ably assisted by a full staff of expert Specialists, treats with unparalleled success all *Chronic, Nervous, Skin, Blood* and surgical diseases upon the latest scientific principles He particularly invites all whose cases have been neglected or unskillfully treated

☞ Patients who are doing well under the care of their own physicians need not call on us, as our province is to treat those who cannot find relief otherwise

DR FRUTH, after years of experience, has perfected the most infallible method of curing Vital Drain in Urine, Impaired Memory, Weak Back, Melancholy, Weak Eyes, those terrible disorders arising from ruinous practices of youth, blighting the most radiant hopes, unfitting patient for business, study, society or marriage, annually sweeping to an untimely grave thousands of exalted talent and brilliant intellect.

Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Bright's Disease, Diabetes and kindred maladies treated and cures effected in thousands of cases that had been pronounced beyond hope and an examination of urine required in each case bring an ounce for chemical and microscopical examination.

Many die every year who might have been permanently cured had they placed their case in the hands of experts

Epilepsy or Fits positively cured by a new and never failing Hospital treatment

Curing of Piles Guaranteed Will give $1,000 for any case of failure

No Pay Until Cured

Diseases of the Nose, Throat and Lungs, Catarrh and hay fever are curable

Middle Aged or Old Men, who find their vitality and vigor weakened by results of old ... secure speedy benefit

Diseases of the Eye and Ear All operations performed without pain

Free Examination of Urine Bring Sample

Remarkable Cures perfected in cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated No experiments or failures If a case is incurable the patient will be informed so

Cases treated by mail or express, but personal consultation much preferred Cases and correspondence strictly confidential, and medicine sent to any part of the United States. List of questions free Western address

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THE ✻ FAIR

Cheapest House in Town

Come down Monday morning and see the Cut made in Prices. We must double our sales this year.

Wood Mashers, were 10c, CUT RATE, 5c
Rollingpins, were 10c, CUT RATE, 7c
Pound Butter Moulds, were 35c CUT RATE, 18c
Individual Butter Moulds, were 10c, CUT RATE, 5c
Folding Ironing Boards, were $1 00, CUT RATE, 75c
Spice Cabinets, were 98c, CUT RATE, 75c
Curtain Poles all complete, were 35c, CUT RATE, 23c
Clothes Wringers, were $2 25, CUT RATE, $1 98
Baking Powders, were 10c, CUT RATE, 7c
Square Dinner Buckets, were 45c, CUT RATE, 35c
Large Washpans, were 10c, CUT RATE, 8c
Patent Coffeepots were 60c, CUT RATE, 50c
Patent Coffeepots, were 75c, CUT RATE, 60c
Best coffee made in two minutes.
Plated Tablespoons, were 75c, CUT RATE, 50c
Plated Teaspoons, were 35c, CUT RATE, 20c
Plated Knives and Forks, were $1 85, CUT RATE, $1,50
Plated Knives and Forks, 60c a set, CUT RATE, 45c
Large Mirror, 75c, Cut Rate, 59c
Teacups and Saucers, 60c, Cut Rate, 45c
Dinner Plates, 50c per set, Cut Rate, 38c
Chamber Set, Moss Rose, $3 00, Cut Rate, $2 48
Hobby Horses, $1 00, Cut Rate, 65c
Child's Desk, $1 00 Cut Rate, 65c
Steel Engravings, $1 25, Cut Rate, 98c
Lamp Chimneys, 8c Cut Rate, 5c
5 bottle Plated Castor, $1 25, " 98c
Berry Dishes, 15c Cut Rate, 10c
Child's Glass Mugs, 5c Cut Rate, 3c
Bread Plates, 15c Cut Rate, 10c
Water Pitchers, 35c Cut Rate, 19c
5c Handkerchiefs 3 for 10c
Toilet Soaps, per cake 4c

No difference what other houses ask you for these goods our prices will be cheaper. WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

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—OF—

Weaver & Lewis.

DECATUR, FRIDAY, APRIL 29th.

The Foremost Show of All this World in all its Regal Splendor

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COOK & WHITBY

COLOSSAL ENGLISH CIRCUS,

Museum and Menagerie,

—ALLIED WITH—

✻ America's Racing Association. ✻

50 Cages of Rare and Valuable Animals!
A Herd of Elephants!
A Drove of Camels!
100 Acts! 20 Aerial Artists!
50 Acrobats and Gymnasts!
30 Hurricane Riders!
3 Grand Military Bands!
A Regiment of Clowns!
THE FINEST HORSES OF ANY SHOW ON EARTH!

Enough Trained Animals Alone to Equip a Big Menagerie.

IN OUR THREE RINGS,

TWO ELEVATED STAGES,

—AND—

Half-Mile Hippodrome Track.

You will see everything you ever saw before at a Circus but more that has never been presented to the American public by any show, excepting this

Unequaled! Unsurpassable!

An Exhibition, in Sublimity and Grandeur, Never to be Forgotten

E. G. ALLEN & BRO.,

138 to 144 East Wood St.

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CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES

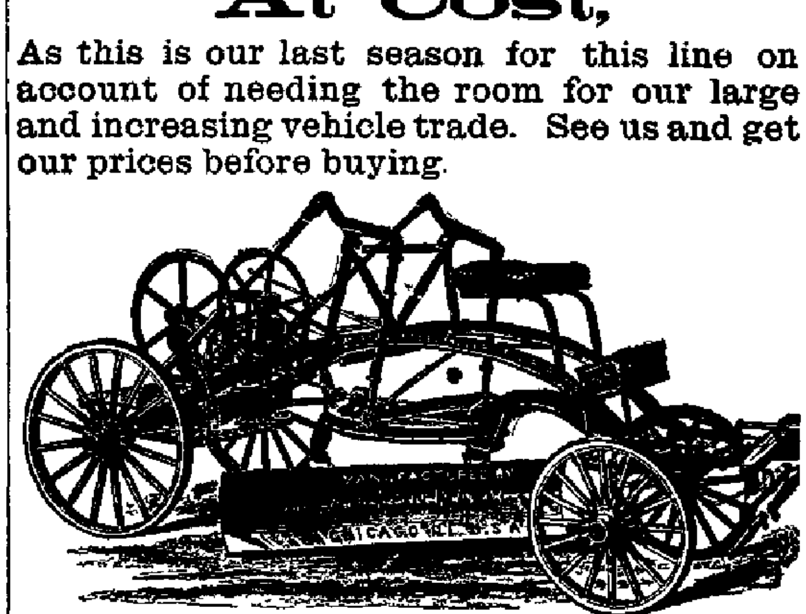
Ever shown it this city, and we are offering them at LOW PRICES.

We will sell out our line of

FARM MACHINERY

At Cost,

As this is our last season for this line on account of needing the room for our large and increasing vehicle trade. See us and get our prices before buying.



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FOR BUILDING COUNTRY ROADS,—working streets in cities,—building ditches,—cuts down banks,—works in either direction on **SAME SIDE OF ROAD,**—easy of operation,—light draft,—embracing many very desirable points of advantage over all competitors. It is unquestionably the best road machine on earth **SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT. SAVING IN COST COMPARED WITH PLOWS AND SCRAPERS.**

See us for GRADERS, WHEEL AND DRAG SCRAPERS, ROAD PLOWS and all kinds of Earth-Moving Machinery. Also a full line of WELL-BORING MACHINERY.

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East Wood street, between South Water and Main.

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CARPETS!

Goblin's, Axminsters, Body Brussels, Tapestry Brussels, 3-ply Ingrains, Damascus, Lowell Extra-Supers, Cotton Chain Extra-Supers, Venetians, Union Ingrains, Cotton Extras, Rag Carpets, Art Squares, Rugs, Mats, all grades Mattings, Oil Cloths, Linoleums. The whole line cheaper than ever known before.

OUR WALL-PAPER STOCK was never so complete as at this time. A full corps of paper hangers in attendance. Satisfaction guaranteed. LOUIS ABEL, Managing Decorator.

ABEL'S CARPET HOUSE

SPRING IS ADVANCING.

It is high time to think about buying Shoes. You cant wear your old shoes under your rubbers much longer. If you see some of our styles in

SLIPPERS AND SHOES

you will forthwith want a pair. The prices are low enough to tempt anybody. The goods are attractive enough to suit the most exacting. The time to buy is now and the place is at the great

FERRISS & LAPHAM SHOE STORE,

148 East Main Street.

REMARKABLE VALUE

IN

HOSIERY.

Boxes Ladies' Fast Black Hose, 8½c, 10c, 12½c a pair.

Ladies' Imported Seamless Black Hose, 20c a pair.

Ladies' Fast Black Hose, High Spliced Heel, fine, 25c a pair.

Extra Heavy and Fine Quality Black Hose, 3 pairs for $1.00, regular 50c quality.

Ladies' finest Maco Cotton Hose, with Linen Thread, fast and high spliced heel, extra long, 50c a pair.

Ladies fast black hose, white feet, 30c, 35c and 50c.

Ladies' fast black Opera Hose, 50c a pair.

Ladies' fancy Stripe Cotton Hose, 20c to 50c.

Ladies' solid colored Maco Cotton and Lisle Thread Hose, 35c to 50c.

Complete line of Silk Hose, 95c to $3 a pair.

Children's fast black Ribbed Hose, 8c and 10c a pair.

Boys' Ribbed fast black Hose, seamless foot, all sizes, 15c.

Boys Heavy Ribbed Bicycle Hose, spliced knee, 25c a pair.

Extra fine quality Maco Cotton Hose for girls, close ribbed, double knee and high spliced heel, sizes 5, 5½, 6, 6½, 7, 7½, 8, 8½, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c.

Infants' Hose, 4 to 5½, in Cotton, Cashmere and Silk.

VESTS.

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Vests, 10c, 15c, 18c, 25c, 35c and 50c.

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed, Long Sleeve, Lisle Vests, 50c.

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Silk Vests, 69c each.

A complete line of Children's Swiss Ribbed and Gauze Vests, 8c to 50c each.

Bradley Bros.

Agents Jouvin Kid Gloves and Hemingway Silks.

The Presbyterians.

From Wednesday's Daily.

The Presbytery of Springfield in session at Springfield is largely attended. Last night at the opening of the meeting Dr. Penhallegon delivered the sermon, which is spoken of as follows by the *Journal:*

The sermon of the evening was preached by Rev. Dr. W. H. Penhallegon, of Decatur. He took for his subject "The Golden Rule." He spoke of reciprocity, and said the idea was the same as that advanced by Christ over 1800 years ago. He said individuals should be governed by this principle. Rev. Dr. Penhallegon drew two pictures—one of the great prosperity of this country, and the wretchedness and misery existing in heathen countries. He applied the theory of reciprocity to the case and advocated its principles.

After the sermon Rev. W. F. Gibson, of Maros, was elected moderator, and Rev. C. G. Carson, of Athens, and R. P. Lytle, of Decatur, temporary clerks.

The meeting of the Woman's Home missionary society was held yesterday. During the year the society has raised a total of $3,518 31, of which sum $1,095.50 came from Springfield. Mrs. Penhallegon read a paper on "Our Foreign Population," showing that we should have sympathy for these people, as we are in reality all foreigners.

The following ladies were elected officers for the ensuing year: Miss Emerson Glover of Jacksonville, president; Mrs. Cornelia Reed Brown, Mrs. L. H. Wilson of Springfield, Mrs. May Rannels of Pisgah and Mrs. W. H. Penhallegon of Decatur, vice-presidents; Mrs. C. M. Duer of Jacksonville, secretary; Mrs. Clinton Conkling of Springfield, treasurer, and Mrs. Dr. H. F. Carriel of Jacksonville, recording secretary.

ATTENTION, NIMRODS.

The State Will Enforce the Game Laws.

Game Warden M. B. Bortree makes the following statement: "The law permitting the hunting of wild ducks geese and brant expires next Friday, April 15. Any person violating the laws will be prosecuted if known. The hunting and killing of any of the following birds is strictly prohibited in this state at all times: Robin, blue bird, swallow, martin, mosquito hawk, whippoorwill, cuckoo, woodpecker, cat bird, brown thrush, red bird, dove, goldfinch, blue jay, finch, thrush, lark, sherry bird, yellow bird, oriole, bobolink. The penalty for each offense is $5. Robbing the nests of these birds is also prohibited."

Bicycle Thief Caught.

A week ago to-day a $90 bicycle, the property of Ed. Dinwiddie, was stolen from the hall in Gross's hotel on South Water street. To day the thief is in jail at Springfield, Mo., caught through the clever detective work of Marshal Mason. At the time the wheel disappeared suspicion rested upon Carl Shidler, who was hanging about the hotel. He was traced to Boody, to which town he had ridden the wheel the night of the theft. It was learned that the wheel had been expressed to one John Dickson, at Springfield, Mo, and Mason telegraphed to have the man who should call for the wheel arrested. To-day a message came to Mason that Shidler was in custody. This afternoon Mason left for Springfield, Mo., to bring back the prisoner and the wheel.

Big Circus Coming.

The celebrated English circus will exhibit in Decatur Friday, April 29th. Said an exchange:

The Cook & Whitby English Circus and Menagerie which exhibited here yesterday was a revelation to our people, of the possibilities of a genuine Old World Circus, and makes our well known and hackneyed shows seem very shabby and poor indeed by comparison. High class equestrian and athletic exhibitions in the three rings and two elevated stages, new and never dreamed of by our American showmen, followed each other in bewildering succession, amazing and confounding the immense audience, while the numerous clown acts interspersed, would throw them into convulsions of laughter and merriment. We cannot praise Cook & Whitby too highly. Two balloon ascensions.

The President.

BY FRED J. SMITH.

He has proved himself a statesman,
Honest, wise and bold
And is respected by the people
Of the new world and the old.

He made Italy take water,
And Chilliburn pale,
And when the British lion roared
He twisted its ugly tail.

He is of a race of heroes,
Like the man of forty, brave and true,
Who whipped the British armies
And their savage allies too.

With him for our leader
We will boldly take our stand;
To protect the men who labor
In this free and happy land.

They may talk of Grover Cleveland
And laud him to the skies,
And get some wool of Springer
To blind the people's eyes.

But the people remember well,
That under Democratic power,
The price for common labor
Was about five cents an hour.

Burnt His Hay.

Thirty-five tons of hay on Silas Rogan's farm, near Shelbyville, were burned by incendiaries last night. Rogan received a White Cap notice last week notifying him that if he did not desist from holding Sunday school in the neighborhood his property would be burned. He held Sunday school as usual and while he was at church the fire occurred. The White Caps are known and will be prosecuted.

MANY people who pride themselves on their blue blood would be far happier with pure blood; but, while we cannot choose our ancestors, fortunately, by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, we can transmit pure blood to our posterity.

FASTEST TIME ON RECORD.

A Quick Run from Chicago to St. Louis Over the Wabash.

There have been numerous instances recently of fast runs on Western lines, furnishing proof positive of superior power, roadbed and equipments and excellent management. The East cannot justly claim exclusive honors in this regard. Sunday the Wabash undertook to show Lillian Russell and her company of eighty-two people what could be done in the way of fast running. A special train made up of locomotive, baggage car, two chair cars, a parlor car and a dining car, with the distinguished actress and her company aboard, left the Wabash Dearborn street station, Chicago, at 11 a. m. and rolled into the St. Louis Union Depot at 5:18 p. m., covering the distance, 286 miles, in six hours and eighteen minutes, including nine stops and a delay of ten minutes caused by a hot box. The speed over some portions of the track deserves to go on record. From Forest to Sibley, twelve miles, the run was made in eleven minutes; from Bement to Decatur, twenty-one miles, in seventeen minutes; from Decatur to Litchfield, sixty two miles, in sixty-seven minutes, and from Litchfield to East St. Louis, forty-nine miles in forty-eight minutes and thirty seconds. From Chicago to Decatur the special was hauled by Wabash locomotive No. 151, with A. L. Padget at the throttle, and from Decatur to East St. Louis the hauling was done by locomotive No. 175, Lou Hart engineer. The train was in charge of Conductor E. H. Jones, and the parlor car, which was entirely new, was christened Lillian Russell, in honor of its first fair occupant, who gave her autograph in order that fac simile letters in gold might be enlarged and affixed to the center panel.

The World is Better for It.

The world is better because of such a remedy as Ballard's Snow Liniment, because this article relieves it of much pain and misery, and thus we are enabled to enjoy its bright side. It positively cures all forms of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Sick Headache, Lame Back, all Sores and Wounds, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Stiff Joints, Contracted Muscles, Poison, Eruptions, Corns, Weak Back, and all pain and inflammation on man or beast. Its the best because its the most penetrating. Beware of all white Liniments, which may be palmed off on you for Ballard's Snow Liniment. There is none like it. Sold by Swearingen & Tyler. 4-d&w

MR. JOHN D. MCCOY, of Columbus City, Io., and Miss Sadie D. Mates, of Homer, were married in Champaign last Friday.

Highway Commissioner's Report of Austin Township, Macon Co., Ill., for 1891.

1891.		
Mar. 31,	Balance on hand	$ 598 30
May 4,	Received from C. L. Hadley	110 00
Sept. 1,	Received from J. Rau	1 00
" 18,	Received from Co. Treas	238 05
Dec. 19,	Received from C. Williams	4 25
1892.		
Mar. 10,	Received from Jas. Mitchell, town collector	785 36
	Total	$1737 96
	EXPENDITURES.	
Apr. 17,	John Rau, road labor	$ 12 00
" 17,	C. Andrew, for tiling	1 50
May 7,	W. Kerwood, for road labor	2 50
" 14,	Hamsher & Calhoun, publishing report	4 50
" 20,	E. C. Bright, for road labor	2 50
June 1,	Chas. Albert, road labor	16 00
" 1,	E. O. McGee, road labor	1 50
" 1,	M. Baum, road labor	38 50
" 1,	C. L. Hadley, serving poll tax notice	10 00
" 1,	W. Heft, for tile	2 50
" 1,	J. S. Nowlin, outlet for tile	3 00
July 6	Scott Heft, road labor	1 50
" 6,	L. Lakin, for road labor	4 35
" 6,	M. B. Newman for road labor	1 15
Sept. 1,	To different parties for mowing road	105 60
Oct. 5,	Chas. Albert, road labor	24 00
Dec. 22,	T. L. Blackburn, for bridge	300 00
1892.		
Feb. 18,	J. Heiserman, for road labor	1 00
Mar. 17,	H. Rau, for road labor	1 50
" 17,	John Rau, com. as treas	25 25
" 17,	To Indiana Bridge Co.	605 76
	Total expenditures	$1165 66
	Balance on hand	$ 572 30

JOHN RAU, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of April A. D. 1892.

A. C. STEVENS, J. P. [L. S.]

TREASURER'S REPORT.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss.
MACON COUNTY. }

TOWN OF MILAM.

The following is a statement by C. H. Arnold, Treasurer of the town of Milam, in the County and State aforesaid, of the amount of public funds received and expended by him during the fiscal year just closed, ending on the 29th day of March, 1892, showing the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of said fiscal year, the amount of public funds received and from what sources received; the amount of public funds expended and for what purpose expended during said fiscal year ending as aforesaid.

AMOUNT RECEIVED OF COLLECTORS.

1891.		
July,	Received of H. C. Montgomery, delinquent road and bridge tax	$ 61 87
	Received delinquent road tax	35 66
1892.		
Mar. 15,	Received of C. M. Farnham, road tax	130 75
	Money on hand	1100 15
" 31,	Total receipts from all sources	$1528 43
	Expenditures	808 54
	Balance	$ 719 89

C. H. ARNOLD, Treasurer.

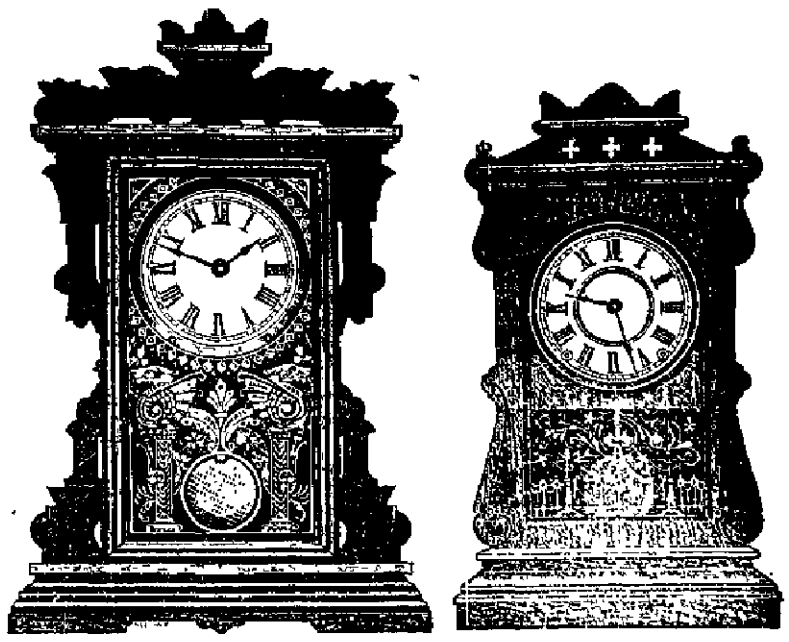
Health is Wealth!

DR. C. K. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa, caused by over exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

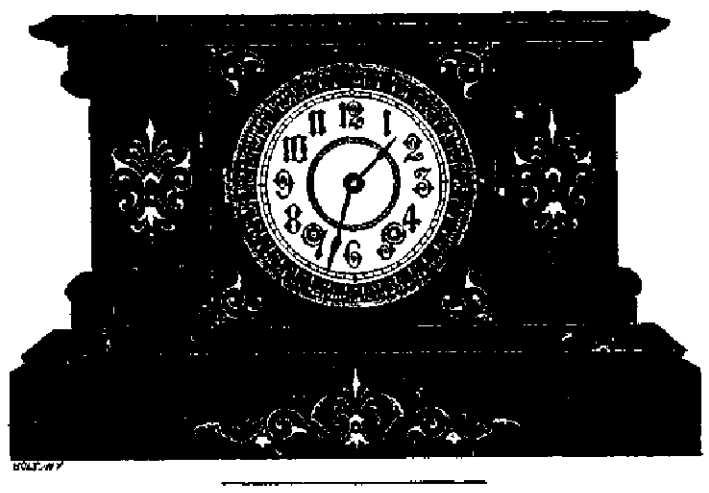
to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by A. J. Blair, druggist, 235 North Water St., Decatur, Illinois. mar31-dawtf

CLOCKS!



WE are carrying the greatest line of CLOCKS ever shown by any house in Decatur, all the Old Reliable SETH THOMAS make. We have them in all kinds of WOOD, ONYX, MARBLE, GLASS, NICKEL, and in fact in every style they are made.

This is the time of year you need a New Clock. We shall be glad to show you at any time.



OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.,

Second Floor, China Department.

Ladies' Oxfords, 75c.

Ladies' Oxfords, $1.00,

AT

BUSHER'S.

The Most Complete Line of All the Latest Styles of Oxfords shown in the city, and

LOWEST PRICES.

Short Horn Cattle & Southdown Sheep

AT

Fair Grounds, Springfield, Ill., May 4 and 5, 1892.

S. E. PRATHER will sell on May 4th about 40 short Horns—young Bulls, Cows and Heifers, Cruikshanks, Young Marys, Nelly Blys, etc., the grandest lot of young show things ever offered from the Riverdale Herd. On forenoon of same day Mr. Prather will sell about 100 head of Recorded Southdown Sheep—Rams, Ewes and Lambs—of choice breeding. At the same time J. F. PRATHER will sell a few grand young Cruikshank Bulls.

On May 5th, at same place, JOHN S. HIGHMORE and JOHN D. WATERS will sell about 50 Short Horns, young Bulls, Cows and Heifers, representing Young Mary, Rose of Sharon, Nelly Bly, Victoria and other families. The young things in these offerings comprise the best of their herds, including some extra good young Rose of Sharon bulls, and are animals of high merit.

Those wishing to secure animals for the show ring should attend these sales.

For particulars and catalogues, address,

JOHN S. HIGHMORE, Rochester, Ill. S. E. PRATHER, Springfield, Ill.
JOHN D. WATERS, Mechanicsburg, Ill. J. F. PRATHER, Williamsville, Ill.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

THE board of supervisors, it is to be hoped, will be strong enough Republican to make Republican appointments without offending anyone.

THE people of Iowa have contributed 3,600 tons of produce to aid the starving peasantry of Russia. The cash contributions in the United States amounted to $90,000.

OWEN SCOTT says, the Prohibition paper called the Voice lies when it charges that certain congressmen, which it names, including Mr. Scott, have been tippling at the house restaurant bar.

IF the Democrats had had a majority of one in the county board there would be no Republican appointees; they would not tolerate the presence of a June bug on the poor farm if he showed any Republican symptoms.

CAPTAIN CHRIS RATH, who hanged Mrs. Surratt and the other Lincoln conspirators in Washington, and has been mail agent for twenty years between Grand Rapids and Jackson, Mich., became insane Tuesday night, and will probably have to be committed to an asylum.

ILLINOIS is a Republican state. The alleged Democratic majority in 1890 was rendered on false issues, and has been grossly exaggerated in the Democratic newspapers. As to Senator John M. Palmer, the members of the legislature who voted for him at his election, represented less than a majority of the voters.

THE result of the election in Rhode Island is encouraging to the Republicans, and depressing to the Democrats. A majority of nearly 200 over all other parties is good; much better than many other states, both Democratic and Republican, in which the dominant party is unable to carry the state by more than a plurality.

THE Oregon Republicans have renominated Binger Hermann for member of congress, to represent the First District, and named W. R. Ellis, of Heppner, for congressman from the Second District. The platform says: "We indorse the amended coinage act of the last Republican congress, by which the entire production of the silver mines of the United States is added to the currency of the people."

WHEN it comes to passing pension bills the militia will have to be called out to get together a quorum of this Democratic House. In the three evening sessions that have been thus far held to consider pension bills not a single one has been passed. Buck Kilgore of Texas is always on hand to make the point of "no quorum." War claims of "loyal" citizens of the South get through, however, with no quorum voting and no one to object.

"THE carefully prepared estimate of the secretary of the interior showed," says the Indianapolis *Journal*, "that over $144,000,000 would be needed during the next fiscal year for pensions, but the Democratic house reduced the amount nearly $11,000,000. Either a lot of pensions will not be paid toward the close of the next fiscal year or a deficiency will be created to be provided for during the next session after the presidential election. This is the Holman statesmanship.

THE fact that the working people, farmers of England, keep coming to the United States to find homes, despite the report to Parliament that "there are now twenty-two million acres of productive land lying idle in England," tells its own story. It is the story of people leaving their own country because it is ruled by free trade and coming to the United States, ruled by protection, in order to make a living for themselves and their families. Every workingman in America ought to understand what it means.

THE Republican party is now, as it always has been, the friend and defender of the people's rights. The statement that it has been guilty of class legislation is a statement unsupported by facts. It has legislated for the people of the whole country; it is doing so to-day. Over the barriers of obstruction placed across its pathway by the Democratic party with column closed up and its flag aloft, it is marching to a victory for its party and a victory for the people. It will achieve a party triumph in achieving a triumph of the prosperity of the nation.—*Gen. C. H. Grosvenor.*

LESS than two years ago the Democratic press was in a great state of agitation over the prospect that the doctrine of reciprocity as formulated by the present Republican administration would ruin the foreign trade of the country instead of promoting it. In their "panic and alarm" they were especially agitated by a declaration of Von Stemane, the great German inventor, who said: "If the United States keeps on as it is now doing we will have to go to war and erect a big fence to keep out its grain, cotton and meat." This bit of prophecy can be read now in the light of the recent action of the German government, opening the ports of that country to American meat, wheat, rye, hops, bran, butter, flour, etc. As the Frankfort *Zeitung* says under the reciprocity policy of this administration Germany has been forced to make the treaty as France, Austria and other sugar-producing countries will be do very soon. American Democrats have an excellent opportunity to calm their agitated nerves as the doctrine of reciprocity goes on conquering and to conquer.

The Figures.

The defense in the Hunter case has followed two theories. One, that the ballots had been tampered with by some one after they had been counted and deposited in the ballot-box and locked up. This theory, which was confronted by the fact that the ballots when opened and counted in the contest last June showed the same result precisely that they had developed when counted on the evening of election, at once became so ridiculous that it was abandoned by the attorneys, and was only used by the party whippers-in of Mr. Hunter for the purpose of stimulating the prejudices of certain people in Hunter's favor.

The other theory was that it could be made to appear that any one of the eighteen voters, whose ballots had been fraudulently marked, gave his ballot to one of the other judges, it would create a reasonable doubt that Hunter made any of the marks. This theory the defense attempted to support by the supplemental theory that some one peddling Republican tickets about the polls that day imposed upon these eighteen voters tickets on which Davidson's name was marked, and that they voted them without observing the marks. This man the defense attempted to show was one John Wonscott, who is now dead; but this supplemental theory was as untenable as the theory that some one broke into the ballot-box and changed the tickets after they had been counted, locked up and laid away, for eight or ten men at once came forward and testified that they had gotten the tickets they voted from John Wonscott and they were clean tickets. The ticket Wonscott himself voted was produced and it was a straight ticket. Then there was the fact that not a single one of the eighteen men whose tickets were fraudulently marked got his ticket from John Wonscott.

This left the defense with the theory that Hunter did not take in all the ballots in question, as the only means of creating a reasonable doubt, and left the theory to stand solely on the ground that the figures 304 and 305 on the backs of the tickets voted about 6 o'clock p. m. by Mr. Brewer and Wm. Maden were not made by Hunter. They claimed they were made by Whitehouse and that he was acting as receiving judge at the time, and that Hunter was at supper. But unfortunately for Mr. Hunter, there came into the case a lot of figures made by Biber, Whitehouse, and Hunter, each of whom had received tickets, and these figures show beyond a doubt that Hunter made the figures on the Brewer and Maden tickets. The figures, as Attorney Ewing correctly stated, "tell a story that cannot be contradicted." In addition to this the evidence showed that Hunter had discovered that the two Madens and Brewer were in possession of Republican tickets and were determined to vote them. The ballots show a mark got on Davidson's name on two of these tickets before they got into the ballot-box. There can never be a reasonable doubt created in the mind of man, on the basis of the figures on the back of these ballots, that those figures were not made by Hunter.

The Prospect for the Year.

Chicago *Journal*: Republicans feared that the popular vote of Rhode Island would give a Democratic plurality, or possibly a majority which would elect the Democratic candidate governor. By a recent constitutional amendment a large population of uneducated foreigners was admitted to the ballot, and their votes were sure to be for the Democratic candidates. But it appears that this reinforcement did not save the Democrats, and that the Republican candidate for governor has a plurality. The legislature is Republican and will elect the Republican candidates for state offices.

So the presidential year starts out with a substantial Republican victory in the first state holding an election. In the municipal elections throughout western states similar auspicious results have been obtained. In Milwaukee, the Democratic stronghold of Wisconsin, the Democratic majority is cut down from 7,000 to less than half that figure. The total popular vote in Chicago on the regular and irregular Republican candidates shows a reliable Republican majority, with an honest ballot box and a fair count. But for the fictitious and fraudulent vote in the tough wards, Chicago is a Republican city by at least 10,000 majority.

With a wise and vigorous campaign, with a fair use of all the political elements at the command of the Republican party—with the inevitable Democratic faction wrangles and fights, it appears probable that President Harrison will be re-elected by a greater majority than he received when first a candidate.

SENATOR WOLCOTT deliberately states an untruth when he says President Harrison prevented the passage of the free silver bill in the house. Speaker Crisp, and the Democratic committee on rules that refused to let the bill come to a vote, defeated the passage of the bill. President Harrison, we take it, was not seriously concerned over the Democratic dilemma in relation to free coinage.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, Postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for the bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leelie a farmer and stockman, of the same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c a bottle, at King & Wood's Drug Store.

Aerial Warfare.

Perhaps in some future, possibly not very distant era, our versatile and soaring sage, Ignatius Donnelly, may be looked back to as a sort of Mother Shipton. His direful pictures in "Cæsar's Column" of aerial forces carrying devastation and destruction may become intensely realistic. There is suggestion of this in the recent reports of the use of balloons by the Germans in connection with armies. The Russians have fortifications and large military forces convenient to the German frontier, ready to observe any movements of the emperor, should he sally out on a pulverizing tour in the dominions of the czar. There is surprise and apprehensions of late in these quarters at the sight of balloons soaring far above and taking observations of the Russian situation. It has seemed to the Russians that these aspiring Germans had learned the art of aerial navigation, and are able to guide their balloons at will. With their powerful glasses the Germans could examine the details of the defenses at their leisure, and gather all desired information. They were at too great an altitude to be reached by any guns, and could laugh at all attempt to disturb them. After completing their work the balloon visitors returned to German territory, with no apparent difficulty in guiding their craft. If the Germans have really solved the problem of control and guidance of air ships, there are hardly any limits to the possibilities of their use in war. Donnelly may have had a vision of the new departure when he saw the demons of the air dropping down remorseless destruction upon towns and people. No fortifications would be much service if dynamite bombs and other explosives could be let down from above into the spots where they might do the most execution. The livelier immagination might have full exercise in portraying the terrors of a balloon fleet sent up from ships of war out of the range of the forts, sailing over New York City and throwing down the destructives. They might be met by opposing balloon armaments, and great battles take place in the sky. That is not, however, so immediate a prospect as to cause depreciation in city realty or require provisions for protection of life. But it is not more improbable than some of the modern arts seemed a generation ago.

Wolcott's Sores.

Probably the most intemperate and unreasonable speech on the silver question was made by Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, in the Senate a few days ago. In that speech he made an attack on the President, charging him with having defeated the silver bill in the House and deploring the fact that Blaine could not be a candidate against Harrison for the nomination. Of course Wolcott is sore over the fact that President Harrison and the Republican party have refused to consent to his scheme of free coinage, which would enrich the silver mine owners of Colorado at the expense of the people by giving them $1.00 for 69 cents worth of silver. Because he is sore he is unreasonable and expresses sorrow that Blaine can not be a candidate, in face of the fact Blaine's views are as well known to be antagonistic to free coinage as those of the President. He is also unreasonable in assuming that the President has exercised such influence with a Democratic House as to defeat the free silver bill. Wolcot cannot have things his own way, and in fact should not, so long as his course shows him to be dealing dishonestly with these great questions.

The Victory in Rhode Island.

Full returns show the Republican victory in Rhode Island to be more complete than was apparent Thursday, and the Democratic defeat has been turned into a rout. Brown, Republican has been elected by 229 majority, and is the first Governor to be elected by the people in the last four years. The total vote, 54,699, was the largest ever polled in the State, and exceeded last year's by 9242. The Republicans also elected their candidate for Lieutenant Governor and Secretary of State by small majorities. Mellville Bull, of Middletown, Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor, has about 3700 plurality. The Republicans have thus far fifty-nine assemblymen out of a total of 103, thus giving them a working majority on joint ballot and insuring the return of United States Senator Aldrich.

WHILE Minnesota is one of the most healthy states in the Union, it is one of the worst for colds, owing to the severe winters. Many of the druggists there make it a rule to give their customers just what they call for; but when they come back and say it done no good, they almost invariably recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, as will be seen from the following from Messrs. Wells & Schroeder of Sanborn, Minn.: We have recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy after other leading cough preparations had failed to do any good, and always with the best results. We can always rely upon that remedy, as it is sure to effect a cure. It has no equal for children; especially in cases of croup or whooping cough." 50 cent bottles for sale by W. F. Neisler d&w

FIVE bandits were shot at San Pedro, Mexico, yesterday.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you Bilious, Constipated or troubled with Jaundice, Sick Headache Bad Taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot Dry Skin, Pain in Back and between the Shoulders, Chills and Fever, &c. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. HERBINE will cure any disorder of the Liver, Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver medicine. Price 75 cents. Free trial bottles at Smearingen & Tyler's. d&w

FOR BORROWERS AND FOR INVESTORS.

Equitable Building and Loan Society of Peoria, Ill.

(Incorporated Under the Laws of Ill.)

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $50,000,000
MATURED SHARES, Each, - - $100

Class C, 40c Per Month Per Share.
Class B, 60c Per Month Per Share.
Class A, $1.20 Per Month Per Share.

The Society issues prepaid and paid-up stock.
Safety and high profit to investors.
Money returned in monthly payments by borrowers, like rent.
No preferred stock—all members on an equal basis.
Stock is non-taxable, non-forfeitable, is good for collateral security, is a cash estate in case of death, and is saleable and transferable the same as other property.

It always has a cash withdrawable value. It precedes all others.

Financial Statement sent on application to

A. DERWOOD SMITH,
GENERAL AGENT,
Box 583, Peoria, Illinois.
Sept 22-d1y

ONE OF
A. PHILLIPS & CO.'S
Wabash-Rock Island
TOURIST EXCURSION
CARS NOW LEAVES
ST. LOUIS, MO. EVERY THURSDAY at 8:35 P. M. over the Wabash R. R
THIS CAR JOINS THE
Phillips Boston and California
EXCURSION ❋ TRAIN
AT
KANSAS CITY, FRIDAY at 10:35 a. m And goes through to
CALIFORNIA, WASHINGTON, OREGON, COLORADO AND ALL WESTERN POINTS,
VIA THE
CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC
AND
DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.
The Great Scenic Line of the World.
Through Broad-Gage Cars, Best Service, Lowest Rates

These cars are under the management of one of A. Phillips & Co.'s experienced excursion conductors.

Sleeping Berths can be secured and reserved in the car, and further information, by applying to A. PHILLIPS & CO., 106 North Fourth St., ST. LOUIS, MO., or any offices of the WABASH R. R., or JACKSONVILLE SOUTHEASTERN R. R.

ESTABLISHED 1860.
J. Millikin & Co.,
BANKERS
AND
Dealers in Exchange

Safety Deposit Boxes for the use of those wishing a secure place for their Bonds, Mortgages, Notes, Insurance Policies, etc.
aug29-wtf

❋ E. G. ALLEN & BRO. ❋

GRINDERS.

Why feed your corn and oats whole when you can save from 25 to 50 per cent. by grinding. We sell the "BOSS," on which we can give the broadest guarantee.

PLOWS.

Our contracts are made with the Sattley M'f'g Co. of Springfield, Ill., the St. Joseph M'f'g Co. of Mishawaka, Ind., and the Pekin Plow Co. of Pekin, Ill. These factories are well equipped and turn out nothing but first class goods.

CULTIVATORS.

The SATTLEY SPRING TOOTH is the best surface cultivator we have seen. We sold more Sattley Tongueless than were sold of all other kinds of Tongueless in the city last season, and their Tongue cultivator is as good as the best, and in some respects better.

HARROWS.

We will again sell the Glendale, made by Selby, Starr & Co., of Peoria, Ill., and the Sattley, which our customers have reason to know are both good.

SEEDERS.

We have contracted again with Selby, Starr & Co. for the sale o their celebrated 11-foot agitator, continuous plate seeder; also their 11-foot low down force feed seeder, with grass seed attachment.
We also have a good Fiddle-Bow hand seeder.

CORN PLANTERS.

The Union has proven itself to be first-class in every respect, having but one set of plates which can be adjusted to any size of corn and any quantity.

VEHICLES.

We have made our contracts for our stock of Carriages, Surreys, Phaetons, Buggies, Road-Wagons and Carts at lower prices than they ever were bought by dealers in Decatur. We will be able to show you a very fine line.

HARNESS AND WHIPS.

Our line of Fine Buggy Harness and Whips cannot be surpassed for quality and price.

You are all cordially invited to call and see our line of goods, as we can show you goods of high merit.

E. G. ALLEN & BRO.,
South Wood street, between South Water and Main.

CLARK'S MILE-END SPOOL COTTON TRADE MARK
The Best Six-Cord Thread
For Hand and Machine Use.
IN
WHITE, BLACK AND COLORS.
FOR SALE BY
LINN & SCRUGGS
Dry Goods and Carpet Company.

OTTENHEIMER & CO.

❋FINE TAILOR-MADE CLOTHES.❋

NEWEST EFFECTS. LATEST SHADES.

BOYS' ❋ CLOTHES,
The Best,
The Newest,
The Lowest
Prices.

Set of
GARDEN TOOLS
Goes Free
With
Each
Suit.

❋OUR NEW SPRING SUITS❋
Are the Correct Styles.
STYLISH DRESSERS.

TAKE A LOOK AT OUR PERFECT-FITTING TAILOR-MADE SUITS, ALL THE NEW SHADES. WE HAVE LIGHT TANS, PEARL GRAYS, HOMESPUN CHEVIOTS, IN LONG-CUT SACKS AND CUTAWAYS, AT

$10 Upwards.

FULL DRESS COATS AND VESTS.
Inspection Solicited.

OTTENHEIMER & CO.,
Hatters, Clothiers and Furnishers,
Masonic Temple Block, Corner of Water and William Streets

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LOCAL NEWS.

THE Wabash earnings for the first week in April amounted to $235,274 showing an increase of $12,116 over the corresponding week last year.

"HAVE you fasted any during Lent, Jollibey?" "No, but I'll have to fast after Lent, I fancy, if I have to pay for the Easter bonnet my wife has her heart set on."

"I THOUGHT you were going to make a fortune out of the manufacture of india-rubber cigarette holders." "Didn't work. Fellows would smoke the holder right up before they noticed the difference."

IN preparation for the big fight Sept 7, Jim Corbett will train at Ashbury Park, and John L. Sullivan will get in shape at some point near New York. Sullivan will reduce himself to 200 pounds.

THE Centemeri' kid gloves are the handsome', best fitting, best wearing and cheapest gloves in the U. S.

LINN & SCRUGGS D. G. & C. Co.,
dec30d&wtf Sole Agents for Decatur, Ill

TODAY 27 members of the Baptist state board of missions met at Bloomington and fixed the salaries of all ministers where they are not agreed upon by the local congregations. Rev. C. E. Torrey is in attendance, but his salary is not under consideration. He receives $2000 a year, which is fixed by his congregation.

R. S. MOORE, of Newburn, N. C., claims to have fragments of the chain which restrained Columbus when he was in prison, and he intends to exhibit them at the Fair. J. C. Calhoun, of New York, says he has pieces of the house in S[illegible]omingo in which Columbus was i[illegible]soned, and he has a similar [illegible]

[illegible] no possibility of McAuliffe and Myer coming together again, arrangements are on foot for a fight between "Paddy" Garney, of England, and Myer before the Olympic Athletic Club of New Orleans. The last attempt to make this match was unsuccessful, but this time it seems probable that the men will meet. The Olympic is now considering what purse it will offer for the fight.

JUDGE BOOKWALTER has been holding court at Urbana for the last two weeks. He became disgusted with the court room's dilapidated condition and ordered the circuit clerk, sheriff and chairman of the court house committee of the board of supervisors to provide new furniture behind the bar and to make the stairway entrance from the outside.—*Danville Commercial.*

LATELY County Treasurer Montgomery received a copy of the Philadelphia *Enquirer* of April 8th, which contains an article telling of a high honor recently conferred upon his brother, Dr. E. Montgomery, who was lately in Decatur on a visit. The board of trustees elected Dr. Montgomery to the new chair of clinical gynaecology in Jefferson Medical College. The doctor is ex president of the American Association of Gynaecologists and Obstetricians.

Grand Army Sentiments.

The annual session of the Illinois department, Grand Army of the Republic just concluded, was satisfactory and business-like. Previous to adjournment the department passed resolutions favoring certain legislation of supreme interest to old soldiers. Of these the most important were: A request to legislature "to appropriate a sum sufficient to pay the expenses of maintaining the tomb of Lincoln so as to abolish the payment of a fee; asking the senators and representatives of Illinois to vote against the appropriation by congress of $100,000 to assist in the entertainment of the delegates to the national encampment at Washington; commending the establishment by the Woman's Relief corps of a home for disabled veterans and their wives and widows; favoring the passage of a law by the general assembly of the state, similar to the New York law, to provide for the relief by counties, townships, etc., of veterans in destitute circumstances."

A Millionaire on Lake Fork.

By the death, in September last, of John Harris, at his home in Sidney, Australia, his sister, Mrs. Wm. Bryson, of Lake Fork, is one of six heirs who inherit six millions of dollars. Being the only one living of the brothers and sisters, her share (one and a half millions) will be the only full one, the other shares being divided among many children. This is not a story of the far-away years, but one of a recent active, well-known millionaire citizen of the above country. From best authority no doubt is entertained but that our neighbors on Lake Fork will be the happy recipients of this immense sum of money. Mr. and Mrs Bryson are living very quietly in their little home near the banks of Lake Fork, five miles southeast of Mt. Pulaski. They are good people and worthy of the good luck in store for them.—*Mt. Pulaski News.*

Curious.

During the cyclone at Tuscola the suction of the wind was so great that it drew a pump out of the well of John Goldsmith.

John Haines, a Danville coal miner, lost his voice some time ago and recently during a coughing fit he coughed up a brass pin and immediately commenced to recover.

A man has been arrested down at Bedford for sitting under the window o his divorced wife in the small hours of the night and playing "Home, Sweet Home" on a French harp.

DRAGGED TWENTY MILES

CROOKS ATTEMPT TO HOLD UP I. N. MARTIN, SR., AT SPRINGFIELD.

While Attempting to Escape From Local Officers One Fellow Experiences a Terrible Ride From Decatur to Bement.

From Saturday's Daily

Just as comrade I. N. Martin and other members of the G. A. R. were leaving Springfield for their home in this city they noticed six suspicious looking individuals enter the car. It was not long until Mr. Martin discovered some one in the act of picking his pocket, the thief at the time having his hand in Mr. Martin's pocket. Mr. Martin grabbed him with one hand, the other being engaged in carrying a bundle, but before assistance came the man broke away and got out of the car. He did not leave the train, however and when the passenger train pulled into Decatur Mr. Martin at once informed Officer Dempsey of his experience and after a short search found three of the men together. Officer Dempsey ordered them all under arrest and while he was taking them from the train one jumped off the other side of the car and skipped. The officer then turned over one of the men to two G. A. R. veterans, and the remaining one he placed in charge of Officer May until he could catch the one who jumped from the train. In this he was unsuccessful, for the fellow had too great a start of the officer. When he returned to the depot he found that the man who he had placed in the care of the two veterans was still in custody, but the one he had placed in charge of Officer May had broken away and was running to catch the train then pulling out. The officer fired, but he missed his mark. The fellow finally caught hold of the brake beam of the sleeping car, and was unable to climb up on the car. In this position, with his feet dragging on the ties, he was dragged to Bement, a distance of 20 miles. In the meantime Officer Dempsey had telegraphed to Bement for the authorities to arrest the man, and when the passenger arrived the man was taken into custody by the marshal. The man gave his name as John Sheehan, and his residence as Chicago. Sheehan was badly hurt, his feet being terribly lacerated by the awful ride he had taken. The idea of such an adventure is terrible. His only hold was the grip of his hands, and his body hung with his feet striking the ties, in which condition he was dragged twenty miles in thirty-four minutes. He was brought to Decatur this morning at 3:30, and was carried to the Franklin street station on a stretcher and examined by Marshal Mason and the officers. This morning Sherwood Magee took him to the poor farm. It is probable that all of the toes on one foot will have to be amputated.

The other prisoner was locked up in the station house and gave his name as J. O'Rourke, and was identified by Mr. Martin as the man who attempted to rob him. A warrant was sworn out before a justice, and he is now confined in the county jail. He will be taken to Springfield and tried on the charge of robbery.

From Monday's Daily.

The county physician, Dr. Farmer, assisted by Drs. Kennedy and Bain Walston, went out to the poor farm Sunday and performed an operation on John Sheehan's foot. Sheehan is one of three crooks who were at the Union depot Friday night trying to hold up G. A. R. veterans, and who escaped from town by hanging to the trucks of an out-going passenger train. While riding in this perilous position he slipped, his foot dragging on the road-bed the greater portion of the distance from Decatur to Bement, where he was arrested by the marshal and sent to the poor farm. The foot was badly lacerated and yesterday, when the physicians visited him, they deemed it necessary to amputate the fore-part of the foot to the instep.

Electric Street Railways.

The enormous development of this industry may be appreciated from the fact that there are now in operation over 250 electric railways in the United States, embracing 2024 miles of track and utilizing 3830 motor cars, operated by 6400 motors, with an estimated capacity of 174,435 horse-power. Out of 956 street car plants existing in the United States and Canada 589 are operated by horses, 49 by cables, 246 by electricity and 73 by steam. The present electric railroad equipments in this country represents a value of about $49,300 out of a total of $164,400,000 for all street railways, of which $58,900,000 may be apportioned to horse system. In amount of track mileage electric railroads stand next to horse railroads, the former covering 5703 miles and the latter 9024, while there are 527 miles of cable road and 553 of steam. The average cost per car mile of horse railroads is about 5 7c, of cable 2.5c. of electric 2.2c and of system 5c.

"Fast Black Hosiery,"

In Silk, Lisle Thread and Linwood Hosiery. New Spring stock just opened at Linn & Scruggs's D. G. & C. Co. d&w

WE have just received large invoices of fresh garden and flower seeds. The Spencer & Lehman Company, corner Main and Wood streets. feb17-d&w2m

A CHAT WITH MRS. PHINNEY,

The Head of the Non-Partisan Woman's Temperance Alliance.

During her stay in Decatur yesterday at the district conference of ladies in sympathy with the objects and plans of the Non-Partisan Woman's Christian Temperance Alliance, organized two years ago, Mrs. Ellen J. Phinney, of Cleveland, Ohio, the first and present president of the National Society, with Mrs. M. E. Walker, of Cerro Gordo, received calls from a large number of Decatur ladies in the parlors at the St. Nicholas. A REPUBLICAN reporter had a pleasant chat last evening with Mrs. Phinney. She is a lady of culture and refinement, industrious, thoughtful and courageous in her work—a lady who is not to be discouraged by annoying obstacles which she sometimes encounters in her travels in different states. She firmly believes that the old organization, which is so closely allied to the prohibition party, is hampered in its temperance work, and that the alliance which she represents, and which does not affiliate in the slightest degree with any political party or faction, and does not ask or demand equal suffrage, is in a much better position to carry forward effective temperance work. The states now organized in the non-political alliance work are Maine, Vermont, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Iowa, Illinois, Minnesota, with Mrs. J. Ellen Foster as president of the organization in the District of Columbia. There are provisional organizations in West Virginia and California, and Indiana has a large number of alliances. The total number of women now enrolled is about 13,000. In Illinois local alliances are forming rapidly, despite the fact that in many instances obstructions are met from certain quarters, but the work goes on gloriously. Mrs. Phinney will remain in this state several weeks. She has an able lieutenant in the person of Mrs. Walker. In the temperance work the alliance establishes reading rooms in all towns large enough to support a billiard table, and in many cities there are training and sewing schools for girls. In every possible way temperance is taught and advocated, and the work is steady and unremitting, in no sense spasmodic, or hindered by political work and excitement.

Political.

A big boom is developing at Bloomington in favor of the nomination of Hon. Adlai E. Stevenson, first assistant postmaster-general under Cleveland, for governor of Illinois. The leading Democrats of Bloomington and McLean county are planning to open Stevenson headquarters at Springfield several days before the state convention. The county convention, which met two weeks ago, elected a list of delegates to the state convention who are one and all personal friends and staunch advocates of Stevenson and instructed them to use their influence to secure Mr. Stevenson's nomination. Mr. Stevenson is not yet an active candidate and this movement appears to be without his solicitation or indorsement, but there is no doubt that he will permit his friends to place his name before the convention if the chances appear to be favorable. His friends are daily receiving assurances of hearty support for Mr. Stevenson from different parts of the state.

Sales of Real Estate.

James A. Roney to George A. Wingate, deed to lots 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20, block 1, Wood's 2nd addition—$900.

W. H. Swearingen to E. F. Kuny, quit claim to lot 12, block 3, First Rolling Mill addition—$5.

A. L. Summers to T. J. Freeland, deed to lot 10, block 1, H. H. Brown's subdivision—$125.

Labitta J. Lacy to Catherine Berger, deed to lot 19. Crowder & Cornthwait's addition—$1,100.

David Brett to Frances J. Christy, the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of 35, 17, 2 east; 40 acres in Hickory Point township—$1.

Albert Potter to Z. R. Prather, lot 15 in Sangamon addition to Decatur—$1,000.

Henry A. Wood to Amanda C. Rubican, lot 16 of Crowder & Roberts' addition to Decatur—$1,200.

Gottfried Goralski to Johann and Maria Keuck, lot 7 in block 12 of Carver's addition to Decatur—$700.

Z. R. Prather to S. F. Lightbizer, 42 feet off of the north side of lot 15 in Sangamon addition to Decatur—$300.

Mary Wallace to Edward Day, the east half of the northwest quarter of 14, 14, 1 east; 80 acres in Blue Mound township—$4 800.

Celia P. Parish to Henry Hirsch, the east half of the southwest quarter of 20, 17, 3 east, in Whitmore township—$1.

Harry Hall to Marietta King, lot 12 in J. F. Montgomery's addition to Decatur—$2,500.

James F. Roach to Mary H. Towne, lot 17, block 2, in G. F. Wessel' addition to Decatur—$1,100.

Martin Walters to Lenard Marques, lot 7, block 3, in the village of Forsythe—$155.

Henry W. Delbridge to Francis E. Baker, the southeast quarter of 22, 16, east; 160 in Long Creek township—$10,400.

T. K. Noble to Henry Hirsch, the east half of the southwest quarter of 20, 17, 3 east; in Whitmore township—$1.

Paul Noble to Henry Hirsch, the east half of the southwest quarter of 20, 17, 3 east; 80 acres in Whitmore township—$5,900.

Julius Blackburn to E. F. Kuny, lots 14 and 15, block 1 of W. J. Quinlan's First addition to Decatur; also lot 2 and the north half of lot 3 in block 1, Thompson's First addition to Decatur—$1,600.

E. F. Kuny to Ella E. Blackburn, the same lots as above described—$1,600.

Melissa E. Knelley to Francis S. Watkins, lot 1, block 5, in Bradshaw's addition to Decatur—$500.

OUR all-wool, fast-black hosiery at reduced prices to clear out stock. LINN & SCRUGGS D. G. & C. Co. d&wtf

RUNS WITHOUT SMOKE.

An Engine That Goes a Mile in Forty-seven Seconds.

The Illinois Central Railroad company believes it has at last found an engine that will do satisfactorily what the company has sought to do for several years—abolish the smoke nuisance so far as it is concerned. This belief is based on the fact that it will successfully burn anthracite coal.

But this is only one of the qualifications of this big machine—for it is a monster of its kind. It possesses great speed; has made a mile in forty-seven seconds. In addition to this it is highly economical in the use of steam.

The engine is only recently from the Baldwin Locomotive works, where engines of its pattern have been built for the Philadelphia & Reading railroad. It is a decided departure from anything that has ever been used on the suburban lines running into Chicago.

The main object sought by its inventor and builders has been to do away with smoke and noise and to increase the speed and other running possibilities. Economy of fuel has not been one of the features provided for in its construction, for it will be necessary to use anthracite coal exclusively under the boilers.

In appearance the new engine resembles an exaggerated form of the latest pattern of freight engines. Its massive boiler and heavy running gear towers above the engines now used in the service. Its cab is a third larger than the average engine cab, and the tender is correspondingly smaller. Above the straight high-pressure cylinders on each side, which are twelve inches in diameter, are placed low-pressure cylinders, twenty inches in diameter. The two sets of cylinders work independently, so the engine can be operated either with compound or direct steam. Each of the cylinders is provided with an indicator for the purpose of showing the distribution of the steam. The drive wheels are six in number and sixty-one and five-eighths inches in diameter, and the length of stroke is twenty-four inches. The boiler is of the Wootten pattern, made throughout of flanged plates of homogeneous cast steel five-eighths inches thick, with a steam pressure of 175 pounds above working pressure. The fire box is also of the Wootten make 114 inches in length, 80 inches in width, and 41¼ inches in depth. The grate area is thus unusally large and the blast is light. For this reason the fire will burn with less difference in intensity while the engine is at rest compared with when it is in motion. The weight of the engine on the drivers is 61,000 pounds, and the total weight is estimated at 158,000 pounds.

All these improvements contribute directly toward possibilities in speed.

The tests will cover the suburban service, accomodation service and probably the freight service. For the present tests anthracite-pea coal and Illinois screening, mixed in equal parts, is being used as fuel. Later an attempt will be made to use Illinois coal entirely. The tests will continue for a month or six weeks, and upon the results will depend whether or not the Illinois Central officials will adopt the locomotive for the suburban service.

THE HODDY CASE.

Report on the Application of the Repentant Preacher.

During the services at the Christian church on Sunday, Pastor Cake for the church committee on the case of Rev. T. P. Hoddy, the minister who some months ago was expelled from the Decatur church because of conduct unbecoming a clergyman, submitted a verbal report. Rev. Hoddy was addicted to the immoderate use of intoxicating liquor and so conducted himself as to bring himself and the church into ill-repute, so decided the committee which recommended his dismissal from the church. Since his expulsion Rev Hoddy has reformed. He has quit drinking and has joined a lodge of Good Templars. He made application to be taken back. The church committee recommended that the clergyman be restored to membership in the church, but there are several provisos in the report. The committee wants Rev. Hoddy to stand up before the congregation and make a public confession of his faults, and it also desires him to surrender his ordination papers. It is understood that Rev. Hoddy does not wish to give up his clergyman papers and that he will take the report of the committee as announced by Pastor Cake under advisement.

Do You Know It.

A common cough is the most dangerous thing in the world to neglect; a slight hacking cough is also very dangerous, as it always leads to Bronchitis and Consumption. Don't neglect them. In selecting a remedy for coughs, colds and Bronchitis, be sure and get one that is not full of Opium and one that will not produce Constipation. Ballard's Horehound Syrup does not constipate, remember this. It is perfectly harmless for children, and it's the most soothing and healing Throat and Lung medicine in the world. In cures Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Lungs, tickling in the throat and greatly strengthens the Lungs after Pneumonia. Sold by Swearingen & Tyler. 4d&w

WOOD PUMPS, Chain Pumps, Iron Force Pumps, for sale at Spencer & Lehman's. nov5-d&wtf

COULD NOT ACCEPT.

Mr. Blaine Not an Aspirant for the Presidency.

IT WOULD BE CONSTRUCTIVE SUICIDE,

And Life is Too Full of Congenial Work and Happiness to be Sacrificed to Ambition—A Candid Statement.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 9.—The Times this morning prints the following from a staff correspondent at Washington: If any answer had been needed to the anonymous story that Secretary Blaine was complaining that he had been badgered and hounded by friends of President Harrison into writing his celebrated letter declining to be a candidate for president, Mr. Blaine himself answered it to-day. Nobody here pretended to believe the story, save a few of those who are so anxious to get some name to use against the growing strength of Harrison that they are willing to put Mr. Blaine forward in the attitude of a weak creature without the courage to withstand pressure, or the manliness to abide the consequences of his own acts.

In the course of a conversation with a representative of the Times and one of the leading physicians of the country, who has occasionally attended the secretary, the physician remarked: "I see some of the newspapers continue to connect your name with the presidency, Mr. Secretary."

Promptly, as one answers a question upon which he has done deliberating, Mr. Blaine responded: "The president's office is a most laborious and exhausting one. He has no vice, no alternate substitute upon whose shoulders he can share responsibility. There is a vice-president, but our scheme of government does not permit him to assume the powers and duties of the president, except in case of the death, removal, resignation or disability of the president. We do not contemplate the vice-president as an occasional acting president for a day or two or a week or two, when the man who has been elected to that office may need rest and recreation.

"The presidency is an office without step. I am now 62 years old, and although you have told me and I believe that in heart, lungs, kidneys or otherwise, I am free from organic disease, suffering only from torpidity of the liver, I do not believe that if I were to be inaugurated president I would live out my term. I find life too full of congenial work and too full of happiness to feel called upon or inclined to throw it away. If I were assured, therefore, of a nomination and election to the presidency, I could not accept it. At my age, and with my temperament, and knowing what the effect of a long life of exhausting labor has been upon my vitality, it would be constructive suicide."

The secretary spoke with the emphasis of perfect candor, and with an apparent desire only to make himself definitely understood.

THE JILTED COUNT.

Logithetti Confirms the Report of the Broken Engagement.

CHICAGO, April 8.—Count Eugene Logithetti confirmed, yesterday, the report that his engagement to Miss Babette Fleischmann, the beautiful daughter of the great yeast maker, has been broken. Shortly after the announcement of Count Logithetti's betrothal to the fair heiress he assumed management of her father's business in this city.

"It is true that Miss Fleischmann has jilted me," said he. "Immediately upon her return a few days ago from California, where she and her father had sojourned for a time, she informed me that our engagement was at an end."

"Is the story that the cause of your estrangement is your refusal to become an American citizen true?"

"If you were ever in love," resumed the count, "you would known that Miss Fleischmann, who loves me as dearly as I love her, could not break our engagement for such a cause. That story is ridiculous. I do not wish to say why we are not to be married. That is a personal matter between Miss Fleischmann and myself. I am a true gentleman, and under no circumstances will I tell the reasons Miss Fleischmann gave for calling our engagement off. I am yet an intimate friend of the Fleischmann family and will continue to be."

THE INQUIRY CLOSED.

The Greatest Work of Enterprise the World Has Ever Known.

CHICAGO, April 9.—Congressman Dockery's committee finished its investigation of the World's fair yesterday and the members left for Washington last evening. Yesterday's session furnished the only sensation of the investigation, when Mr. Dockery administered a stern rebuke to Chief of Construction Burnham and compeled that gentleman to retract the statement that Director General Davis did not know what he was talking about. The director general had testified that the estimates for expenditures in the construction department could be cut down about $2,000,000, and this was more than Mr. Burnham's temper could stand.

When asked his opinion of the fair after the investigation was completed, Mr. Dockery replied: "While we have been making this inquiry into the exposition the conviction has been growing upon me that it is the greatest work of enterprise the world has ever known. It is vast, but the men at the head seem to understand the requirements of the situation."

Cement Works Burned.

BERLIN, April 9.—Maurke's famous Germania cement works at Lehrte were destroyed by fire yesterday. Two workmen perished in the flames.

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GOD.

A Sermon by Rev. James Miller, Delivered at the First M. E. Church March 27, 1892.

The First of a Series of Four Sunday Evening Sermons on the Subjects, "God," "Spirit," "Heaven" and "Hell."

(Reported for THE REPUBLICAN by Addie L. Davis, Stenographer.)

My theme is: "What I mean by the word 'God,' and why I worship Him." You will find the text in the first chapter of Romans, 19th and 20th verses:

"Because that which may be known of God is manifest in them, for God hath showed it unto them. For the invisible things of Him from the creation of the world are clearly seen, being understood by the things that are made, even his eternal power and Godhead, so that they are without excuse."

This text assumes that man is endowed with a capacity for apprehending and appreciating God; that this capacity is not a super-natural gift, but an endowment of nature latent in the very constitution of the soul—an inheritance to which every man is born. In talking to you to-night about this subject, I will outline it thus:

First, What I do not mean by the word God.

Second, What I do mean by the word God.

Third, Why I worship Him.

What I do not mean by the word God. Let me say, when I use that word I do not mean a magnified man, either physically or mentally. I know that in the bible God is represented as having eyes and ears, and nostrils, and hands and feet, and everything of that sort, but I want to impress upon you that that is merely imagery—metaphor. That is simply a dramatic representation intended to arrest attention, adapted to impress itself upon the mind of man, because he lives largely in the realm of imagination, and he likes to have everything he thinks about pictured to him.

I do not mean a magnified man mentally. If you will just think for a moment, you will realize that intellectually you are a development. There was a time when you did not know anything, when you were not capable of knowing anything, and your mind has gradually unfolded and opened up to the apprehension and appreciation and utilization of truth as it has been presented to you. That is true of your intellectual nature. It is true of what we call your moral nature. Your mental being has been a development in that it acts according to the law of succession. Sometimes you are thinking about things you know, and sometimes you are not. Sometimes you are in one mood, and sometimes you are in another mood. You have as part of your intellectual endowment what we call Memory. Now, to transfer all this to your conception of the Supreme Being would, it seems to me, bring God down to a human level in such a way that there would be very little in him that we could appreciate. God is Infinite. We are finite.

Then, by the word God I do not mean a great architect of the universe, working it up from the outside as a carpenter works on material and builds a house, or as a brick mason works on material and produces a massive structure. If you could conceive of the carpenter in some way evolving all the material which he uses in constructing the house from his own mysterious and wonderful mental potentialities; if you could conceive of the house growing out of the carpenter in some way instead of the carpenter standing at the outside and working up the material; if you could think of the carpenter evolving lumber, and nails, and sash, and windows, and sills, and shingles, and everything that goes to make the house, and at last evolving the house, you would get a great deal nearer to what I mean by the word God than you ever can by thinking of some matchless intellect working from the outside of matter and building up a universe.

And then, again, by the word God I do not mean an absolute sovereign that sits somewhere in a distant part of space, upon a great throne, and rules the universe from the outside—in matter by second causes, and in history by a hierarchy of subordinate officers that you call angles, arch-angels, and principalities, and powers and thrones, and dominions, and seraphim, and cherubim. All that is dramatic. It has its use, but when you take all such representations contained in the Word of God, literally, from my standpoint, you are very wide of the mark.

And then, again, by the word God I do not mean a Supreme Judge seated apart from the great family of man and rendering decisions of justice with all the rigor and inflexibility of a Supreme Court, without pity, without any disposition to relent, without any mercy, nor do I conceive of such a judge as being in such a mood and condition of mind that he can be propitiated either by many sacrifices, or by one great sacrifice. I have no such idea that I attach to the word "God" as the meaning, when I think of it and use it. This is all imagery, an effort of the human mind to picture to itself that transcendence of power and authority which all men feel themselves to be subjected to, but cannot define.

What, then, do I mean by the word God? I feel to-night that my situation is exceedingly embarrassing. If I were speaking to a congregation of agnostics my task would be much easier. I could simply step over to their level, and with such postulates and propositions as they would freely admit, I could lead them on perhaps by a process of reasoning to my own conclusions. But my situation is not thus. I am surrounded by an audience of Christian people, with here and there an agnostic scattered among them, and so I have to address myself to a mixed assembly, and if I should make too large concessions to the agnostic my Christian friends would condemn me as surrendering the entire question. On the other hand, if I should lay down a series of propositions to which my Christian friends could cordially yield their assent, I should put myself in such a position that it would be impossible for me to reach any agnostic, or reason with them from the propositions that I might lay down. And so, in speaking of this subject, I have no expectation whatever of converting an agnostic. Do not accuse me of such folly as that. I have no hope whatever of convincing any agnostic that he is mistaken; that he does know more about God than he thinks he does, not at all, but then I want to get before even the mind of the agnostic this conviction, that we have something to say upon the subject, and that we are not ashamed to say it, and that what we have to say means something from his own standpoint. So it is necessary for me to-night to make some concessions to my agnostic friends in order that I may reason with them and in some measure take them along with me to my conclusion, and the concession that we have to make is the Theory of Evolution.

Every agnostic, or nearly every agnostic, is an evolutionist. Herbert Spencer, the prince of agnostics, is also the prince of evolutionists, and the two things, by the law of affinity, go together. They belong together, and so, for the sake of argument, for, do not misunderstand me, I am not an evolutionist—if I wanted to be ever so honest with myself, and I do want to be, I could not say honestly that I am an evolutionist—when I say that I make this concession to the agnostic in regard to the theory of evolution, I do not mean that by any process of argument, or by any grounds of reason that I am compelled to make it—not at all—for when all has been said that can be said in favor of evolution, this is all that can be said: "It is probably true." It may be highly probable; it is, I suppose, from the standpoint of the evolutionist, but let me say to you, and I say it here without a particle of fear of successful contradiction, or an attempt at contradiction from any intellectual man, who occupies a mental position that entitles him to speak upon the subject, that all the most progressive evolutionist can say is, that "The theory of Evolution is highly probable."

Well, now, what does that mean? Why, it means that the whole thing rests on faith. That it is an opinion simply, and nothing more, and I stand here and say that the whole theory of evolution rests on propositions and postulates that are neither self-evident, nor capable of demonstration. It is simply a theory, an opinion, an article of faith, a creed, in regard to nature, that is all. So I am not uneasy about it. I am perfectly willing to concede the whole thing just for the sake of argument, that we may see, when we have made the concession, where it will lead us.

Now let us look at the theory of evolution for a moment. It is a wonderful thing—it is a beautiful thing—a most complete and perfect thing in itself. Why, look at this universe of ours—try to think of it, will you? It is a magnificent system of worlds. The solar system, the sidereal system, vast immeasureable depths of space filled with worlds whirling in their orbits, revolving on their axes according to an invariable law that enables them to move in perfect, harmonious rythm, without jar, without disturbance, without conflict, without friction. Think of it.

Then again, look at the vast and infinite variety of life that exists upon this our globe. Plant life, unfolding itself in such wonderful variety, with all its beauty, with all its lovliness of form, with all its majesty of strength and grandeur. And then you take animal life; and then, crowning all, you have man, and then out of man comes human society, and history, and civilization, and culture, and science, and art, and philosophy, and ethics, and religion. What a wonderful universe this is. And all this is the result of evolution. Why, just go back in thought, will you?

The Evolutionist takes you back from this wonderful universe of ours. Back, back, step by step, he goes back with you, until he finds the first man; then he goes on back until he finds the first mammal; and then back until there are no mammals, until there are no birds, until there are no reptiles, and no fishes; then on back until there are no living things, no flowers, no trees, no fruits, no plants, no living thing. And he can take you back to the time in the history of this globe of ours when it was barren, when nothing lived upon it, when nothing grew upon it. And he takes you on back in the history of evolution to a period when this world of ours was a blazing star, when it was a molten mass. Then on back of that until it was simply a ring of vapor circling around the sun, until the sun itself was nothing but a ring of vapor circling around another sun, and on back, back back of all that to the time when there were no suns, when there were no stars, and no planets, and no worlds, when there was nothing but a universal fire mist, back to a time when there were no molecules, nothing but atoms, maybe there were no atoms, when there was nothing but flaming gas—all, all of this vast universe was gas.

Now, out of this homogeneous mass that has no molecules, no variations, no differences, all one mass of sameness, how did this wonderful variety of our universe come? Why, the evolutionist says, by the persistence of force—the persistence of force. Somehow, somewhere, sometime, force began to play upon this universal fire mist, and that force began to evolve out of it atoms, then atoms by the dominion of the persistence of this force formed molecules, and this force kept on working away with the molecules and bringing them together and constituting substance, and out of that substance worlds were formed, and out of the worlds systems were formed, and out of the systems the Kosmos, the Universe evolved itself, but it is all traceable to the persistence of force, and when the worlds were made, when the planets were fixed in their orbits, when they began to move with all the mechanical precision that constitutes their grandeur and their glory to this hour, why, after awhile, after ages, this little globe that constitutes our world cooled off sufficiently to form a crust on its surface, a slag, or sort of cinder all over it, and from that slag or cinder there went up an everlasting vapor, and as that vapor went up from the surface of the globe and passed into the spacial regions it condensed and formed clouds that returned to it in mighty torrents of rain. And this cooling process went on age after age, aeon after aeon, through almost eternities of years, and at last that slag, that cinder, began to break up, because contraction was going on, and the old globe collapsed, broke up, as ice breaks up in the spring time, and valleys were formed, mountains were reared, and what was once a universal ocean on the surface of the globe gathered itself together in one place and dry land appeared.

It is a wonderful story. Ages and ages, and untold millions of years rolled by, and in the march of time deposits were being made on the surface of this old cinder. Chemical action was going on, and at last, by a process of evolution, of chemistry, soils were formed, and when the soils were formed and everything was ready the persistence of force played another part, and out of that soil came plant life. First, not much, very simple, but gradually unfolding itself into larger and fuller perfection, producing higher and higher and more perfect organisms until the very perfection of plant life was reached, all by the influence of persistence of force. Of course, this force worked in various ways, sometimes by hereditary, or from within, outward; sometimes it worked by environment, or from without, inward; and the two diverse actions of this force modified and limited each other, but out of this persistence of force, in these two ways of working, there was brought at last all the wonderful variety of plant life, and when plant life had gone on far enough, and fast enough, and had become perfect enough to sustain the various forms of animal life, the waters—the mysterious, the wonderful waters—evolved from their innermost being those various forms of animal life, simple in their organisms, limited in their sphere of action, circumscribed in their possibilities but out of these simple forms, by the persistence of force and the dominion of heredity and the action of environment, the law of natural selection brought about as its result the "survival of the fittest." There were progressively evolved higher and higher types of animal life until at last there came out of this lower life the life of man, and man is the evolution of all that went before him, and when man was produced—man, with his wonderful body, with his more wonderful brain, with his still more wonderful intellect and moral powers, with his religious aspirations, his prayers, his worship, his science, his philosophy—out of this there was still higher evolution.

When the persistence of force had asserted its supremacy over matter in the production of plant life, of the animal world, of man, then the persistence of force began to produce society. It produced the family, the tribe, the nation, the government, systems of law; it produced culture, literature, art, science, philosophy, religion, and the great industrial civilization of the continent of America, and it is still producing. The persistence of force is making itself felt in the civilization of the world. All, all has come from that primary fire mist to the diverse wonderful complicated civilization of the nineteenth century. It has all been produced by the persistence of force. Wonderful theory, isn't it? Wonderful! Can you conceive of any notion that man can have of God in his relation to nature, to human society, to religion, to history, more wonderful than that? Can you conceive of anything more complicated, more vast, more remarkable? If you want a miracle, a stupendous, overwhelming miracle, that will tax to the credulity of the most trustful mind you can't find anything so great in any conception that you have of God, as this theory of evolution. Why, all the stories told in the New Testament about the miracles of Jesus Christ, all the stories told in the Old Testament about the wonderful workings of God in human history, and human society, are nothing in comparison with it, if you are looking for a miracle. It is wonderful.

I say, for the sake of argument I concede it all, every bit of it. But now, let me ask my agnostic friend, my evolutionist friend, what do you mean by force? What is it? Tell us what it is. Why, Herbert Spencer says "It is the great unknown, or at least that which lies back of it." It is a reality. Everything else is phenomenal. Yes, matter is phenomenal, motion is phenomenal, heat is phenomenal, electricity is phenomenal, the earth is phenomenal, life is phenomenal, man is a phenomenon, history is phenomenal. There is only one thing real. That is the Unknown—the Great Unknown. Well now, can you tell us, can you come any nearer to telling us what it is? "Yes," Herbert Spencer says "It is Power. It is a great Unknown Power that underlies everything here. Out of its own infinite potentialities it produces everything. It is power." Well, can't you come any nearer than that to telling us what it is? Think a moment. Can you find anything that comes within the range of our knowledge, of our consciousness, that will enable us to feel, or symbolize, or represent what it is? What is it?

Let me remind you my agnostic brother, if you want to tell what force is, if you want to tell what the fundamental reality is, if you want to tell what power is, you will have to retire within the depths of your own consciousness, and analyze the operations of your own will, your own volition, and in that will of yours you have consciousness of power, you can put forth force, you can bring about changes, you can modify matter, you can give direction to natural law by the energy of your own will, and when you want to represent to yourself or to anybody else what that Fundamental reality is, what persistence of force is, so that you can grasp it yourself in some degree, or have somebody else grasp it, you are compelled to say, "It is like my will, my own will." But then, that is a psychic fact. Your will is not a material fact. You cannot see it, nor hear it, nor touch it, nor taste it, nor smell it. You cannot subject it to any process of chemical analysis. You cannot find it by using the scalpel, but you are conscious of it as power. You know it to be power, and it is the only power in the universe that you do know. It is the only force that you know. You know modes of motion. You know movements of energy, as they give expression to themselves in matter, but the real force that you know is will force, and if you want something that will symbolize to you, that will help you to comprehend the underlying force of nature, why you have at last to say "It is will," and if you know it is power you say that it is. You know it is reality, you say you know that, but you say it is unknowable? Why, of course, it is unknowable, and in that sense every man is an agnostic. There is no man insane enough to say that he understands God—that he comprehends Him. The idea of the finite comprehending the Infinite. Why, you might just as well say that the outside of this house can be put inside of it. But then, because you do not know everything about that mysterious power does it follow that you do not know anything? If you do not know anything why do you name it? How do you know there is any sense to the name you give it? How do you know the name you give it when you call it "Power" has any meaning to it if you do not know anything about it? You have to say "It is will." What I want you to notice is, that you have to get down to that fundamental fact which evolution teaches underlies the development of this world's history which it calls force, the persistence of force, and when you get down to it it represents itself to you as will. In no other way. But that is a psychic fact, you know. I want you to keep that in mind, that it is a psychic fact.

I want to get before you another thought now; that is, that this whole process of evolution which has been going on through all these vast ages has followed a psychic law. Why, it is wonderful. Man, with his puny intellect, can come to this vast system of nature and analyze it, estimate it, and weigh it, and measure it, and understand it. It unfolds itself to him, and falls in line with his psychic organization, so that he can originate systems of astronomy, develop systems of natural science, develop a science of chemistry, develop a system of biology, a system of natural history of plants and of animals. He can explain to himself the whole thing. Do you not see that the entire system of nature falls into harmony with the great psychic law? It follows simply method. There is simply rational method in nature.

Now I am not saying that this whole thing was planned by an imaginary Being that existed in His loneliness throughout the eternities, and that He laid out unto Himself a plan, and then worked according to the plan and at last consummated the plan. I am not saying that. I am simply calling your attention to the fact that unless nature was ordered according to a psychic law you could not investigate nature with the methods of your psychic organization. You know that. Nature follows psychic law in her development. I want you to bear in mind another thing; that is this, that nature everlastingly from the first push, or the first pull if you want to call it that, from the first movement of that great persistent force, up to the very highest and last development of human civilization, that entire system of evolution has been working toward a psychic end. I am not saying that it has for the reason that there is any mind anywhere in the universe standing off and looking on and watching it and seeing that it is going on, but when we look back, when we follow the path that this persistent force has trod in all the way up, we see that it has been working to a psychic end.

Now, you talk about man being the crown of nature, in his hereditary and development by the law of evolution, or what you call the principal of natural selection, through long ages working on physical lines and from physical development. But don't you see, that after it had perfected the construction and development of matter on this globe, that it began to produce plants. It did not stop originating matter for anything that I know, and I guess it is so that worlds are in process of formation now, just as there were millions of years ago. There are still great central fountains of uncondensed, unconcentrated gas, which are being thrown off into worlds. I guess that is all so, but what I want you to notice is, that when this little ball of ours had finished its burning and formed its crust, and developed its soil, it produced plants, and when it had produced an abundance of plant life it began to produce higher forms of animal life.

What is the great fact, the distinguishing fact of animal life? It is psychical organization. Now then, there is much that is wonderful in the physical organization of a plant, and in the physical organization of some animals, but it is the psychic fact of animal life that impresses you—the instinct. You do not admire your beautiful dog because of his physical structure. What he knows, and can do, and learn, and the amount of affection he can show you, the interest he can take in you, that is it. It is the psychic fact that you admire in him.

And up, up, nature works, step by step, to higher evolution, and the more [illegible] psychic [illegible] begins when at last it produces man. And now admit the great fact of the origin of species by the working of natural selection. What then? Do you not know it has stopped? When man was produced it stopped its action. No species is produced now. Your law of evolution has changed its tactics. Your persistence of force has taken on another mood since man has been produced, and instead of going on evolving species—it has done all its work on that line—turns its attention now, with the beginning of man, to the evolution of psychic life, and the family, and the tribe, and the nation, and what you call civilization, and education and philosophy, and literature, and science, and religion, and history. It is the psychic result to which all this vast movement has been everlastingly working, and it pictures to you a bright and more glorious future for civilization.

If the war of the world which we are in is to be done away, and all those everlasting conflicts by which there has been evolved the "survival of the fittest" in the history of animal life, if they are all to be done away and psychic life is to be evolved by the influence of the law of universal brotherhood and charity—yes, charity—is to be the great law, and ethical culture is to produce the last result of the law of evolution, very well, be it so—have it all that way; but what, then, does it all mean? It means three things. The persistent, unknown force of the universe is psychic; that in its evolution of matter, of life, of mind, of history, it has followed a psychic law; that persistently it has been working toward a psychic result. What does that mean? Tell us what it means, will you? How are you going to explain it? It seems that there is a great, an infinite fountain of psychic energy underlying the universe, giving direction to its development and accomplishing its history, bringing out of it its highest possibilities. And what is that psychic energy but just another name for God? It is will, it is God. God is an unconditioned will conditioning himself in the creation of matter; conditioning himself more largely—that is, putting still greater limits upon himself in the production of man; conditioning himself, putting larger limits upon himself in the production of history. Why, you say, that is inconceivable. Is it? I wish you would show it to me. Have you not conditioned yourself, little bit of an insignificant thing that you are in this universe? You conditioned yourself when you got married, in a great many respects. You conditioned yourself, you put certain limits and restraints upon yourself, your desires, when you got married. You did not have to do it. There was no law compelling you to. The State did not compel you to; conscience did not compel you to; God did not compel you to; nature did not compel you to; you got married because you wanted to, but when you got married you conditioned yourself and put limits upon your own individuality and upon your wife. You did the same thing when you produced a family, and in doing that you put larger limits on yourself—you conditioned your own individuality and your own liberty, and circumscribed yourself, and compelled yourself to submit to conditions, and influences and necessities that were not pleasant always. Many things have happened that you would rather not have had. You put limits upon yourself, you conditioned yourself when you got married. You did that. The great Infinite Spirit, the great underlying power that we call God, did the same thing when he created matter. He did it more largely when he created man; still more largely when he admitted into this world of ours the history of sin. It is a wonderful thing, is it not? That is what I mean by the word God. I mean an unconditioned power or will that underlies this universe, that sustains it, that develops it, that proposes to perfect it. Is that all? you say. No, I mean a great deal more, but I have said enough to-night upon this subject for every agnostic to think about for a week, and for every religious crank to talk about for a month, and for every sober-minded man to reflect upon as long as he lives.

And now I want to tell you, just in a few words, why I worship this God. I worship him because, according to your theory, the law of evolution has endowed me with an irrepressible impulse to do it. I do it to gratify myself, for the same reason that I eat things that are good and not things that are not good. I do it for the same reason that I sleep, for the same reason that I earn money, for the same reason that I think, for the same reason that I go in society, for the same reason that I seek books and literature, for the same reason that I turn my mind to philosophy, to art, to music. I worship God because nature has organized me to do it. Is not that a good reason? I worship God further because there is within me a sense of sin. Now you agnostics and evolutionists do not like that word sin. It sounds harshly and out of harmony with the order of things, and so you call it the remains of the brute inheritance. Very well, I do not care what you call it. The fact is there, whether it be the result of my own folly, or whether it is an inheritance that has come up along with me from the brute life. It is there, and it annoys me, it vexes me. It worries me, it stands in my way, mars my peace, spoils my enjoyment, detracts from the harmonious development of my life, so I turn my face upward and look to the Infinite Spirit that your theory of evolution calls the unknowable, in order that I may be freed from the sense of sin or the remains of the brute inheritance, and I find nothing that brings me so near to the fundamental reality of the universe as prayer—nothing. Oh, my agnostic friend, if you will just retire within the depths of your own spirit for a little while, hide your face from the light of earth—fall down, as Elijah did. You know Elijah went into the wilderness and stood at the mouth of a great cave and a mighty wind shook the mountain, and it was full of grandeur, but the Lord was not in the wind. He did not see him. After the wind came an earthquake, and it shook the rocks, tore out projecting crags of the mountains, but the Lord was not in the earthquake. After the earthquake came fire, with its sweeping devastation and destruction, carrying death and ruin everywhere. It was grand, magnificent and awful, but the Lord was not in the fire. After the fire there came a still, small voice, and it was so when Elijah heard it that he wrapped his face in his mantel and went in again into the darkness of that cave, where no light could strike him, and with his face wrapped in his mantle and his thoughts turned inward upon himself, God spoke to him and said, "What does't thou here, Elijah?" My brother, try that. Try to get alone—alone with the fundamental reality; alone with that persistent force that moves heaven and earth, and the sun and the stars, and that inspires all life, and fills all living things with energy; try to get alone with it and commune with it, and out of the depths of that loneliness there will come at last the consciousness that you are very near to God, and that God is very near to you. Do not look at the moon, at the stars; do not think of a throne somewhere with a great king seated upon it; do not think of a being outside of yourself, but of a being that fills you, in whom you live and move and have your being, and worship that being "in spirit and in truth," and there will come into your soul a sweet, blessed peace, and assurance, and hope, and joy, and a clearness of spiritual perception that will dispel all darkness and drive away all clouds, and make the pathway of life clear and plain before you. My brother, try it. Never, never in the world, [illegible] prayer until you have tried it as thoroughly as Jesus Christ tried it, and [illegible] the polling guarantee to you, out of the [illegible] have the ness of my own experience, that you will realize that God is with you, and that the Christian religion is not a myth, but a living reality.

Chickweed Sellers in Paris.

It is strangely suggestive of the ups and downs of life to read that among the members of the society of chickweed sellers in Paris there are a large number of persons who were formerly in a much higher condition. It may not be generally known that the humble itinerant chickweed seller of Paris boasts of a syndicate, which, in default of a hall wherein to transact business, meets in the open air near the fortifications. At a recent meeting the question had to be decided whether what are known as "colifichet" men—that is to say, itinerant venders of a species of light cake for song birds—should be admitted into the society, and the votes were taken in this way—those who were for their admission put a cork in a basket, those against it put in an onion. The corks, on being counted, proving superior in number to the onions, the "colifichet" men were proclaimed members of the society of chickweed sellers.

In connection with the subject it is mentioned that among the members of this very humble corporation are to be found two doctors, one lawyer, four chemists, two manufacturers, twenty-nine wine merchants, one process server, four jewelers, nineteen brokers, eight grocers, two coppersmiths, four clockmakers and a dozen tradesmen in other lines. It would be curious to know by what vicissitudes or reverses of fortune such a change in the social position of these people was brought about. A professional man, or even a tradesman, must be, indeed, driven to the last extremity to take to selling chickweed at one sou a bunch to earn his bread.—London Standard.

Frozen Gas for Fuel.

According to a special from Muncie, Ind., which is the center of the Indiana natural gas fields, the number of chance discoveries has just been added to by one which will be of immense importance in the industrial world. The story is that a few days ago a service pipe line of natural gas had frozen near Mill Grove. To remedy the stoppage a joint of the pipe was detached. It was found that the joint was filled with ice, and one of the workmen pounded the pipe and a cylinder of ice about a foot long came out. One of the workmen said jestingly, "Well, there's some ice which ought to burn."

Some one then suggested that fire be applied to the ice. The ice caught fire and burned like a torch, so thoroughly was it impregnated with the natural gas. The burning gas furnished heat to melt the ice, and as it melted it liberated the gas, which burned as fiercely as if it had been coming out of a pipe.

All present were amazed at the phenomenon, and it was at once suggested that the discovery might prove of immense value by rendering it possible to freeze natural gas into blocks which could be sent out for use as fuel. It seems that the congealing had taken place under a pressure of 300 pounds to the square inch, and it will require investigation of chemical experts to decide whether the gas had been liquefied by the pressure and then frozen or not. Capitalists are investigating the discovery, and if practical a new industry will be developed in the natural gas fields.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Making Jewelry in State Prison.

The authorities have decided to begin manufacturing pearl buttons and pearl jewelry in the southern Illinois penitentiary, which is located in Chester. Warden Murphy has returned from Auburn, N. Y., where he engaged three experts to superintend the work. Arrangements have been made for the sale of the entire product, and the manufacturing will be done on the state's account.

One hundred convicts will be employed in the industry, which, it is claimed, will not antagonize the free labor of the state.—Cor. Jewelers' [illegible]

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THERE is one kind of plow that is a general favorite at home and abroad. It won the gold medal at Paris It took first honors in Australia It s the first choice in the Sandwich Islands, and t is the popular plow in Macon county The John Deere Plow, sold by the Spencer & Lehman Co. feb25 w2m

Republican District Primaries.

The Republicans of the several districts of Decatur township, except the Tenth district, which has already selected delegates to the Republican County Convention, to be held on APRIL 23d, are requested to meet in primary convention at the same places in which the primaries for the Township Convention were called on Friday, April 22d, at 7 30 p m, for the selection of delegates, as shown in the call for said Republican County Convention, as published in the REPUBLICAN

By order of the Township Central Committee
HARRY K MIDKIFF, Chairman
JOHN A BARNES, Secretary
mar26 tf

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the Fourteenth Congressional District will meet in delegate convention in

Decatur Ill Tuesday, April 26 1892,

at 11 o clock a m for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress a candidate for the State Board of Equalization and to name one Presidential Elector and two Delegates and two Alternates to the National Republican Convention at Minneapolis June 7, 1892 The representation for the several Counties in the District will be as follows

McLean	20
DeWitt	7
Platt	7
Logan	9
Macon	14
Total delegates	63

By order of the committee,
A I BARNES, Chairman
R H WOODCOCK Secretary

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

The formal call for the Republican State convention is as follows

The Republican voters of Illinois are requested to meet in county conventions and elect delegates to a Republican State convention to meet at Springfield, Wednesday, May 4, 1892, at 2 o'clock p m, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates to be voted for at the November election, 1892, to fill the following offices, to-wit

Governor
Lieutenant-Governor,
Secretary of State
Auditor of Public Accounts
State Treasurer
Attorney General
Three Trustees of the University of Illinois
Four Presidential Electors-at Large
Twenty District Electors
Two Congressmen at Large

Also for the selection of eight delegates at large and eight alternates at large to represent the state in the National Republican convention to be held at Minneapolis Minn June 7 1892 and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it

The basis of representation for the several counties will be held in the ratio of one delegate for every 500 votes cast for the Republican Presidential Electors in 1888 and one for each fraction thereof of not less than 150 votes provided the delegates from Cook county so elected, shall be called and shall vote by senatorial districts and the several wards and parts of wards comprising the senatorial districts which lie wholly or in part in the city of Chicago, to have their proportionate representation so far as is practicable

Under this basis of representation Macon county will be entitled to 11 delegates Heretofore the number has been 10

WE are in it this year greater than ever. Call and see our stock of Bicycles for 1892, or send for a catalogue. We have 28 different styles in solid cushion and pneumatic tires, we also have several high-grade 1892 wheels slightly damaged by water that will be closed out at a reduction of $50 each H MUELLER & SON 138 Merchant St mar23 d&w1m

H S. CLARK & CO, manufacturers o and dealers in Linseed Oil, Oil Cake Meal, Oil Cake, Flaxseed Meal, Manganese Oil Dryer, Druggists' Meal, etc. Parties wanting any oils or meals will do well by calling at the mill, corner of East Main and Broadway, Decatur, Ill Feb 25 w3m

THREE different makes of Planters at Fisher & Long s Call and see them before you buy March 24-w1m

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the several townships of Macon county are requested to select delegates to attend a County Convention to be held at the Court House in Decatur, on the 23d day of April, 1892, at 11 o clock a m, for the purpose of reorganizing the County Central Committee and selecting fourteen delegates to each of the following Conventions to wit

To the State Convention, to be held in Springfield on the fourth day of May

To the Congressional Convention to be hereafter called, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Convention

The representation in said Convention will be based upon the Republican vote cast for President Harrison in 1888, being one delegate for every fifty or fraction of twenty five votes or over

Each district or township will be entitled to the following delegates, to wit

	Delegates
Decatur, 1st District	2 "
" 2d "	2 "
" 3rd "	5 "
" 4th "	4 "
" 5th "	5 "
" 6th "	3 "
" 7th "	4 "
" 8th "	4 "
" 9th "	4 "
" 10th "	3 "
" 11th "	3 "
Total,	39
Austin township	2
Blue Mound township	3
Friend Creek township	3
Hickory township	2
Harristown township	1
Illini township	3
Long Creek	3
Macon	4
Maroa, 1st district	3
" 2d "	2
Milam	2
Mt Zion	3
Niantic	2
Oakley	2
Pleasant View	3
Wheatland	2
Whitmore	3
Total	43

All Republican voters are earnestly requested to attend their respective primaries in order that a full expression may be had in their selection of delegates

The primaries are urgently requested to see to it that some one person is selected at each primary meeting to be present at the County Convention as chairman for their district and representative on the County Republican Central Committee

The new Committee will meet immediately after the Convention to organize for the campaign

By order of the County Republican Central Committee
M F KANAN Chairman
JOHN A BARNES Secretary

Are WE IN IT This Spring?

Well, I Guess Yes!

You will agree with us if you call and examine our stock of Imported Novelties and Staples in

SUITINGS, TROUSERINGS AND OVERCOATINGS.

We take great pleasure in presenting our Spring Stock for your inspection, for never before have we had such an extensive and elegant line of Piece Goods to select from LATEST STYLES, BEST QUALITY, NOT A CHESTNUT AMONG THEM; and we can Save You Money, as we are the Cheapest House in the city, quality of goods, excellency of workmanship and elegance of cut and fit considered.

AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

KNOX STIFF AND SILK HATS.

We are the People for GOOD GOODS.
Call and examine our stock.

RACE CLOTHING M'F'G CO.,

129--135 North Water Street.

THE G. A. R. IN LINE.

PARADE OF 1,500 OLD SOLDIERS AT SPRINGFIELD.

Candidates For the Chief Offices—Illinois in the Senior Department

From Friday s Daily

In the great parade yesterday of old veterans attending the 26th annual encampment of the Illinois Department, Grand Army of the Republic, there were 1,500 in the procession. The enthusiasm was general last night and to-day, when the ballots were cast for officers for the ensuing year. The result will be announced to night There are 893 delegates in attendance, all entitled to a vote The candidates are

For Department Commander—P L McKinnie Moline, Ed Harlan, Marshall, and A D Cadwallader, Lincoln

Senior Vice Commander—L G Burdick, Centralia, Wm Venable, Macomb R C Royner, Pana W F Kenega, Kankakee

Junior Vice Commander—E A Keller, Chicago, S Freeman, S L Swiney, Kankakee A L Schimpff, Peoria D C Hecker, Galesburg, John Catlin, Ben Knowles

Medical Director—C T Orner, Bloomington, J R Corbus

Chaplain—C E Jones, Beardstown, John Hood, Galesburg W G Cochran, Sullivan O M Clark, Belleville

Council of Administration, five to elect—Louis Krughoff, Nashville A D Cadwallader, Lincoln W, H Venable, McComb, T W Cole, Rockford, O F Avery, Pontiac, W B Thistlewood, Cairo J E Evans, Monticello R M Smith, Greenup

FOR ILLINOIS

R M. Woods, chairman of the committee on Seniority, made a report, the conclusion being that the Illinois and not the Wisconsin Department is the Senior Department. The report s ates that the Grand Army was organized at Springfield in April, 1866, with B F. Stephenson as Department Commander; that on May 14th Adjutant General Woods by authority of the Department of Illinois, organized the Department of Wisconsin The committee recommended the adoption of a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of six to present the case of this Department at the National Encampment at Washington This resolution was adopted, and the following committee was appointed Ex Gov Richard J Oglesby, chairman, Major J A Connelly Springfield, Major R M Woods, Joliet, F G Lawler, Rockford Gen H H Thomas, Chicago Gen Horace Clark, Mattoon

During yesterday afternoon Gen John Palmer, of New York, Commander in Chief of the G A R, arrived, and was escorted f om the train to the state house by a committee Gen Palmer, on arriving at the convention hall, was received with cheers, and addressed the comrades briefly.

The report of Adjt Gen McKinnie shows a membership of 33,984 in Illinois, a net gain of 343, the largest membership ever known in this department Seven posts were organized last year and seven surrendered their charters During the year 477 died, a smaller percentage than usual The amount expended for reliefs is $9,443 89

THE W R C

The Convention of the Illinois Relief Corps convened in the Senate chamber, President Mary A Bradley in the chair Mrs Bradley read her annual address, which gave the record of the work of the year Other officers presented their reports Mrs Flora Miller read a report of her visit on last Memorial Day to the Stone River cemetery, near Nashville, Tenn, where 23,000 Union soldiers are buried Each grave in the cemetery was decorated with flags sent by the Department of Illinois Five hundred dollars were pledged to pay the $1000 owed on Andersonville cemetery by the Department of Georgia A camp-fire was held at Representatives Hall last night Speeches were made by Gov Fifer, Gen H. S Clark, Mrs Sue P Sanders, Bishop Fallows, Gen Pavey and others

LADIES OF THE G A R

The provisional department of ladies of the G A R met in the parlors of the Leland hotel, and after an eloquent address by the provisional department president, Dr Belle L Reynolds, the delegates present voted to form a permanent department The national president, Mrs. M O Cartlidge, presided Much business was transacted and the following officers elected President, Mrs Philip Gunlock of Chicago, senior vice president, Mrs G W King of Aurora, junior vice president, Mrs Mary Polk of La Grange, treasurer, Mrs Z R Winslow, chaplain, Mrs. Mary C Wales, department counsellor, Mrs Arthur Quintan, council of administration, Mrs. Annie Stickles, Mrs James Hubbard, Mrs M. E Hunter, Mrs. O E Hurst, national counsellor, and daughter of Louisville, Ky, were present

From Saturday s Daily.

At a late hour last night the 1892 meeting of the Illinois Department, Grand Army of the Republic, closed at Springfield, to assemble in the same city in 1893

NEW OFFICERS.

The following is the list of elective officers for the ensuing year

Department Commander, Ed Harlan Marshall Senior Vice Commander W F Kenega, Kankakee Junior Vice Commander, A L Schimpff Peoria Medical Director J R Corbus, Chicago Chaplain, W G Cochran Lovington Council of Administration, Louis Krughoff Nashville A D Cadwalader, Lincoln W H Venable, Macomb T W Cole, Rockford O F Avery, Pontiac

The several candidates received votes as follows

For Department Commander—P. L. McKinnie, 282, Ed Harlan, 483, A D Cadwalader, 49 For Senior Vice-Commander—L G Burdick, 177 W W Venable, 53 R C Cogner, 144, W F Kenega 355 For Junior Vice-Commander (first ballot)—E A Keeler, 123 S Freeman, 13 S L Swiney, 15 A L Schimpff, 237, D S Hecker, 35 John Catline, 8, Ben Knowles, 215 (Second ballot)—Schimpff, 171, Knowles, 111 For Medical Director—J R Corbus, 372 C T Orner 152 For Chaplain—C E Jones, 12 John Hood, 98, W G Cochran, 173

NATIONAL DELEGATES.

Delegates to the National Encampment at Washington were selected as follows

First, Second, Third and Fourth Congressional Districts (Cook county)—Gen H H Thomas, Post 5 W S Kaufman Post 28 J L Danenhower, Post 91 James Donahue, Post 9

Fifth—W H Watson, Aurora
Sixth—P H Talbott, Rochelle
Seventh—J R Cottle, Princeton
Eighth—F H Hobbs Yorkville
Ninth—J N Marton, Lakin
Tenth—J M Brown, Toulon
Eleventh—W H Givens, Hamilton
Twelfth—E B Hamilton, Quincy
Thirteenth—Ed A Baxter Pawnee
Fourteenth—Norman Pringle, Decatur
Fifteenth—A P Cunningham, Champaign
Sixteenth—W A Ewing Neoga
Seventeenth—W H Anderson, Beecher City
Eighteenth—P M Romiser, Belleville
Nineteenth—Jasper Partridge, Carmi
Twentieth—Thomas E Alexander, Sparta

Delegates at Large—O H Oldroyd, Springfield J L Bennett, Chicago James A Connolly, Springfield James O Donnell, Chicago George Hunt Paris, C H Castle, Quincy P G Galvin, Pana R M Woods, Joliet, W M Venable, Macomb J M Clokey, Decatur O F Avery, Pontiac R B Stenson, Anna E S Watts, Oak Park, John C Black, Chicago

STATE W. R C OFFICERS.

Department president, Mrs Sarah A. Hannon of Cairo, senior vice president, Mrs Helen Bristol of Quincy, junior vice-president, Mrs. Nellie Sitsel of Pecatonica, treasurer, Mrs Mary McCauley of Olney, chaplain, Mrs Salome Wilson of Lincoln

There were four candidates for department president, as follows: Mrs. Sarah Hannon of Cairo, Mrs Mary Bradley of Decatur, Miss Jennie Brose of Morris, and Mrs. Sue Simpson of Peoria. Mrs. Hannon was elected on the second ballot. The executive committee was elected and is composed of the following Miss Jennie Brose of Morris, Mrs. Sara Bradford of Taylorville, Mrs Mary A Bradley of Decatur, Mrs Julia G. Seine of Chicago, and Mrs. E L. Leverton of Palestine Five delegates to the national convention were chosen, and Mrs. Flora Miller of Monticello was chosen delegate-at large

Decatur Township—Official

Official declaration of the canvass of the vote cast on Tuesday, April 5th, 1892, made by the lawfully constituted board of canvassers of Decatur township, Macon county, state of Illinois, made this 8th day of April, A D 1892

ASSISTANT SUPERVISORS—3 ELECTED		PLU
Wm H Starr	1504—	257
Thomas A Quinn	1408—	68
A H Cope	1456—	251
John C Campbell	124[illegible]	
F K Hillenbrandt	1201	
N D Myers	1200	
N B Adams	315	
I F Lokey	328	
J E Murray	272	
TOWN CLERK		
John Nicholls	1431—	132
C W Montgomery	1299	
Robert Hunter	277	
ASSESSOR		
S F Keeler	1430—	160
Oliver White	1270	
Samuel R Gher	290	
COLLECTOR		
R P Lytle	1537—	417
R A Wilson	1120	
Levi Fowl	249	
COMMISSIONER OF HIGHWAYS		
D A Maffit	1384—	24
Charles Wheeler	1360	
Michael Lichinger	253	
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE		
W H Shorb	1399—	82
J Q A Odor	1317	
John S Kizer	93	
POUND MASTER		
Nelson Hagerman	1107—	21
I Bagley	1[illegible]	
Frank Dill	1	

H F MAY, Supervisor,
S I KELLER Assessor
JOHN NICHOLLS, Town Clerk,
Official Board

MADE THE MEN STAY OUT

Danville Women Meet in Secret to Plan Their School Board Campaign

From Friday s Daily

The ladies had a very creditable political meeting at the court house at Danville yesterday They excluded all men, including reporters. Mrs M. V Woods was elected chairman, and Mrs W F Little secretary. They thought that the mothers and sisters were more interested in the teaching of the children than the men, and they decided to appoint Mrs B. F Cook, Helen Brachall, D. G Moore, Lizzie Kyger and D C Gore on a committee to select candidates to fill three vacancies in the school board

The ladies purpose to turn out in full force at the school election a week from next Saturday and elect their ticket. The meeting was attended by 300 of the best women in the city

THERE is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable For a great many years doctors pronounced it local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F J Cheney & Co, Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful It acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure Send for circulars and testimonials Address,
F J CHENEY & Co, Toledo, O
☞ Sold by druggists, 75c

Special Bargains

during this month in Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Bleached and Brown Muslins Crashes, Table Linens, Towels and all Housekeeping Goods, at Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods & Carpet Co

FISHER & LONG sell the only genuine New Departure Cultivator sold in the city March 24-w1m

MEMBERS OF OLD POST ONE.

Annual Reunion Meeting at G. A. R. Hall—Letters and Resolutions.

From Thursday's Daily

Yesterday afternoon, at 2 o clock, the annual reunion meeting of the society of Old Post One, Grand Army of the Republic, was held at the hall of Dunham Post The occasion was the 26th anniversary of the organization of the order, which had its birth in Decatur Dr. B. F Sibley, vice-president, was in the chair.

The surviving charter members present were G R Steele M F Kanan and B F Sibley. Other members of the Old Post present were James F Steele, C C Glass of Indianapolis, C H Fuller, I. N. Martin, Sr., C H. Schlosser, W W. Peddeford, Aaron Smick, S B Crissey, Norman Pringle, E J Roberts, W R. Bradley, P R Williams, C M Imboden, W F Martin, A N Diehl, F L. Hayes, R M Hamilton and J W. Reavis.

OFFICERS.

The following officers for the ensuing term were elected M. F Kanan, president, Benj F Sibley, vice president, G. R. Steele, secretary, C M. Imboden, treasurer. Members of the executive board J T. Bishop, Chris. Riebsame, Isaac N Coltrin, Charles H Fuller, Peter H Schlosser and Norman Pringle.

PRESENTATION.

A pleasant feature of the meeting was the presentation to the society of a solid silver brick which was sent to the charter members of Old Post One by Mrs. Lydia Toland-McKee, a year ago, on the occasion of the silver anniversary of the order. The brick weighs just one-half pound, is solid silver, and one side bears the names of the twelve charter members of the old post On the other side is 'G. A. R." worked in monogram, and on the edges the name of the donor.

LETTERS

A large number of letters from absent members, and among the rest was the following from Dr. S. T Trowbridge, now of Napa, Cal It was written to Major Steele, secretary of the society, under date of March 21, and is as follows

NAPA, Cal, March 21, 1892

Major George R Steele, Secretary "Society Old Post One," G A R

DEAR COMRADE —I am just in receipt of yours of the 10th inst, inviting me to be present at the annual meeting of the Society to be held in Decatur April 6 prox. How really happy I would now feel if I were writing 'I will be there A facetious writer once said that poor old "John Rogers was burned at the stake with nine small children at the breast ' I am far happier than Rogers was, for I have nineteen that draw from my commissariat for subsistance, and I must see to it that the drafts they draw are duly honored Thanks to the saviours of our country, who have made it possible for me, thus far, to do so. I cannot make headway with this letter, for so soon as my mind rambles over the imaginary meeting so shortly to be convened, its objects, its members, the place at which it is to be held and the ten thousand other impressions of old associations come up to paralyze the pen Rough mountains, rolling rivers, placid plains and 2,500 miles in distance, rise up to say, "Young man, you stay at home. Do your work as you have always had to do, and be content." However much I regret it, this is the order of fate Hence, pass my good wishes to the comrades of your Society, and say I hope for each and every one a happy meeting and a pleasant voyage through life. This Old Post One is the pioneer corps of the Grand Army of the Republic And who can lay a fault at the door of that noble order? It stands pure and spotless before the world, and commands the admiration of all who know and justly judge its motives To stand upon the spot where twenty six years ago the soil was broken in which the germinating seed of the Grand Army of the Republic was first planted, to be an agent and participator in that planting, to see, as the fulness of light, 4 000 posts, and 400,000 members encircling the earth with the badge and button, would make one feel that inspiration held in its giant grasp the destinies of men, and shout "cast off thy shoes' the ground on which you stand is holy ground " The temple erected then and there sends its offerings to the hearts of patriots, teaches the coming generations the cost and value of liberty and equality, spreads its mantle of charity and beneficence over affliction and want, its missionaries have proselyted France and Brazil, and planted its principles in every land on earth As yet we have but seen the glorious flower, the budding fruit will ripen soon The mission of this parent post has not ended yet Its scions have builded strongly on the rocks the soldiers' homes and hospitals and widows' and orphans' retreats, have reared their monuments in cemeteries and on battle fields, have given a national holiday, placed a banner on all our educational buildings, have made reunions redolent with heartful recreation and a triumphal pilgrimage to the shrine of loyalty and patriotism. They will, in the near future, give a memorial hall to this Mecca of the Grand Army of the Republic That bell in Independence Hall which "rang out liberty through all the land" is sacred metal to more millions of the world's inhabitants than a thrice told census of this nation's people, and every age adds value to its precious compound, and from its kindred qualities of sentiment these various monuments descending from this parent post will live in history ages after the last veteran of the rebellion shall have been mustered out In conclusion, comrades, I give you a sentiment

'The G A R button '
Tis but a small a little thing
That rests upon your coat

It's bronze—not brilliant, and its ring is an awful discord that rumbles in the dyspeptic region of a rebel just every time it jingles

Its Patriotic Vote

Resolutions were adopted emphasizing the claim of Illinois to the right of the line in National parades

N W RUCKER has bought the Combs' restaurant, 114 North Water street, where he is prepared to serve good square meals for 25 cents Lunch at all hours. Oysters in every style. 25w1m

QUEER VOTING

Echoes of Incidents at the Polls on Election Day.

The judges and clerks at the late township election in Decatur, where the kangaroo ballot, under the Australian system, was first used by the voters, tell remarkable stories as to queer ways some of the electors adopted in voting

One elderly gentleman who looked at the new ballot quizzically as he received it, went into the booth slowly, apparently trying to read the names He was a long time behind the curtain He came out once, looked strangely at the judges and then again disappeared into the booth Finally he handed the ballot folded to the judge and passed out to tell a friend that he used neither pencil or pen in making out his ticket He confessed that he simply folded it and forked it over to the judge and got out of the dilemma as best he could "I just didn't know what to do with it," he said, and consequently there was at least one blank vote in that district

In another quarter of the district a colored man was extremely anxious to vote against a certain candidate He got his ticket, but he did not know what to do with it, he wanted help to mark it, but when the colored man said with emphasis that he could read and write, under the law he could not be given help. The voter went into the booth and fixed his ballot, and saw that it was put into the box. Then he swaggered off to his friends, 100 feet away, and told them in a boastful way that he had fixed his man; he had just put a cross in the square at the left of his name, and had made no other mark. When the voter was made to realize that he had voted for the man he was so anxious to down, the air was blue with profanity and the voter made a run for the polling place to see if he could not have the mark taken off. It was no go The ballot was properly counted as marked. Next time that colored voter will go to night school before election day and get posted. Even now he is seeking information.

One party, a prohibitionist, thought he had the system down pat. He went into the booth with his ticket and came out in a few moments He had taken his pen, and paying no attention to circles or squares, he put two large crosses over the face of the Republican and Democratic names, running from the right and left from the top to the bottom. That ballot was thrown out and not counted.

Another queerly marked ticket had a cross in each of the three circles The man that voted that ticket no doubt thought he could give the election board pointers in voting under the new system. But he had no voice in the result.

So far as reported there were but three to nine errors in the districts in Decatur township

An Old Case Revived

The case of Snell vs. Taylor has been on the chancery docket in the DeWitt county court for nineteen years. It was begun in 1873 by Col Thomas Snell, who, in partnership with the defendant, Col. Abner Taylor, had invested in Chicago real estate to the amount of several hundred thousand dollars, before the great fire The profits and all the cash was handled by Col Taylor, who, from time to time, would turn over some of the money to Col Snell. Col Snell brought the suit to force Taylor to make a final settlement The case has been dragging along for about nineteen years, but last week it was settled by the master in-chancery reporting that Col Taylor owed Col Snell the sum of $76,000 with interest since the suit begun. Col Taylor's attorney was not ready to enter into details this week, so the matter was settled by Judge Lacey agreeing to go to Clinton, May 3, and render a decision. It is thought that the case will yet go to the appellate and supreme courts before being finally settled

Insurance Statistics.

The annual statements required by law of the life insurance companies doing business in Illinois, exhibiting their condition on December 31, 1891, and the business transacted by them during the year 1891, have been filed with the auditor of public accounts The statements show that 98,559 policies were written in this state during 1891 covering $72,285,958 of insurance, of which 74 523 policies and $8,343,290 of insurance were industrial insurance On December 31, 1891, there were in force in this state 201 491 policies and $260,072 059 of insurance. Of this amount there was $11,695 45 of industrial insurace The premiums received by the companies in this state during 1891 amounted to $8,521,159 93 The losses amounted to $2,887,715 64

One Hundred Years Ago.

On Sunday next Mrs. Polly Wikel of Atlanta, the mother of Mrs Burrows, will be one hundred years old Mrs. Wikel is of German descent, was born in Pennsylvania and is well preserved for one of that age A few weeks ago she was seriously ill, but she is now up again, with a prospect of living some years yet She has a brother in Pennsylvania who she has not seen for sixty years He is over ninety years old, but, as he is quite active, there is talk of his coming out to the celebration of his sister s centenary – *Lincoln Herald*

A CHILD of Mr John Pears had the scald head, and had been under the treatment of physicians without relief. It was cured by Chamberlain's *Eye and* Skin Ointment and is now well and all right. W. R MILLER & SON, Brisco, Iowa. 25 cent boxes for sale by W. F. Nessler. d&w

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Decatur Weekly Republican.

VOL. XXV. DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1892 NO. 37

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
HAMSHER & CALHOUN,
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Office—128 South Water Street, opposite the court house.

TERMS:
For Annum, in Advance,... ..... $1.00
If not paid in Advance,..... ..... 1.50

LOCAL NEWS.

THREE, $8—Hoskins & Moore, dentists

THE Christian ministers are within our gates for a few days.

ALOHA will be sent to St. Louis Saturday next to go in the races.

MAY 4 the Republican state convention will be held at Springfield.

IT will be unlawful to kill ducks, geese or other wild water fowl after the 15th of the present month.

FRANK EAST, of this city, has been granted an original pension through the agency of M. Shea.

ASSUMPTION is to have a new $10,000 opera house and R. O. Rosen, of this city, has just completed the plans for the same.

AT the trial of the Atteberry brothers at Shelbyville the attorneys for the defense will be Eben A. Richardson, John R. Eden and H. J. Hamlin.

JUDGE VAIL will return from Tuscola Friday afternoon, and hold court Saturday to hear the application for a new trial in the Hunter election fraud case.

AT the meeting of the Decatur Trotting Association held last night B. Z. Taylor, former secretary of the association, was chosen a member of the board of directors.

THE first number of the new German paper, the *Macon County Deutsche Zeitung*, appeared to-day. It is an eight-column folio, edited and published by Amin Vogel.

FRANC B. WILKIE, a well known Chicago newspaper man, formerly connected with the *Times*, died last evening at his home in Norwood Park Chicago, after a long illness.

KATIE SEARCH, daughter of the late Mrs. F. A. Search, in the will of the deceased, is named as the only heir to $600 worth of personal property. Miss Search is the executrix without bond.

THE celebrated Haines Upright pianos can be had in Decatur only at C. B. Prescott's music parlor on North Main street. Step in and look at the fine display of instruments. Prices low and terms easy.

SATURDAY J. J. Sanrio, aged 83 years, was found dead in his bed at the Sackriter hotel at Monticello. He had been dead about six hours. Heart failure, preceded by the grip, was the cause of death.

DEPUTY MIDKIFF was called to the county jail yesterday to handle J. A Winslow, the insane young man, who had torn all the clothing off his person. James obeyed Midkiff promptly, but all others who approached him did so at their peril.

"AFTER a varied experience with many so-called cathartic remedies, I am convinced that Ayer's Pills gave the most satisfactory results. I rely exclusively on these Pills for the cure of liver and stomach complaints."—John B. Bell, Sr., Abilene, Texas.

DRS. Farmer, B. Walston and Kennedy performed an operation on Rhody Bates' jaw at the poor farm Sunday. Last fall Bates fractured his jaw and when the physicians operated on him he bound the pieces of jawbone by silver wire. The bone healed and another operation was now necessary in order to remove the silver wire.

MRS. NANCY SMITH was buried at Maroa to-day. Her age was 73 years. Her sons are H. J. Russell, of Bronson, Kan.; W. H. Russell, of Kenton, O., G. W. Russell, at Ontario, Cal.; Frank, in Tennessee and Loren, in Colorado. Mrs. Anna Hollingshead, a daughter, resides at Joplin, Mo., and Mrs. Charles Huff, another daughter, at Maroa.

Mortuary.

From Wednesday's Daily

The funeral of the late Mrs Maggie Rhodes, wife of Henry Rhodes, who died of heart disease east of Maroa Monday night, aged 40 years, took place this afternoon from the Union church. Mrs. Rhodes was a daughter of Jacob Spangler and a sister of Mrs. W. J. Long of Decatur, Wm. Spangler of Oreana, Jacob Spangler of Sherman, Texas, Mrs. A. J. Daily of Walnut Grove, Cal., Mrs. H. L. Reeshaw of Alvord, Texas, and Mrs. Lula Lever of Chicago. She leaves a husband and six children to mourn her loss.

Wanted.

Two horses, not under 6 or over 8 years old; weight about 1,200 pounds each. Must be good, active, and sound in every way. Must be presented on or before Monday, April 18. Call at C. M. Caldwell's livery stable. 12-d&w1w

DIED.

At 1367 East Orchard street, April 12, at 1:30 a. m., August Ludwig, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. August Laskowski, aged 2 months and 17 days.

MEETING AT THE ST. NICK.

Conference of Members of the Non-Partisan W. C. T. Alliance.

From Monday's Daily.

This afternoon a conference of representative officers of the Non-Partisan Woman's Christian Temperance Alliance is in progress in parlors 19 and 20 at the St. Nicholas hotel, with Mrs. M. E. Walker, of Cerro Gordo, president of the Fourteenth District organization, in charge. Mrs. Ellen J. Phinney, of Cleveland, O., National President, and Mrs. Poppele, of Mt. Pulaski, were also in attendance. It is the purpose of Mrs. Phinney to remain in this vicinity a week or longer to complete the district organization. She has formed an auxiliary alliance at Mt. Pulaski, and the conference here will doubtless result in the formation of a Decatur society. Mrs. Walker and Mrs. Phinney believe with Mrs. Foster that better work for the temperance cause can be accomplished through non-partisan effort than by joining hands with any political party. Quite a number of Decatur ladies are in attendance at the hotel conference.

UNDER COLD WATER.

Baptism Sunday Afternoon at the Maffit Bridge.

Over 1,000 people comfortably attired gathered on the banks of the Sangamon river, near D. A. Maffit's ice houses, to witness the baptism of two converts of the Church of God, a young man and a young woman, who were immersed by Rev. Rodgers. The temperature was at about 60 degrees in the sun, in the water something like 40 degrees. The converts were attired in loose garments and were put under the chilly water one at a time Everybody took a lively interest in the ceremony, and all sympathized with the young man and young woman who were unfortunate in selecting such a chilly time for the baptism. The converts shivering with cold were hurried to the Maffit residence, where both put on dry clothing, and were soon warm and comfortable. No one appeared to have much anxiety for the minister. He was used to such experiences and took care of himself. It was a busy afternoon for Mr. and Mrs. Maffit, whose home was crowded with strange people all afternoon.

Death of Mrs. L. M. Miller.

From Monday's Daily.

Sunday evening at 6 o'clock, at the family residence, No. 159 West Eldorado street, Mrs. Lurania M. Miller passed away in death, after a brief illness, in the 85th year of her age.

Lurania M. Wilson was born February 22, 1809, near Columbia, in St. Clair county, Illinois. In 1836 she became the wife of William Miller, residing in St. Clair county until 1861. She was the mother of nine children. The family resided at Bethel, near Jacksonville, Ill., in 1865, where Mr. Miller died. The deceased never married again, but devoted her life to her home and children, who, as they became strong, made the declining years of their loving mother comfortable and pleasant. The surviving children are J. H. Miller and Mrs. W. H. Hendricks, of Springfield; Rev. George Miller, the evangelist, Mary L. Miller, Lizzie M. Miller and William R. Miller, the last two named children being mutes. Mrs. Miller had been a member of the Methodist church nearly all of her long life.

Miss Susie Shaw's Injuries.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Dr. H. J. Weyl was called to Maroa yesterday to assist his son, Dr. George Weyl, in the case of Miss Susie Shaw, daughter of a school teacher, Chill Shaw, who was seriously hurt yesterday. The young lady had taken her father to his school, south of Maroa, in a buggy, and on the return home the horse ran away. Miss Shaw was thrown through a barbed wire fence against a tree. The wire cut her shockingly on the face and neck, and the contact with the tree fractured her skull near the forehead. She may recover, as the depression is slight. Major Emery who was in Decatur to day states that hopes are entertained that Miss Shaw will recover. She is 20 years of age. Her condition this morning was not alarming. The horse took fright at a dog in the road and got beyond the control of Miss Shaw.

W. R. C. National Delegates.

The convention of the Woman's Relief Corps, department of Illinois, closed at Springfield Saturday. The newly elected officers were installed by Mrs. Sarah M. Bradford. The following were elected delegates to the national convention: Mrs. J. M. Bryant, Mrs. Esther Wood and Mrs. Susie C. Davis of Springfield; Mrs. Wallace of Chicago; Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. Reilly and Mrs. Strain of Englewood, and Miss Carrolton of Bloomington.

Whitmore Township.

The Republicans of Whitmore township are requested to meet in convention in the town hall at Oreana, Ill., on Thursday, the 21st day of April, 1892, at 8 o'clock p. m., to elect a chairman; also to elect 3 delegates to the county convention. JAMES LICHTENBERGER, Chm'n.

The Michael Troutman Case.

From Monday's Daily.

The readers of the REPUBLICAN will recall the fact that last November Michael Troutman sold to E. S Gray a farm of 200 acres in Coles county for $1,000 cash, subject to a mortgage of $3,000, and that after the sale it was alleged that Troutman was not of sound mind when he made the sale, and had sacrificed the property. Previous to the death of Troutman, Mr. Troutman and his wife caused an injunction to be issued, restraining Gray from selling the land, and also forbidding the tenant, O. D. Barber, from giving Gray possession.

This morning, in the circuit court, Gray, by his attorneys, Buckingham & Schroll, asked Judge Vail to set aside the injunction and permit him to take possession of the property. Affidavits were read tending to show that when Troutman sold the land he was of sound mind; that in his conduct there was nothing to justify a suspicion that he was not competent to do business. There were quite a large number of these affidavits, both from citizens of Mattoon and citizens of Decatur. The attorneys representing the Troutman estate, Crea & Ewing and Bunn & Park, met these affidavits with counter affidavits tending to show that the deceased at the time he sold the farm was under an hallucination and was unfit to do business. Many of the affidavits read showed that the farm at the time of the sale was worth at least $40 an acre and that Troutman sold the land under the hallucination that he would be financially ruined if he did not sell the land to Gray, notwithstanding the fact that he could have sold it for twice what Gray paid him. The judge reserved his decision until he could look further into certain authorities.

Gone to Chicago.

James Sheehan, the alleged pickpocket who to escape Officer Dempsey at the depot last Friday night, grabbed the rear of a Wabash train and was dragged to Bement, 20 miles away, left last night for Chicago, accompanied by a young woman named Daisy Davis, who came here after Jim. Sheehan on Sunday had one of his feet amputated. There is no positive evidence against him, and he will not be prosecuted. Miss Davis appeared to have plenty of money, and was quite attentive to Sheehan. John O'Rourke, who was arrested that Friday night, is now in jail at Springfield, charged with having made an attempt to rob I. N. Martin, of this city.

F. M. B. A. Officers.

Delegates representing the Macon County F. M. B. A. met in annual session yesterday in the grand jury room. There were present about sixteen members, representing the twelve active lodges in the county. The order formerly had about twenty five lodges, but the number has decreased to the smaller number. The delegates elected these officers:

President—W. P. Davidson, Macon.
Vice-President—J. M. Burcham, Mt. Zion.
Secretary—D. A. Good, Bearsdale.
Treasurer—O. T. Wells, Elwin.

Matters of interest to the order were discussed. The meeting adjourned until the third Tuesday in August, thus dropping out a quarterly meeting.

Weedon Smith Defeated.

There was another election at Mt. Zion Saturday for school trustee, to serve three years, in place of George B. Spitler, Democrat, whose term had expired. The judges were George Spitler and A. M. Phillips; clerk, J. S. Hughes. The candidates were: J. B. Henry, Republican; and Weedon Smith, Democrat. Usually but 15 or 20 votes are cast at such elections, but this time the Democrats made a special effort to elect Mr. Smith, and when the Republicans got onto the game they hustled a little bit themselves and won the battle. The vote was: Henry, 52; Smith, 48.

The Hunter Case.

From Monday's Daily.

The motion for a new trial in the Hunter case was called up this morning, but the Troutman case, and the fact that the judge had to leave for Tuscola, where he will hold court this week, prevented the presentation of affidavits and arguments, and the hearing of the motion was postponed until next Saturday.

Hunter will thus have another week to study over his folly and come to the only sensible conclusion possible, namely, to appeal to the mercy of the court, get the lightest sentence possible, end the matter and go and sin no more.

Mt. Zion Nominations.

There was a union meeting of the voters of the village of Mt. Zion, held on April 2, when both old parties joined in making up the ticket, which is to be submitted to a vote of the people next Tuesday. The ticket is known as the "People's Ticket," with Mr. McGaughey as the only Democrat nominated. The ticket is as follows:

President—John Downey.
Trustees—J. R. McGaughey.
" J. A. Draper.
" Alex Armstrong.
Clerk—S. D. Smith.
Police Magistrate—U. G. Draper.

MINISTERIAL INSTITUTE.

Tenth Annual Meeting of the Christian Preachers in Session To-Day.

From Tuesday's Daily

The tenth annual meeting of the Central Illinois Ministerial Institute convened this afternoon at the Christian church, and will continue in session until Thursday night. Below we print a list of visiting ministers who have already reported to the pastor, Rev. E. B. Cake: Rev. J. B. Dabney, of El Paso; Rev. W. H. Carmon, of Lexington; Rev. G. A. Miller, of Normal; Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Robinson, of Mt. Pulaski; Rev. W. A. Humphrey, of Washburn; Rev. J. W. Strong, of Antioch; Rev. Z. Beckleheymer, of Eureka; Rev. J. M. Robinson, of Illiopolis; Rev. W. W. Weeden, of Taylorville; Rev. and Mrs. J. B. Pickrell, of Buffalo; Rev. A. J. Kane, of Springfield; Rev. T. T. Holton, of Tallula; Rev. A. P. Cobb, of Springfield; Rev. E. T. Johnston, of Tallula; and Revs. John and James Lemon, W. F. Ingraham and G. W. Thomas. The following program was observed this afternoon:

2:00—Worship.....
2:30—Address..... The Higher Criticism
A. P. Cobb.
3:30—Discussion..... Led by J. W. Allen
3:45—General Discussion.....
Report of Critics.....

From Wednesday's Daily.

This is a profitable and instructive season of conference and interchange of thought with the ministers of the Christian church of Central Illinois, assembled in institute session at the Christian church on North Main street. Those assigned to topics are among the brightest preachers, and the discussions which follow the presentation of papers are of interest not only to the ministers but to the visitors who gather to enjoy the meeting. Last night the church was crowded to hear Rev. A. J. Kane, of Springfield, deliver the sermon on "The World's Great Question."

During the afternoon session Rev. A P. Cobb, of Springfield, son-in-law of Andrew Dennis, and a former resident of Decatur in the days when he grew to manhood, delivered a scholarly address on "The Higher Criticism." The address treated of the bible, its critics, the scoffers and how the book has withstood the assaults of the critics of all ages. No other book, says Schaff, has attracted so much attention, provoked so much opposition, outlived so many persecutions, called forth so many reverence and gratitude, inspired so much noble thoughts and deeds, administered so much comfort and peace from the cradle to the grave to all classes and conditions of men. It is more than a book; it is an institution, an all prevading omnipresent force, a converting, sanctifying, transforming agency; it rules from the pulpit to the chair; it presides at the family altar; it is the sacred ark of every household, the written conscience of every christian man, the pillar of cloud by day, the pillar of light of night in the pilgrimage of life. Mankind is bad enough and human life dark enough with it; but how much worse and how much darker they would be without it? Christianity might live without the letter of the New Testament but not without the facts and truths which it records and teaches. Were it possible to banish them from the world the sun of our civilization would be extinguished, and mankind left to midnight darkness, with the dreary prospect of a dreamless and endless Nirvana. But no power on earth or in hell can extinguish that sun. There it shines on the horizon, the king of day obscured at times by clouds great or small, but breaking through again and again, and shedding light and life from east and west, until the darkest corners of the globe shall be illuminated. The past is secure; God will take care of the future.

TO-DAY'S SESSION.

To-day's meeting opened this morning at the church with a large attendance of ministers and members of the church and the following interesting programme was observed:

8:30—Workers Seeking Divine Aid.....
.....J. D. Dabney
9:00—Attitude of the Preacher to Social and Political Questions.....
1. Social—"Relation of the Preacher to Secret Societies".....W. W. Weeden
4:45—Discussion..... Led by J. Lemmon
10.00—General Discussion.....
10:15—2. Political.....W. H. Bowles of Eureka
11:00—Discussion.....J. B. Jewitt
11:15—General Discussion.....
Report of Critics.....Brooks Gilliland

The following committees were appointed by President W. A. Humphrey at the meeting this morning:

Committee on Obituaries—Revs. W. W. Weedon, A. J. Kane and Corner.

Committee on Place for Holding Next Meeting—Revs. W. A. McGinniss, E. C. Stark and C. B. Dabney.

Committee on nominations—Revs. J. B. Dabney, F. P. Hatton and L. B. Pickerell.

Committee on resolutions—Revs. H. M. Brooks, M. J. Martin and L. M. Robinson.

Committee on ministerial standing—Revs. W. H. McGinniss, W. W. Weeden and J. B. Dabney.

At the afternoon meeting to-day the following program was observed:

AFTERNOON SESSION.

1:50—Devotional.....
2:30—Institute Business.....
3:00—Address by James Kirk. Subject: "Relation of the Preacher to Our Public Schools."
3:30—Address......"Popular Amusement"
W. H. Cannon.
4:00—Discussion..... Led by S. S. Jones
4:15—General Discussion.....
4:30—Critic's Report.....

A POINT OF ORDER.

While Rev. Boles was delivering a printed address on th "Relation of the Ministry to Politics," he poured hot shot into the whisky ranks, and quoted liberally from the *Brewer's Journal*. The speaker held that every preacher should stand up for all that was true and good in the church and politics, opposing and denouncing all that is evil. In the course of the address Rev. E. B. Cake, the pastor of the church, arose to make a point of order which was that Rev. Boles had exhausted the time alloted for the discussion of the topic. He insisted that Rev. Boles should be called down, but the meeting voted to extend the time, which was done, and the Eureka orator went ahead. Again did Rev. Cake interrupt the discourse by arising and making the point of personal privilege, but the clergyman did not make a statement of the point he had in mind, and Rev. Boles continued to speak. The incident occasioned no little flurry among the ministers who were clearly in sympathy with the sentiments uttered by Rev. Boles. This afternoon there was a general discussion of Rev. Boles' address.

Fine Amusements Coming.

The two attractions booked for next week at the Grand are the finest in their line that have appeared here this season.

THE HENRIETTA.

Tuesday evening, April 19, Mr. Stuart Robson will smile before, and with his many friends as he interprets the much talked of beauties of "Bertie the Lamb," in the greatest of American comedies by Bronson Howard, called "The Henrietta.'

So much has been said already about "The Henrietta" and its beauties, that there is little to dwell upon. Mr. Robson will present the play in a most careful manner, and the cast indicates that the company is an exceedingly capable one. And a most brilliant audience is looked for.

Bronson Howard's name is so prominently before the public at present, that everybody who is anybody will feel obliged to patronize the best of this author's efforts.

Mr. Robson's engagement is a limited one to the extent of one night only and the prospects are that the Grand Tuesday evening, will be taxed to its utmost capacity.

REED & COLLIER.

On Thursday evening, April 21, "The King of Fun," Reed & Collier, and the greatest of all farce-comedy companies, in the funniest of all farcical entertainments, "Hoss & Hoss," introducing new songs, the Kangaroo Dance, the Famous Jury, Reed's original songs, Collier's own Eccentricities, guess a number, a dollar forty, the Unique Dancers, the German Band, the Bowery Ball. Everything new and original, a laugh in every line.

This company is pronounced the finest farce-comedy company in the country.

THE sales of Short Horn Cattle and Southdown Sheep at the Fair Grounds, Springfield, Ill., on May 4 and 5, will attract more than usual attention, because the well known breeders making these offerings, have selected from their herds the best young animals they have, and Sangamon county, already noted for its progressive farmers and superior class of live stock will by this distribution of some of the choicest animals it has ever produced, stand higher than ever as a fine stock center.

Mr. S. E. Prather's sale on May 4, will be of selections from the Riverdale herd, consisting of about 40 head of the grandest young things ever offered from Riverdale. Heifers and young Bulls—Cruickshanks, Young Marys, Nelly Blys and others. Especial mention may be made of the young cattle in this offering, because they are just of the right age desirable for breeders or for the show ring. Some of them have already won as youngsters and are in condition for further honors in the ring. Parties wishing to secure a herd for Show at the Fairs or the World's Columbian Exposition have here the opportunity of securing something extra.

Chicago Grain Market.

The following were the closing quotations in Chicago at 1:15 p. m. to-day, received by B. Z. Taylor.

LIVE STOCK—Estimated receipts—
Hogs—25,000; 5 lower.
Cattle—15,000; dull.
GRAIN—Car lots—
Wheat 43; Corn 191; Oats 189.

	APRIL.	MAY	JULY.
WHEAT	$ .82⅛	$ .82⅛	$ .82¼
CORN	.40⅝	.40⅞	.38¾
OATS	.—	.29¼	.28

	MAY.	JULY.
PORK	10 20	10 30
LARD	6 22½	6 3[illegible]
RIBS	5 62½	5.7[illegible]

WAS HER 100TH BIRTHDAY.

Gathering of the Family of a Woman Born in 1792—Is Yet Strong.

Mrs. Mary A. Wikel, of Atlanta, Ill., celebrated her 100th anniversary Sunday. Her daughter gave a large family dinner, at which nearly all the relatives of the family were present. Mrs. Wikel was born in Maryland. She has made her home at Atlanta for several years, living with her daughter, Mrs. M. C. Burrows. Mrs. Wikel is wonderfully preserved and can get about well. Physically there seems to be no reason why she may not live several years. She is unable to recognize some of her friends. Mrs. Wikel has never been a hard working woman and inherits a strong constitution. Of ten children born to her she has outlived all but three, the oldest being 80 years of age. Her father lived to be 113 years of age.

Dr. Keeley's Certificate.

In the matter of the appeal of Dr. Leslie E. Keeley of Dwight from the action of the state board of health in revoking his certificate, Gov. Fifer has reversed the action of the board. Dr. Keeley's certificate was revoked June 30, 1891, and from an examination of the transcript of the records and proceedings in the case, the governor says that it appears that the certificate was revoked without such notice and trial as the law requires and without a proper finding upon the facts. Dr. Keeley, probably because he saw fit to advertise generously, ran up against the code of ethics. The revocation of his certificate was irregular, and now he is in good standing. But he is independent of all rules now, and can crack the whip to suit himself.

Death in the East.

This morning Rev. W. C. Miller, pastor of the First Congregational church, received a telegram announcing the death of his mother, Mrs. Ham, who passed away last night at her home at Chatham, New York, in the 83d year of her age, the result of paralysis. Not long since Rev. Miller and wife were at Chatham, when Mrs. Ham received her first stroke. It was supposed that she would recover. Rev. Miller will receive the sympathy of all our people in the loss of his mother, his best friend. The funeral will occur next Saturday.

Burial in Greenwood.

Monday at noon at the Methodist church at Emery Rev. H. L. Murray, of Maroa, conducted the funeral of the late Grant Hockaday. The sermon was a high tribute to the dead. The casket was covered with cut flowers and floral pieces. The Forsyth K. of P. lodge sent a triangle, and the Good Templars a pretty design. The pallbearers were J. A. Butler, Frank Stewart, Charles Cressler, A. B. Barber, William Zeigler and W. R Benton. A large number drove in from Emery and were present at the burial service in Greenwood.

The County Board.

County Clerk George P. Hardy has issued a call for a special meeting of the board of supervisors of Macon county to be held at the court house on Thursday, April 21st, at 1 p. m. At that meeting there will be elected an overseer of the poor for Decatur township. Supervisors May, Griffin, Parker, Johnson, Miller and Roberts made application to the clerk to issue the call. Only four Democrats will respond to the call.

New Time on the Wabash.

A new time table went into effect Sunday on the Wabash. The only changes are No. 4, which has been arriving here at 11 o'clock will hereafter arrive at 10:55, and No. 44 will also arrive at 11:05, or five minutes sooner. The Toledo train will leave at 11:15 and the Chicago train at 11.20. No. 4 will not stop at any stations between Decatur and Bement, except at Cerro Gordo.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Howentine, on Thursday, April 7—a son.

Mrs. J. B. Shellabarger and daughter, Irene, departed last night for their home in Salina, Kan.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Brown, of 538 North Water street, on Tuesday, April 12, a daughter.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Homer Fullenwider, on Saturday, April 9th, at 535 West Eldorado street—a daughter.

C. P. Hossum returned to-day from his southern trip He has been in Florida for several months past the benefit of his health.

You will find the celebrated *New Departure* Cultivator at Fisher & Long's 335 North Water street, Decatur, Ill. March 24 w1m

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

REPORT OF GEORGE WREE,

School Treasurer of Town Sixteen, Range One, West of 3d P. M.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss.
MACON COUNTY. } TOWN OF NIANTIC.
OFFICE OF TREASURER OF TOWN 16, RANGE 1, WEST.

The receipts and disbursements of the funds of Township No. 16, Range No. 1, West, in the County of Macon, State of Illinois, during the twelve months last past, have been as follows:

ITEMS OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

1891.		
Apr. 6, Balance of principal	$219 10	
" 9, Paid for postage and stationery		30
" 10, Received interest from Wm. Lindsey	3 00	
" 10, Paid exchange on funds from Taylorville		25
" 23, Paid publishing statement, Hamsher & Calhoun		3 22
May 8, Received from L. C. Wree, principal of note	150 00	
" 8, Received from L. C. Wree, interest	1 00	
July 15, Paid for postage		15
Oct. 1, Received interest from John Riegel	4 00	
" 2, Received interest from Geo. D. Kitch	2 32	
" 7, Received interest from Martha Blackford	15 75	
" 13, Received interest from Wm. Lindsey	3 00	
1892.		
Mar. 10, Received interest from Geo. D. Kitch	2 23	
" 15, Paid for postage		12
" 21, Paid for postage		15
" 21, Received interest from John Riegel	4 00	
Balance on principal		399 10
Int. apportioned to districts		31 38
	$434 76	$434 76
1892.		
Apr. 4, Bal. of prin. on hand	$399 10	

The receipts and disbursements of the funds of District No. 2, in Township No. 16, Range No. 1, West, in the County of Macon, State of Illinois, during the twelve months last past, have been as follows:

ITEMS OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

1891.		
Apr. 6, To balance	$338 11	
" 14, Paid B. M. Parks, for teaching		45 00
" 23, Paid Hamsher & Calhoun, for publishing statement		3 22
May 7, Paid C. A. Burton, for maps		10 00
" 11, Paid Cussins & Waddell, for incidentals		8 10
" 16, Paid B. M. Parks, for teaching		45 00
June 19, Paid B. M. Parks, for teaching		45 00
July 6, Paid C. A. Hall & Co., for incidentals		8 65
Aug. 15, Received from H. C. Montgomery, County Treasurer	6 38	
Sept. 10, Paid Emanuel Lloyd, for incidentals		1 25
Oct. 5, Paid H. M. Kizer, for incidentals		3 65
" 5, Paid City Coal Co., for fuel		11 14
" 12, Paid W. L. Finson, for teaching		45 00
" 17, Paid John Wilson, for incidentals		50
Nov. 10, Paid W. L. Finson, for teaching		45 00
Dec. 10, Paid W. L. Finson, for teaching		45 00
" 10, Paid W. L. Finson, for incidentals		50
1892.		
Jan. 11, Paid W. L. Finson, for teaching		32 79
Mar. 16, Received from Reuben Harrod, col. special tax	405 73	
Paid interest		20
" 16, Paid W. L. Finson, for teaching		12 21
Paid interest		31
" 16, Paid W. L. Finson, for teaching		45 00
" 30, Paid W. L. Finson, for teaching		45 00
Apr. 4, Received from apportionment by trustees	16 25	
Balance		359 29
	$920 78	$920 78
1892.		
Apr. 4, To balance	$359 29	

The receipts and disbursements of the funds of District No. 3, in Township No. 16, Range No. 1, West, in the County of Macon, State of Illinois, during the twelve months last past, have been as follows:

ITEMS OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

1891.		
Apr. 6, To Balance	$207 89	
" 10, Paid May Grosh, for teaching		36 50
" 20, Paid Hamsher & Calhoun, for publishing statement		3 68
May 7, Paid Lena Waddell, for incidentals		1 00
" 16, Paid May Grosh, for teaching		35 00
June 9, Paid May Grosh, for teaching		35 00
" 10, Paid Jennie Hesser, for teaching		33 41
" 10, Paid Jennie Hesser, for teaching		35 00
July 24, Paid C. A. Hall & Co., for incidentals		7 05
Aug. 18, Paid May Grosh, for incidentals		7 05
" 11, Received from H. C. Montgomery, County Treasurer	256 70	
Oct. 5, Paid City Coal Co., for fuel		18 75
" 5, Paid Nelson Graves, for hauling coal		9 00
" 9, Paid Jones Ohler, for repairs		1 50
" 10, Paid J. C. Gannon, for teaching		37 50
" 12, Paid Estella B. Fleck, for teaching		30 00
Nov. 7, Paid J. C. Gannon, for teaching		37 50
" 7, Paid Estella B. Fleck, for teaching		30 00
Dec. 5, Paid Estella B. Fleck, for teaching		30 00
" 5, Paid J. C. Gannon, for teaching		37 50
" 12, Paid J. C. Gannon, for incidentals		5 20
1892.		
Jan. 9, Paid J. C. Gannon, for teaching		33 01
Mar. 16, Received of Reuben Harrod, Town Col. special tax	501 52	
Paid interest		05
" 16, Paid J. C. Gannon, for teaching		1 49
Paid interest		12
" 16, Paid Estella B. Fleck, for teaching		30 00
Paid interest		06
" 16, Paid W. H. Porter, for repairs		5 00
Paid interest		30
" 16, Paid Estella B. Fleck, for teaching		30 00
Paid interest		30
" 16, Paid J. C. Gannon, for teaching		37 50
" 16, Paid Thos. W. Waddell incidentals		2 00
Paid interest		06
" 16, Paid Noah A. Boone, for lumber		9 81
Paid interest		08
" 16, Paid J. C. Gannon, for teaching		37 50
Paid interest		06
" 16, Paid Alice Porter, for teaching		30 00
" 16, Paid J. C. Gannon, for incidentals		2 70
Paid interest		06
" 16, Paid Cussins & Waddell, for incidentals		5 38
Apr. 4, Received from apportionment by trustees	38 27	
Balance		347 11
	$1007 43	$1007 43
1892		
Apr. 4, To balance	$347 11	

The receipts and disbursements of the funds of District No. 4, in Township No. 16, Range No. 1, West, in the County of Macon, State of Illinois, during the twelve months last past, have been as follows:

ITEMS OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.

1891.		
Apr. 6, To balance	$103 42	
" 10, Paid M. E. Lockhart for teaching		$75 00
" 10, Paid Edith Cross for teaching		37 50
" 10, Paid Edith Cross for teaching		37 50
" 15, Paid Thos. H. Claypool for incidentals		1 75
" 15, Paid Amelia Kapp for teaching		37 50
" 17, Received for tuition of Henry Dingman	1 00	
Apr. 23, Paid Hamsher & Calhoun, for publishing statement		7 88
May 14, Paid M. E. Lockhart for teaching		75 00
" 14, Paid Amelia Kapp for teaching		37 50
" 19, Paid George Kapp for incidentals		1 25
" 20, Paid Edith Cross for teaching		37 50
" 23, Paid A. M. Farnam for repairs		2 25
June 11, Paid M. E. Lockhart for teaching		75 00
" 22, Paid Edith Cross for teaching		37 50
" 23, Paid Amelia Kapp for teaching		37 50
" 26, Paid C. B. Richardson, incidentals		2 30
Aug. 11, Received from H. C. Montgomery, County Treasurer	481 74	
" 28, Paid John Hensley jr. for incidentals		2 50
" 31, Paid Henry K. Dingman, for incidentals		1 50
Sept. 1, Paid M. Kapp, for incidentals		5 02
" 17, Paid C. A. Hall & Co., for repairs		19 40
" 28, Paid George Smith, for incidentals		1 75
Oct. 5, Received for tuition from Henry Dingman	4 00	
" 5, Received for tuition from Lena Fenson	4 00	
" 5, Received for tuition from Jennie Corbett	4 00	
" 5, Received for tuition from Ella Porter	14 00	
" 5, Received for tuition from Ella Porter	2 00	
" 5, Paid M. E. Lockhart for teaching		75 00
" 5, Paid Cora Blake for teaching		37 50
" 5, Paid Amelia Kapp for teaching		37 50
" 5, Paid J. M. Stermett, for repairs		6 00
" 5, Paid M. Kapp, for incidentals		5 25
" 5, Paid Jos. D. Ryan, for repairs		8 25
" 5, Paid J. A. Cussins, for library		37 02
" 5, Paid Cussins & Waddell, incidentals		12 05
" 5, Paid John Wilson, for repairs		19 25
" 7, Paid Geo. Kapp, for incidentals		1 05
" 12, Paid Frank Blankenship, for repairs		2 00
" 29, Paid Edward Gilbert, for fuel		35 72
Nov. 3, Paid Amelia Kapp for teaching		37 50
" 3, Paid Cora Blake for teaching		37 50
" 4, Paid Michael Kapp, for incidentals		5 75
" 4, Paid M. E. Lockhart for teaching		75 00
" 10, Paid Lena Waddell, for incidentals		5 60
Dec. 5, Paid M. E. Lockhart, for teaching		75 00
" 5, Paid Cora Blake for teaching		37 50
" 7, Paid Michael Kapp, for incidentals		5 75
" 9, Paid Amelia Kapp for teaching		37 50
" 16, Paid John Wilson, for repairs		1 00
1892.		
Jan. 16, Paid Cora Blake for teaching		37 50
" 16, Paid M. E. Lockhart, for teaching		75 00
" 16, Paid Michael Kapp for incidentals		5 00
" 19, Paid Abr. Seelig, for repairs		5 00
" 21, Paid Amelia Kapp for teaching		37 50
Feb. 16, Paid M. E. Lockhart for teaching		75 00
" 17, Paid Cora Blake for teaching		37 50
" 17, Paid Amelia Kapp for teaching		37 50
" 18, Paid Michael Kapp, for incidentals		5 00
" 18, Paid Niantic Coal Co., for fuel		10 00
" 19, Paid T. S. Waddell, for incidentals		2 50
Mar. 16, Received of Reuben Harrod, Col. special tax	1744 37	
" 17, Paid M. E. Lockhart, for teaching		75 00
" 18, Paid Amelia Kapp for teaching		37 50
" 18, Paid Cora Blake, for teaching		37 50
" 18, Paid Michael Kapp, for incidentals		5 00
" 21, Paid J. A. Cussins, for school apparatus		36 87
" 21, Paid J. A. Cussins, for incidentals		23 72
Apr. 2, Paid C. A. Hall & Co., for incidentals		14 27
" 4, Received from apportionment by trustees	180 08	
Balance		1260 20
	$2940 01	$2940 01
1892.		
Apr. 4, To balance	$1260 20	

I, George Wree, Treasurer of the said Township No. Sixteen, do solemnly affirm that the foregoing statement is correct and true according to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Dated this 4th day of April, 1892.
GEORGE WREE,
Treasurer of Township No. Sixteen, Range No. One, West, Macon Co., Ill.
Subscribed and affirmed before me this 8th day of April, 1892. J. P. FARIS, J. P. [L. S.]

Treasurer Groff's Report.

Annual statement for publication of receipts and expenditures of township and district funds, by the treasurer of township No. 16, range No 4, Piatt and Macon counties, Ill., during the fiscal year beginning April 6, 1891, and ending April 4, 1892.

Township Treasurer in Account With School Trustees.

ITEMS OF RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand at beginning of fiscal year (April 6, 1891), belonging to principal of township fund	$ 1,014.58
Received from notes paid and from land sales	14,630 25
Received interest from township fund	600 35
Received rents of land, etc., belonging to township fund	690.00
Received from county superintendent of Macon county	171 88
Received from county superintendent of Piatt county	179 14
Received from county superintendent of Piatt county	1 68
Total	$17,213 78

ITEMS OF EXPENDITURES.

Loans and investments of township funds made	$14,000.00
Distributed and put to credit of districts	1,387.14
Paid compensation of treasurer	150 00
Paid incidentals of trustees and treasurer, selling school lands, etc	28.06
Paid taxes on school lands	50.62
Paid publishing financial statement in this county	16.80
Paid improvements and selling school lands	71.83
Cash on hand at date (April 4, 1892), belonging to principal of township fund	974.83
Total	$17,213.78

The principal of the township fund is $22,374.32.

Township Treasurer in Account With School Districts.

ITEMS OF RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand at beginning of fiscal year (April 6, 1891)	$3,571.10
From distribution of trustees	1,387.14
From special district taxes	2,382 18
From railroad and back taxes	1,099.19
From sale of school property	24.00
From tuition fees	7.35
Total balance and receipts	$8,413 16

ITEMS OF EXPENDITURES.

Paid out on directors' orders—For account of district No. 1	$ 410.36
Paid out on directors' orders—For account of district No. 2	1,068 09
Paid out on directors' order—For account of district No. 3	653.51
Paid out on directors' orders—For account of district No. 4	330 69
Paid out on directors' order—For account of district No. 5	402 31
Paid out on directors' orders—For account of district No. 7	652.68
Paid out on directors' orders—For account of district No. 8	402.85
Paid out on directors' orders—For account of district No. 9	470 97
Paid out on directors' orders—For account of district No. 10	653 57
Total expenditures	$5,039 03
Cash balance on hand at date (April 4, 1892)	$3,361.13
Total expenditures, loans and balance	$8,413 16

I do hereby certify the foregoing report to be correct, according to the best of my knowledge and belief. REUBEN S. GROFF, Treasurer.
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 5th day of April. MELVIN WELTY, Notary Public.

SUPERVISOR'S REPORT.

A financial statement of the Town of Mt. Zion, Macon County, Illinois, for the year A. D. 1892, made by D. C. Davidson, Supervisor of said Town:

Amount received from predecessor in office, W. B. Hunter		$1310 98
Amount received from H. C. Montgomery		139 27
Amount of tax levied the preceding year, to-wit, 1891, for the payment of Town indebtedness and charges	$150 00	
Amount collected and paid over to me as Supervisor by C. M. Durning		234 52
Total receipts		$1684 77

TOWN EXPENSES PAID.

1891.	
July 1, Paid J. Milliken & Co., Township Bond No. 16	$1000 00
Sept. 1, Paid J. Pasley, for assessing township	75 00
" 1, Paid H. W. Greenfield, commissioner	33 00
" 1, Paid J. A. Cox, commissioner	38 00
" 1, Paid Alex. Armstrong, town clerk	26 65
" 1, Paid W. L. Riber, printing financial statement	5 50
" 1, Paid W. S. Smith, printing financial statement	5 50
" 1, Paid W. B. Hunter, judge of election	3 00
" 1, Paid W. S. Whitehouse, judge of election	3 00
" 1, Paid W. L. Riber, judge of election	3 00
" 1, Paid John Scott, moderator	3 00
" 1, Paid J. M. Hutchison, clerk of election	3 00
" 1, Paid S. D. Smith, clerk of election	3 00
" 1, Paid C. B. Britton, one book	2 00
" 1, Paid C. B. Britton, one day's auditing	1 50
" 1, Paid J. M. Hutchinson, one day's auditing	1 50
" 1, Paid D. C. Davidson, services as supervisor	5 50
1892.	
Mar. 7, Paid W. S. Smith, for sheep killed	24 00
" 7, Paid J. M. Hutchinson, Justice costs	7 50
" 29, Paid J. A. Wilson, commissioner	40 50
" 29, Paid J. A. Cox, commissioner	43 50
" 29, Paid H. W. Greenfield, commissioner	43 50
" 29, Paid Morehouse & Wolfe, ballot box	3 00
" 29, Paid Hamsher & Calhoun, printing tickets and pub.	8 00
" 29, Paid Hamsher & Calhoun, fac similes for clerk	1 50
" 29, Paid Review Pub. Co., publishing ticket	4 00
" 29, Paid Alex. Armstrong, town clerk	35 85
" 29, Paid C. B. Britton, auditing one day	1 50
" 29, Paid D. C. Davidson, auditing one day	1 50
Total	$1407 50

PAYMENTS ON TOWN INDEBTEDNESS.

Amount received	$1684 77	
Amount paid	1407 50	
Balance on hand	$ 277 27	
Paid on indebtedness		$1000 00
Paid on expenses		407 50
Total		$1407 50

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss.
MACON COUNTY. } TOWN OF MT. ZION.

I, D. C. Davidson Supervisor of said Town, do hereby certify that the foregoing statement is true and correct as I verily believe.
Witness my hand this 29th day of March, A. D. 1892. D. C. DAVIDSON,
Supervisor of Town of Mt. Zion.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss.
MACON COUNTY. } TOWN OF WHITMORE,
OFFICE OF TREASURER OF COMMISSIONERS,

The following is a statement by J. P. Dilling, Treasurer of Commissioners of the Town of Whitmore, in the County and State aforesaid, of the amount of public funds received and expended by him during the fiscal year just closed, ending on the 28th day of March, 1892, showing the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of said fiscal year, the amount of public funds received and from what sources received, the amount of public funds expended and for what purpose expended, during said fiscal year, ending as aforesaid.

The said J. P. Dilling, being duly sworn, doth depose and say, that the following statement by him subscribed is a correct statement of the amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year above stated, the amount of public funds received, and the sources from which received, and the amount expended, and purposes for which expended, as set forth in said statement. J. P. DILLING, Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 8th day of April, 1892. RUSS HOCKADAY, Justice of the Peace.

FUNDS RECEIVED AND FROM WHAT SOURCES RECEIVED.

1891.	
Amount of public funds on hand at the commencement of the fiscal year, commencing the 21st day of April, 1891	$ 1882 38
July 2, Received from H. B. Kuhns, for tiling	25 00
Aug. 29, Received of H. C. Montgomery, road and bridge and district road tax	206 79
Nov. 26, Received from Jacob Core, for rock	4 00
Dec. 3, Received from T. M. Ayers, two sewer pipe	2 00
" 4, Received from B. F. Spooner, one sewer pipe	55
1892.	
Mar. 15, Received from O. H. Smith, town collector, road and bridge and district road tax	971 02
" 22, Received from A. Dinger, tax collected	10 00
" 22, Received from R. M. Machin, tax collected	1 00
" 23, Received from J. W. Shepherd, settlement on C. L. B.	6 02
Total	$3199 61

FUNDS EXPENDED AND FOR WHAT PURPOSES EXPENDED.

1891.	
Apr. 21, Paid for road labor and grading	$1 10
Paid for tile and tiling	114 00
Paid for material for bridges	47 06
Paid for publishing treasurer's report	3 00
Paid for blacksmithing	6 60
Paid for overseers	137 05
Paid for settlement with Oakley township	37 77
1892.	
Mar. 22, Paid for settlement with Friends Creek township	5 00
Paid for mowing weeds	21 50
Paid for cutting brush	2 00
Paid for painting grader	1 00
Paid for graveling roads	24 00
Paid for road plow	13 00
Paid for pump for town well	15 00
Paid for surveying	9 50
Paid for hardware	3 80
Paid for removing obstruction	2 00
Total	$ 519 98

RECAPITULATION.

Amount on hand at beginning of fiscal year	$1882 38	
Amount of funds received during fiscal year	1317 23	
Total amount		$3199 61
Total amount paid out		513 98
Balance		$2685 63

THE board of supervisors of Livingston county stands eighteen Democrats to thirteen Republicans.

FARMERS' COLUMN.

FOR SALE—First class rails at $4 per 100; fence posts at 10c each.
ocsw1 D. W. BRENNEMAN & BRO.

JAMES HENDERSON, M. R. C. V. S., Veterinary Surgeon, 112 North Franklin St., Decatur, Ill. Telephone 527. Graduate of Dick's Royal Veterinary College, Edinburgh, Scotland. mar23-dawlmo

THE DECATUR NURSERY will save you 50 per cent. on trees, small fruit and other plants. All stock guaranteed. Don't be misled by foreign agents. Come direct to the Decatur Nursery, West King street, near fair grounds, Decatur. feb3-dawtf

WE ARE NOW READY

For Spring Business

In Every Department with the Finest, Largest and Most Complete Stock of

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS

Ever before shown in Decatur, and at Lower Prices than inferior goods are offered elsewhere.

DRESS GOODS

—AND—

Silks.

All the Latest Spring Shades in

BEDFORD CORDS,
CREPON BEIGES,
HENRIETTAS,
SERGES,
FAILLE FRANCAISE,
PEAU De SOIE,
CHINA SILKS,

And our Celebrated

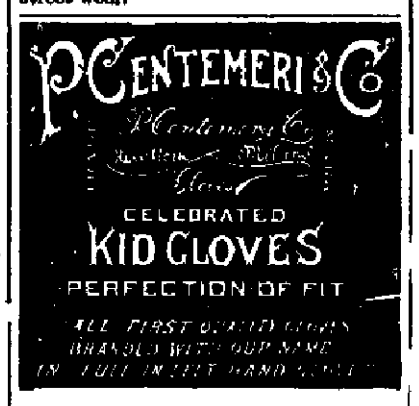
"GOLDEN RULE"

Black Gros Grain Silks,

Guaranteed to Wear.

KID GLOVES.

There is nothing nicer than a pretty fitting Glove. We are sole agents for them and have every new shade, in Buttons, Foster Lacings, Kid and Mousquetaire Suede Gloves for evening and street wear.



BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Ladies' Mocha Gloves,
Misses' Kid Gloves,

—OUR—

"Saxon Beauty" and "Vincents"

Foster Lacing Kid Gloves,

At $1.00 and $1.25.

Are Beyond Competition.

LADIES' WRAPS

Are very Stylish this season. We show an elegant line of

SPRING CAPES,
JACKETS and
BLAZERS,

All made of the finest cloths and of superior workmanship and finish.

Also just opened a beautiful line of novelties in

Fans,

Silk, Satin, Gauze and Ostrich Feather.

SILK SUN UMBRELLAS,

A grand variety of nobby handles.

Summer Corsets

And Novelties in

Ladies' Neckwear.

—OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF—

CARPETS AND LACE CURTAINS

Stands Unrivalled for Beauty of Designs, Wearing Qualities and Low Prices.

LINN & SCRUGGS

DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY.

PILLSBURY'S BEST IS THE BEST

Be not imposed upon. Get the best. None genuine unless the package contains our circular with directions. If your grocer can not, or will not, furnish you with the genuine Pillsbury's Best, go to one that will. We guarantee every barrel of this flour to give satisfaction.

ASK FOR IT. BUY NO OTHER

HORACE CLARK & SONS, Genl. Agts.
PEORIA, ILL.

WE WILL

During Our Great Easter Sale

Of Dress Goods and Millinery, make special prices on orders for Hats and Bonnets, trimmed and untrimmed; on Crepes, Ribbons, Flowers, Ornaments, &c., &c. Will make lower prices on Dress Goods than you ever saw. Will sell Domestics and Staples at wholesale quotations. Will make special prices on Ladies' Jersey and Muslin Underwear.

Will Make It an Object for You to Buy of Us.

Will Re-cover Umbrellas at $1.25, $1.50 $1.75 and $2.00 while you wait.

Will sell you good soft-finish fast-colored Prints—10 yards for 35 cents.

Examination Solicited.

Respectfully,

L. S. Hatch & Bro.

143 East Main Street.

EASTER OPENING!

April 12 and 13.

THE LATES STYLES IN

MILLINERY.

Call and see the Fine Display of FLOWERS, LACES, RIBBONS, VELVETS and TRIMMINGS IN ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

MRS. E. L. PITTENGER,

With ANTHONY & WEBB,

185 East Main Street, Decatur.

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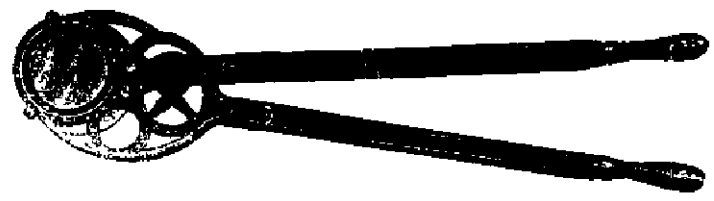


NEWTON'S FAMOUS PATENT DEHORNER.

In Five Styles of Knives from $6.00 to $10.00 Each.

Made with the draw and Sliding Cut. Each knife guaranteed or money refunded. Directions free with each knife for building

●●● NEWTON'S PATENT ANIMAL TRAP. ●●●

ASK YOUR DEALER OR WRITE TO

H. H. BROWN & CO., Sole Manufacturers, Decatur, Ill.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

A Few More Special Bargains Just Received,

AT THE

NEW STORE,

Next to Millikin's Bank,

20 pieces Teazle Cloth, in Plaids, for Ladies' and Children's wear, at 12½c yd.

10 pieces Heavy Outing Cloth, worth 12½c, will sell at 10c yd.

12 pieces Heavy Outing at the Low Price of 6c.

30 pieces Handsome English Challies, at 10c.

20 pieces Handsome Canton Drapery at 25c yd.

15 pieces Handsome Canton Drapery at 20c.

50 doz. Little Beauty Corsets at 50c each.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY

By buying your Dry Goods at

The New Store,

NEXT TO MILLIKIN'S BANK,

On Water Street

S. HUMPHREYS.

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LATEST?

It is the GUNN FOLDING BED, the only practical Combination Folding Bed in the world.

IN USE. CLOSED.

Always Convenient and Handsome.

BACHMAN BROS. & MARTIN CO.

The Largest and Cheapest Furniture and Stove Store in the city. Everything sold for Cash or on Easy Payments.

IT WILL PAY YOU

To make us a visit at our handsome store We were not able to get any of our neighbors to vacate their premises, so we had to go up---not the flume---but the second story, for more room to display our elegant line of SPRING CLOTHING, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishings

Two Floors loaded with goods to suit the masses.

BRYAN, JONES & CO.,

4 Doors West of Post Office.

WAGASER'S SWORN STATEMENT.

How the Young Man Killed John Kline—The Fatal Blow.

The other day at Urbana Frank Wagaser, on the third trial for the murder of John Kline near Hammond, in Moultrie county, was acquitted by the jury, as was stated in the REPUBLICAN. Frank Wagaser's history of the assault is as follows:

"I started out that morning with two hands to the field. George Cunningham and Owen Babb were sitting in the rear end of the wagon. We drove up the highway past Bryant's house till we came to the turning row and then turned west. The turning row was all on my land, or land that I had rented of my father. After we had got about 75 yards west of northwest corner of pasture fence, I saw John Kline coming onto the turning row. We drove on about 50 yards further and stopped. I handed the lines to Cunningham and told him to hold them. I said, 'There comes a man I do not want to cross my place. I walked down to within 8 or 10 steps of the corner. Kline drove on to the corner and turned south. He said as he drove south: "You son of a b—, if you want anything out of me you can have it." He then threw his lines over the second or third post of the fence, that ran south, and came back. I told him I didn't want him to come on my place. He said there was a disputed line. I told him there wasn't, and showed him where the fence stood out on our land. He then called me a liar and struck at me with his left hand, hit me a glancing lick on the side of the face. He then rushed me down the pasture fence, about six or eight steps, and I dodged under a lick and got back up to the turning row. Kline just then picked up a board near the corner of the pasture fence, about 6 or 7 feet long, and I backed off to the north and west and as he came toward me I got out my pocket-knife, dropped it and picked it up; I opened it and as Kline came at me with the board raised over his head, I struck him with the knife and dodged his lick. I struck him with the knife almost simultaneously with dodging the board, but I think I struck with the knife a little before dodging, but it was very close together. When Kline struck me with the board, the board broke and the small end upper piece, about 18 inches along, remained in his right hand. He stopped just an instant when I struck him with the knife, and then he struck at me with the small piece of board twice. I kept backing off, and he started southeast across plowed ground and went into the pasture and started toward Bryant's house, southeast across the pasture. I went on to my wagon. Babb had got out of the wagon and had gotten about 15 to 25 yards east of wagon when I started back. He was about 100 yards from me when I first saw him as I started back from where the blow was struck. He said as he was forcing me down the pasture fence, "Now I have got you where I have wanted you for a long time and I will pound your d—d brains out." After the trouble I went out to where my father was in the field. I gave my knife to father and he has kept it since. [Knife shown witness.] Yes, that is the knife. We then started home; we stopped at Fulton's, three-fourths of a mile north of my house. There I was told that Kline was dead. I knew I had struck him before I went back to the wagon, but I did not know how bad I had hurt him. He started off saying, "D—n you, I will come back and fix you," but after I got in the wagon I saw him fall once or twice as we drove along up west. I still did not know he was mortally hurt. I thought he might be sick or something from the blow. I had no way to know the nature or exact location of the wound. I knew I struck him in the breast somewhere. We went from Fulton's on home and from there went to Sullivan and I surrendered to Wash Linder. I had a two-edged knife about the barn and house; last time I ever saw it was where we cut cultivator pins with it in the summer of 1887. I never made any threat against Kline, such as George W. Jones testifies to. I was on good terms with Kline at that time. I never made any threats to Culver nor to Coe nor to Eva Temple. I remember Maye saying something like what Emory Greenwell says was said at my house. I think he said if he were in Steele's place he would have revenge if he had to kill Kline and Bryant both."

Nora is Married.

John Crawley of Tuscola, and Nora Smith, superintendent of the Douglas county schools, were married at Indianapolis Thursday. The bride was the secretary of the Central Illinois Teachers' meeting lately held at the Grand Opera house in Decatur, and was re-elected secretary. Her name will have to be changed in the 1893 list of officers of the association.

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaktor, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold at King & Wood's drug store. cm

BUD PRICE, of Rockholt, Ky., killed a negro named Bud Malone. The Deputy sheriff who tried to arrest the murderer was attacked by Price and his brother-in-law and he shot them both dead.

"For several years," says John Park, of Beaver Creek, Minn., "during the winter, I have been troubled with a painful swelling of the feet, which physicians claimed was rheumatic gout. I was treated by some of our best physicians, and obtained but little, if any relief, and used many so called "cures," without benefit. During the winter of 1887, when my feet were so swollen and inflamed that I could not wear my boots, I commenced using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. The first application reduced the swelling and inflammation, and the use of one fifty cent bottle so completely relieved me, that I discontinued my canes and was able to get around all right and wear my boots." 50 cent bottles for sale by W. F. Neisler. d&w

EXPERIMENTS ON CORN.

Some Interesting Results Obtained at the University Station.

The Agricultural Experiment Station has issued a bulletin upon field experiments with corn, made in 1891, which gives a great deal of valuable information on a large number of questions in relation to raising corn. The experiments were tried in a dark colored prairie soil common to Central Illinois. The surface soil is about 18 inches deed, underlayed with yellow clay. No manures were applied and in most cases the land had been in corn in 1890 and had been plowed in the spring. Except in a few cases, the corn was planted by hand, covered with a hoe, four kernels in hills, 3 feet 8 inches apart each way. The season was one of severe drouth, the rainfall being deficient in the five months from May to September, 7.65. The average temperature was 68 degrees which is nearly the average for a period of years. Thirty-six varieties were tested on 25 plats. About 86 per cent, of a full stand of stalks was secured, and 12 per cent, of the stalks produced no ears. This is nearly the same result as found in 1888 and 1890. As was the case in former years, the kinds maturing about Sept. 20 gave a larger average yield than those maturing either earlier or later. In 1891, 13 early varieties averaged 56, 19 medium averaged 66, and six late maturing brands averaged 57 bushels of air dry corn to the acre. For the four years the early varieties gave an average of 61, the medium of 73, and the late of 68 bushels of air dry corn per acre. Eleven varieties have been tested for four successive years and the average yield has been 70 bushels per acre. A medium sized variety of corn, planted at the rate of one kernel every 9 to 12 inches in rows 3 feet 8 inches apart, gave larger yields of corn and stalks increases with thickness of planting up to 3 inches at least. As the results of four years experiments it is believed that the larger yield of grain makes food value of the total crop greater when it is planted at the rate of one kernel at about every six inches in the row. In 1891, little difference was found in plats planted with a medium maturing variety at weekly intervals from April 25 to May 23. Later planting give much smaller yields; the ears were not well filled and the corn did not mature thoroughly. For three years previous, good crops were had from planting any time in May. For the four years, the best results have been had from planting May 11 to 16. In two or three years no material difference was found whether the corn was planted in hills or drills, provided the land was kept equally free from weeds. Experiments show that no appreciable effects on the yield resulted from cutting the tops when in good condition for fodder, or from removing, as they appeared, the tassels from alternate rows.

Real Estate Sales.

Martha E. Osborn to Mary E. Glenn, deed to lots 13 and 14, block 33, Railroad addition to Macon—$1.00.

John F. Blackburn to George W. Hatthaway, deed to lot 10, block 5, Cassell's 4th addition—$2000.

Chas. Gross to Delilah J. Castright, the north half of lot 6, in block 7 in Blue Mound—$500.

George W. Blackburn to Ella E. Blackburn, lot 2 and the north half of lot 3 in block 1 of Thompson's first addition to Decatur—$1,500.

H. W. Waggoner to W. H. Nicholson, ten feet off of the south side of lot 14 and all of lot 15 in block 2 in Higgin's addition to Decatur—$2,500

S. S. Jack to George A. Stadler, lot 12 in block 2 of Oakland Place—$400.

Mary C. Kramer to Yong P. Jones, a lot 35x180 feet in block 3 in B. H. Cassell's sixth addition to Decatur—$1,800.

Simon P. Nickey to Minnie R. Nickey, lot 7 of the east half of section 1, 16, 3 east; 82 acres in Oakley township—$1,000.

V. Barber to T. J. Heckel, the east half of the southeast quarter of 30, 16, 3 east; 80 acres in Long Creek township—$3,800.

Jacob C. Attebery to Agnes and Mary Tomlinson, 58 acres in South Macon township—$3,000.

James Geraghty to W. F. Brookshire, 92¼ acres in South Macon township—$6,000.

J. R. Miller to Jacob T. and James B. Michael, 40 feet off of the east ends of lots 8 and 9 in Bandy's addition to Decatur—$4,000.

Winchester L. Hickman to Anna M. Fesler, lot 12 in block 3 in Montgomery & Shull's Second addition to Decatur—$1,300.

J. R. Weaver to G. W. Handy and E. F. Kuny, a lot 24x50 feet in the assessor's subdivision of lots 2, 3 and 4 in Adamson & Pratcher's addition to Decatur—$1,325.

G. W. Handy and E. F. Kuny to Nora Quinn, the same lot as above described—$1,325.

John Heckman to S. A. Lukens, 11 acres in the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of 19, 17, 4 east, in Oakley township—$250.

A. T. Risley to Stephen H. Swain, 39 acres in 17, 16, 2 east; in Hickory Point township—$2,500

Gus A. Ahrens to Helena Young, lot 3, block 8, in South addition to Decatur—$1500.

Mary C. Kramer to Yong P. Jones, deed to tract of land in block 3, Cassell's 6th addition—$1800.

Minerva E. Lichtenberger to M. C. Wilkey, deed to lot in block 1, Railroad addition to Macon—$225

George W. Blackburn to Ella E. Blackburn, deed to lot 2 and north half of lot 3, block 1, Thompson's first addition—$150.

William Longnecker et al to Noah Derr, deed to 80 acres in 16, 4, 3 east—$6,160.

W. J. Armstrong to Lucretia E. Armstrong, deed to lot in block 1, Western addition love and affection.

Joshua Ketcham to Walter Randall, deed to 16, 56 acres in 19, 15, 1 east—$800.

H. W. Waggoner to C. L. Waggoner, deed to lot 12, and north half of lot 13, block 2, Higgins addition—$750.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Wood, druggists. d&w

AT

JOHNSTON'S

TO-DAY.

Wash Goods at 15c.

36-inch Figured Surah Cotton,
Fine Zephyr Ginghams,
Nancy Wash Chevrons,
Shantong Pongee.

Some Handsome Styles in

PLAIN AND FANCY CREPONS,

Worth 20c, at 15c a yard.

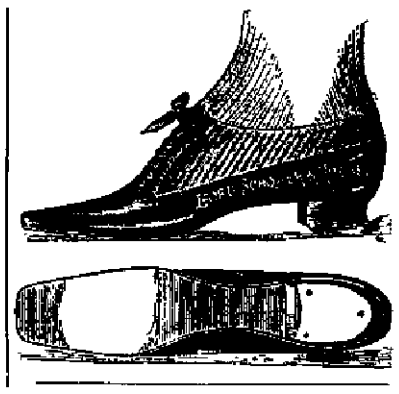
White Goods in Plains, Bars, Cords and Fancy Effects.
SEE OUR CORSET AT 39c—WORTH 50c.
SEE OUR SUMMER CORSET AT 50c.
We are showing some handsome SPRING CAPES and JACKETS; also CHILDREN'S JACKETS.

CHAS. T. JOHNSTON,

Hays' Old Stand.

151 NORTH WATER ST.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!



MONDAY, APRIL 4, we open 25 Cases of

Ladies' Slippers and Half Shoes.

KNOCK-OUT PRICES.

Ladies' Dongola Oxfords, Pat. Tip,	75c
Ladies' Dongola Opera,	65c
Ladies' Dongola Patent Oxford,	$1.25
Ladies' Dongola Vesting Top, Pat. Tip,	1.25
Ladies' Edison, New,	1.25
A Splendid Opera Slipper for	50c

WAGGONER & DOWNING,

Post Office Shoe Store.

KIRK'S

STANDARD OF THE WORLD

AMERICAN FAMILY

SOAP

A LAUNDRY SOAP, PURE AND SANITARY

DUSKY DIAMOND TAR SOAP.

HEALTHFUL, AGREEABLE, CLEANSING.

Cures Chapped Hands, Wounds, Burns, Etc.

Removes and Prevents Dandruff.

DECATUR CARPET FACTORY

(Lancaster Carpet Factory of Pennsylvania)

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

Fine Rag and Chain Carpets.

Special attention given to

WEAVING CARPETS.

No work done by women.

Hundreds of Patterns to Select From

CHARLES PFISTER.

8 S Lincoln Square (2d floor) Decatur, Ill.

feb4-w4mo

Executor's Notice.

Estate of George B. Hardy, Deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed Executor of the estate of George B. Hardy, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of Macon county at the court house in Decatur, at the May term on the first Monday in May next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 18th day of March, 1892.

J. K. HARDY, Executor, &c.

mar24-w3w

ESTABLISHED 1852.

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.,

BANKERS.

WE TRANSACT A GENERAL

BANKING BUSINESS

Same as an incorporated bank. Buy and Sell Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Business Paper.

LOAN MONEY on MORTGAGE SECURITY

Make Mortgage Investments for Customers and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

under private key, in OUR FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT, free of Charge.

jan17 1884-wtf

Administratrix' Notice.

Estate of James W. Brown, Deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed administratrix of the estate of James W. Brown, late of the county of Macon, and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the June term, on the first Monday in June next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 21st day of March, 1892.

ELSIE M. BROWN, Administratrix.

ap17-w3w

Executor's Notice.

Estate of James Hopson, Deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed Executor of the estate of James Hopson, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the June term, on the first Monday in June next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 31st day of March, 1892.

O. R. HOPSON, Executor

mch31-w3w

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Diana R. Nims, Deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed Executor of the estate of Diana R. Nims, late of the county of Macon and state of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of Macon county at the court house in Decatur, at the June term, on the first Monday in June next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 28th day of March, 1892.

C. B. NIMS, Executor.

mch31-w3w

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

CONDEMNED!

That is what the Council says of our building. They are going to move it. We condemned our stock some time before. No matter what the Council says or does the goods MUST GO. The price put ont hem will make you think so if you investigate.

INVESTIGATION

Is all we want on the part of those wh eed Clothing. The prices will do the rest. A big Spring Stock was ordered before we were condemned. IT MUST GO, TOO. This would be a good time to lay in a year's supply of Clothing.

B. STINE CLOTHING CO.

Decatur, Illinois.

BUY THE BEST!

When looking for a Watch investigate the qualities of the

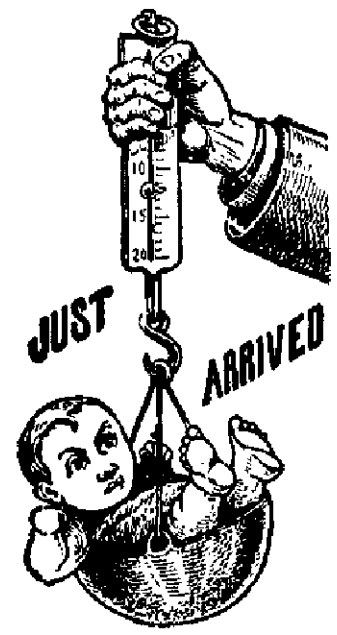
ROCKFORD.

We have these Celebrated

WATCHES

In all varieties, and the prices are no higher than inferior goods of other manufacture.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.



ANOTHER BIG LOT

—OF—

The Best Shoe Made,

WALTER HUTCHIN'S

—Celebrated French—

COLTSKIN SHOES,

For Gents' Fine Dress Wear,

$6.00

A PAIR.

WALTER HUTCHIN

117 North Water St. Sign of the Big Shoe

LOCAL NEWS.

AURORA horsemen will hold weekly matinees at the driving park the coming summer.

SAMUEL B. CRISSEY has sold his grocery store stock at Cerro Gordo to L. C. Ruddock and J. O. Merritt.

PATTI has a watch no greater than a 10-cent piece in circumference, which is said to be worth $1,000.

STRAWBERRIES and peaches are in bloom in Southern Illinois. The outlook is said to be very promising.

JUST purchased—a handsome lot of chenille portieres at reduced prices.

LINN & SCRUGGS D. G. & C. Co.

THERE will be no difficulty next time in electing a Republican county physician. The new county board has only four Democrats in it.

A PROJECT is on foot among the citizens of Champaign and Urbana to erect a high school, to be used by the University of Illinois as a preparatory department.

NEW and elegant styles Ginghams, Prints, Foile du Nord, Penangs, Bedford Novelties, and other new wash fabrics, on sale now at Linn & Scruggs D. & C. Co.

THE Illinois State Sunday School Association will hold its convention at Centralia on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, June 14, 15 and 16. The sessions will be held in the rink.

IN the county court to-day Mary Jane Emmert, aged 23, was adjudged insane, cause unknown; duration of malady, six months. The jurymen were: J. D. Wheeler, H. M. Gossett, Fred Cumlis, J. W. Redman, J. H. Durfee, W. W. Foster, D. L. Hughes, A. T. Davis, C. E. Peake, Harry Fick, J. Q. A. Oder and J. C. Millspaugh, Sr.

CERRO GORDO *Era*:—Shellabarger's elevator has been undergoing repairs the past week. The cyclone made it necessary that some work should be done and while at it, all the machinery was overhauled. Charles McCune and W. W. Shockey did the repairing. The entire damage to the plant here will amount to about four hundred dollars. The machinery will be started to-day.

MONTICELLO *Independent*: "At the meeting of the city council, Tuesday night, the proposition of the Decatur people to erect electric light and gas works was referred to the ordinance committee with orders to draft an ordinance to fit the case and requiring a $10,000 bond for the faithful performance of the work. If the Decatur people mean business, now is their chance. We shall give them hearty welcome."

Death of Grant Hockaday.

From Saturday's Daily.

R. G. Hockaday, aged 28 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Hockaday, died of pneumonia this morning at 1:30 o'clock at his home near Forsythe, after a brief illness, leaving a young widow, three brothers, Frank, James and Guy Hockaday, and four sisters, Mrs. Frank Huddleston, Mrs. Will Wyckoff, Ticia and Grace Hockaday. A week ago yesterday Grant was exposed in the storm while handling horses and then contracted the disease which ended in his death. Deceased was a popular and industrious young man. He was a member of the Methodist church at Emery, of Starlight Lodge, 245, Knights of Pythias, Forsyth, and of the Good Templars Lodge at Forsyth.

Albert Winslow's Malady.

From Saturday's Daily.

Deputy Sheriff Midkiff was called to Warrensburg last night to take in charge Albert Winslow, son of James Winslow, who is mentally unbalanced, and had frightened everybody by threatening to kill the people and burn the house. Joseph Brown and other neighbors assisted in keeping the young man quiet. Mr. Midkiff brought the young man to Decatur to-day. He will be returned to the Kankakee Asylum for further treatment. A year ago he was discharged from that institution as cured.

Death of Florence Reed.

Miss Florence, the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John O. Reed, died Thursday, at her home, two miles south of Decatur, aged 21 years, 8 months and 1 day, of tuberculosis of the knee joint. She has long been a sufferer from this disease. She was a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. The funeral will take place Sunday morning at 11 o'clock from Salem church, Rev. W. L. Backson officiating.

A Speaker Selected.

The committee composed of Drs. Walston and Spalding and Hon. W. F. Calhoun have selected Rev. Ernest Oneal as the speaker for Memorial Day, and the gentleman has agreed to deliver the oration on that occasion.

Will Speak at Rockford.

The special committee at the G. A. R. encampment at Springfield yesterday engaged Hon. W. F. Calhoun of this city, to deliver the address at Rockford, Ill., on Memorial Day, May 30th.

Married at Macon.

From Thursday's Daily.

Doc LeGour of this city, and Miss Eva Spillman of Macon, were united in marriage last evening at Macon, Rev. Ilsley officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Degore will reside in Decatur.

Death on Monroe Street.

From Friday's Daily.

The six weeks old son of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Currant died last night at 11:30 at the residence, No. 562 North Monroe street, of kidney disease.

VERDICT OF THE JURY.

William B. Hunter Found Guilty on Fifteen Counts For Election Fraud.

The Penalty is a Fine Not Exceeding $1,000, or Jail Sentence Not More Than One Year, or Both, in the Discretion of the Court—Motion for a New Trial—General Approval of the Verdict, Which Was Unanimous—Hunter at Liberty Under $1,000 Bail.

From Thursday's Daily.

The long-drawn-out trial of William B. Hunter in the circuit court on a charge of fraudulently marking tickets of electors at the Mt. Zion election in the spring of 1891, while serving as a judge, thus electing himself supervisor over D. C. Davidson, Republican, came to an end this morning at 8:30 o'clock, when the jury returned a verdict of guilty against the defendant on fifteen of the eighteen counts set up in the indictment.

HUNTER UNMOVED.

Hunter, the defendant, occupied a chair near the attorneys' table when the jury marched in and the verdict was read. Near him were a number of his political and personal friends, including those who had stood by him during the trial, and had advised his counsel. The reading of the verdict by Judge Vail did not affect Hunter. He was apparently unmoved. Friends and the curious glanced at him to note his manner, but he kept his eyes directed upon the judge. The language of the verdict was brief and to the point. The finding in brief was that W. B. Hunter is guilty in manner and form, as charged in the indictment, on the following counts: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 18—total 15. Not guilty on counts 6, 8 and 17. The court will fix the punishment, which as prescribed in the statute, is a fine on each count not exceeding $1000, or imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or both, as the court may determine. In the beginning of the trial the 8th count was quashed because the name of Hunter did not appear in one part of the indictment. The 17th count had reference to Chris. Kruse and his ballot. Kruse's right name is John Christopher Kruse. The court in his instructions held that Hunter could not be convicted on that count because the name was not written correctly. The same defect was noted in the 6th count, as to Jud. Traughber, the name not being written in full.

THANKS TO THE JURY.

Judge Vail took occasion to return the thanks of the court to the jurymen for their uniform good behavior and attention during their protracted confinement, and then discharged them for the term.

MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL.

There was something of an awkward pause after the jury had disappeared. The court glanced at a page of the Illinois Statute, possibly with a view of refreshing his memory as to the penalty to be inflicted. Then, as counsel for defense had nothing to say, he inquired if the defense desired to enter a motion for a new trial. Attorney Johns, who had been in consultation with Attorney Schroll (Mr. Buckingham was not in court), arose and entered a motion for a new trial and arrest of judgment. There was some talk about fixing a time to hear the argument on the motion, and the court finally decided to fix the time later. The court asked for the indictment to learn the amount of Hunter's bond, which is $1000. He considered that sufficient and then without ceremony turned to an injunction case on the civil docket. That was notice to all parties interested that there would be nothing further done at present. State's Attorney Mills and Attorney A. H. Mills were in court until the end, but Mr. Ewing, who had assisted in the prosecution, was not present.

Mr. Hunter and his friends retired from the court room for consultation. At the foot of the court house stairway, on the sidewalks and in adjacent stores, the verdict was generally discussed, and, barring those who permitted their prejudices to control them, the finding of the jury was generally approved. There seems to be a feeling current that Hunter in the end may make public a statement; but possibly its appearance will be delayed until after the appellate and supreme courts pass upon his case; provided the case is appealed.

A PROMPT VERDICT.

The jury was given the case at 9:25 last night, and retired with all the documents submitted in evidence to the jury room, with Foreman Elliott in charge of the instructions, marked ballots, the box and all papers. Without delay the jury proceeded to business in the jury room. They first read over every line of the instructions given by the court, page by page, and shortly before one o'clock a vote was taken on the guilt or innocence of Hunter. The ballot was counted and it was found to be unanimous on the question of guilt. There was no other ballot taken. The three counts mentioned above were thrown aside, and all agreed that Hunter was guilty on the 15 counts. During the entire trial and while making up the verdict there was not a word of talk on politics among the jurymen. They might have thought of Hunter as a Democrat, but they did not discuss the political phases of the case at any time. The jurymen were made up of seven Republicans and five Democrats, as follows: W. B. Elliott, foreman; E. B. Smith, Levi Cross, B. F. Miller, Marshall Wallace, William Pettyjohn, F. Benton, D. L. Vigus, W. E. White, Frank L. Stevenson, W. C. Pluck and Ben L. Howenstine. All are married men except one. The jurymen were confined for two weeks, two members for sixteen days. All looked greatly relieved when they marched out of the court room and started for their separate homes to be introduced to their families and friends. A chat with members of the jury reveals the fact that in the minds of the jury there was no shadow of doubt as to the guilt of Hunter, especially after the defense brought in the sample figures from a lawyer's office. Then they felt convinced that Hunter was guilty.

INSTRUCTIONS.

The instructions of Judge Vail to the jury were fair for both sides. Those who heard them read last night readily admitted that there was no cause for complaint on the part of the defendant. Considerable stress was laid upon the nature of circumstantial evidence and what constitutes reasonable doubt. The jury was to be the sole judge of the manner and credibility of witnesses and come to their own conclusions.

ARGUMENTS.

The arguments of counsel in the case were heard during yesterday afternoon and last night, and every attorney put forth his best effort. The People were confident of success, as they felt that the chain of circumstantial evidence presented by the prosecution was not only not broken at any point, but was strengthened in the cross-examination of witnesses presented by the defense. Hon. C. A. Ewing made a strong address for the People in opening the case. Attorneys Johns and Buckingham followed for Hunter, and they covered the whole case in the interest of the defendant. In no case have either Buckingham or Johns ever worked harder to save a man from conviction, and in their addresses both made the strongest appeals possible to make under the circumstances. Mr. Buckingham in his talk got in the fact that Hunter had been elected collector in Mt. Zion township on Tuesday by a majority of 10, but he failed to inform the jury how the election of Hunter was accomplished. The court room was crowded at night when State's Attorney Mills made the closing argument. He made a careful review of the testimony on both sides, paying special attention to the Brewer and Maden ballots, and also referred to the possible guilt of other Mt. Zion people in the fraud. The address was one of the most effective and powerful Mr. Mills has ever delivered in any criminal prosecution, and the result in this celebrated case is another triumph for his skill and genius, as well as that of his associate, Mr. Ewing. Both gentlemen are to-day receiving congratulations on the gratifying termination of the trial, the verdict being notice to all "fine workers" that despite politics justice can be had in a Macon county court, and that in future all tampering with the ballot-box in any district in Macon county, Mt. Zion in particular, must stop.

Judge Vail adjourned court until Monday forenoon at 8:30 o'clock.

ENTERED INTO REST.

Death of Grandma Fuller in the 90th Year of Her Age.

From Thursday's Daily

Maria P. Fuller, widow of Cyril Fuller and mother of Charles H. Fuller, died at the home of her son on West William street at 4 o'clock this morning. Mrs. Fuller reached the age of 90 years on April 1, and has long been connected with the history of Decatur, especially with that of St. John's church, of which she was a faithful communicant. Beautifully developed in the graces of christian character, earnest in her convictions and loyal in her utterance of them, hers was indeed a christian old age. Deceased was born in Manchester, Vt., in 1801; was married to Cyril Fuller in 1823; was confirmed by the Bishop of Vermont as a member of the Episcopal church in 1824. She came to Decatur from Ohio, where herself and husband had been greatly interested in establishing the Episcopal church at an early period. Mrs. Fuller and her husband were identified with the organization of St. John's church in this city. Her husband was the first senior warden, faithfully filling that office for more than 20 years. It will be seen that the life of Grandma Fuller marks an epoch in the history of St. John's parish, covering as it does, the life of the parish in the old church. Had she lived until the 19th day of April she would have witnessed the opening of the new and beautiful church edifice.

It is said that the young life, with all the joys and hopes about it, is a prophesy. The Christian old age the Divine fulfillment. Truly, it was so with her. Surrounded by those who loved her and cared tenderly for her welfare, the last years of her life have been serenely passed in contemplating spiritual things, and enjoying the friendship and love of those who have been associated with her during the years of her life in our city. Mrs. Fuller was the mother of two sons, one of whom, Charles H. Fuller, survives

Convicted.

Rev. J. W. Phillips, chaplain of the Chester penitentiary at Chester, and a member of the Alton Methodist district, was convicted at Alton last night for improper intimacy with Mrs. J. M. Laird of East St. Louis. Elder O. H. Clark of Lebanon, and R. G. Woodey of Belleville, prosecuted Phillips, and Rev. M. D. Hawes of Decatur, and J. A. Robinson of Brighton, appeared for the defendant.

The Handsomest

Embroideries and Torchon Laces ever before shown in this market at

LINN & SCRUGGS D. G. & C. Co.

THE JACK GOLDEN WEDDING.

Quiet Celebration of a Rare Event on Prairie Avenue.

From Friday's Daily.

Colonel and Mrs. Joseph Jack, united in marriage fifty years ago April 7th, celebrated their golden wedding last night at their home on Prairie avenue in the presence of sixty relatives and friends. It was a quiet but happy occasion which had been looked forward to with happy anticipations by the elderly couple, their children and grandchildren. The home was embellished in yellow flowers, the narcissus and jonquil predominating. The children of the couple, all living, were present, and all of the grandchildren were in attendance except four young men who are at college. All of Mrs. Jack's brothers and sisters were among the guests, and Colonel Jack's only brother, now 80 years of age and still in active business as president of a bank, was present. It was indeed a family reunion and an occasion long to be remembered. The celebration dinner was served at seven o'clock, the table being set in gold and white. Mrs. Jack presented the bride's cake, the pound cake of fifty years ago, made by the hostess herself. At the close of the feast there were several toasts proposed which brought forth happy and touching responses. William Jack of Peoria was the toastmaster.

THE VISITORS.

Those present from out of the city were: Hon. John W. Herron and wife, Cincinnati, O.; Hon. William Jack, Hollidaysburg, Pa.; Mrs. Nannie Hurst; Washington, Pa., Rev. S. J. Niccolls, D D. and wife, St. Louis, Mo.; John Jack, Chicago; Mrs. E. J. Neilson, Wilkinsburg, Pa.; Mrs. Lide Booth, Toledo, O., C. F. Warden and daughter, Anna, Greensburg, Pa.

William A. Herron and two children, William Jack and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jack, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Grier, Mr. and Mrs. J. T Neilson, Colonel J. D. and Mrs. McClure, Misses Sallie, Emily, Jennie, and Bessie Jack, Miss Isabel Grier, Masters William, Frank, and Will Jack and Hartley Clarke, all of Peoria, who came over in a special coach on the Terre Haute & Peoria railway.

This morning at 9 o'clock Mrs. T. T. Roberts served an elaborate wedding breakfast and at 1 o'clock this afternoon luncheon was served at the Colonel Jack home.

A WEDDING BREAKFAST.

Mrs. T. T. Roberts served an elaborate breakfast this morning to the relatives who were present last evening at the golden wedding anniversary of Col. and Mrs. Jack. The was repast served in seven courses and there were present forty relatives. The party arose from breakfast at 10 o'clock, after singing "Auld Lang Syne" in chorus. A large number of the party departed to-day for their respective homes.

BELL—BOTHEL.

A Quiet Marriage on North Union Street.

Edward Bell and Miss Nellie Bothel were united in marriage last evening at 8 o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Bothel, No. 1124 North Union street, Rev. James Miller of the First M. E. church, officiating. The ceremony was witnessed by only a few of the more intimate friends and relatives of the contracting parties. Mrs Bell, the mother, and two sisters of Mr Bell, came from Chicago to be present at the ceremony. Other guests were Mr. and Mrs. Joe Stout, Miss Lida Wellington, Miss Williams, Linn Williams, and J. E. Bothel and wife. An elegant wedding supper was served.

The groom is the well-known clerk at the Central House and is extremely popular among his associates, and is a young man of polished manners, enjoying the acquaintance of hosts of friends both in business and social circles who will extend to Ed and his fair bride their best wishes for their future happiness.

Death of Mrs. Sam Clark.

From Friday's Daily.

At Tilton yesterday, at the family residence after a lingering illness, Mrs. Catharine Clark, beloved wife of Mr. Samuel Clark, passed away in death Mr. Clark is a Wabash engineer and is well known in this city. Mrs. Clark leaves to mourn her loss besides her husband, four children, three boys and one girl, and her mother, father and two sisters residing at Tolono, Ill., besides a host of friends and relatives. The funeral will take place from the Catholic church at Tolono on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock

Taken to Chicago

Last night Harry Hammerwright left for Chicago, taking with him a spirited pair of Regalia three year olds that can go a mile in less than three minutes. The span are the property of R. E. Pratt who will drive them over the boulevards in Chicago and go ahead of all owners of speedy horses. The Regalias are stylish and active, and will not fail to attract admiring attention in the World's Fair city.

MARRIED.

March 7th, near Cerro Gordo, Henry Brenneman of Orrville, Ohio, and Miss Clara Keifer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Keifer.

DIED.

Nellie, the 6-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Kizer, at 9 o'clock Wednesday night, of a complication of diseases, at her home in Bement.

Go to Fisher & Long's and see their large stock of Farm Implements.
March 24-w1m

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

IT is reported that Secretary Blaine has through mutual friends secured from Mrs. James G. Blaine, jr., a promise not to make public the letters of James G. Blaine, jr.

A GRAND reunion of ex-confederate soldiers took place last week at New Orleans. It is said some 60,000 men were present and that they enjoyed the memory of the lost cause.

HON. WILLIAM R. MORRISON has made up his mind that Palmer shall not have the Illinois delegation, and to defeat his anticipations is bringing the Illinois Democracy back to Cleveland.

IT might be well for the *H-D.* to name the Republican nominee for alderman that would not be able to take care of the "city's business" as well as any one of the nonpartisan Democrats who are candidates.

NEW YORK *Press*: Senator Palmer of Illinois might as well abandon all hope of winning the Democratic nomination for President. He has nothing to commend him but an honorable past, and it is a Republican past at that.

PRESIDENT HARRISON seems to have made up his mind that he would rather fail of renomination than submit to Quay's dictation. Once he has made up his mind it is not likely that the mutual friend will be of much avail. The President, evidently, "would rather be right than be (twice) president."

Two Connecticut families have been poisoned by drinking butter milk that stood in a tin can. On the theory that the Keeley institute has been sued for damages where a case or two happened to die while under treatment or shortly after being dismissed, the friends of the butter milk victims should sue the cow.

THE effort of the fellows who have not conducted the private business of the present administration are having a hard time reviving the Blaine boom to defeat Harrison. There are some bosses the Republican party can get along without and a few of them have not yet discovered that fact. The people will renominate Harrison and in doing it the self appointed boss who gets in the way will suffer for his folly.

THE reciprocity arrangement with Spain relating to our trade with Cuba under the reciprocity provision of the McKinley act continues to be profitable to our farmers. From the 1st of January to March 1, 1892, the imports of flour into Havana, compared with the corresponding period in 1891, was as follows: First two months of 1891, 5753 bags from America, and 56,255 bags from Europe; first two months in 1892, 83 643 bags from America, and 160 bags from Europe. The law that does this for our farmers is the law that the Democratic party wants repealed.

WE have an idea that Congressman Owen Scott's constituents will read him a protection lecture that he will be able to understand.—*Peoria Transcript.*

"Thats what!" the Fourteenth Congressional District is not again to be deceived by the free trade liar. Its people realize the value of protection and the wisdom of the McKinley law. They propose to build some beet sugar factories under the law and will see that they are not represented in congress after the Fourth of March 1893, by a man who goes out of his way to kick at the sugar beet, a new farm product, and cheap sugar.

Trying to Escape Justice.

Hunter has had a fair trial and has been convicted on the evidence. Upon the declaration of Hunter and his friends in the early stages of the contest last June, to the effect that all they desired was to discover the person guilty of the crime, if a crime had been committed, Mr. Hunter should not complain. The end he declared he desired to obtain has been reached. A jury of his peers, far above the average jury in intelligence, without the least friction and without a reasonable doubt in the mind of a single juror, has found him guilty.

It seems, however, that Hunter is not satisfied with the result. He and his friends attempted to create the suspicion that Charles Fletcher and his friends in some mysterious way were guilty of bringing about the condition in which the ballots were. Having some doubts of being able to smirch the character of Mr. Fletcher, they sought to load it on the grave of John Woascott; but they failed in both efforts to furnish a scape goat for Hunter, and he was convicted. But Hunter and his friends do not seem willing to accept the result of a fair and impartial trial, and are now engaged in an effort to defeat the verdict of the jury.

We do not mean to say that Mr. Hunter has no legal right to do these things, but in face of the splendid boasts he made, that all he desired was justice, he ought to allow justice to take its course. The evidence, including his own figures, clearly show him to have been the person who fraudulently mark d the ballots. Much as a fraud upon a sovereign when he is in the act of exercising his right of suffrage is to be deplored, we have no disposition to demand that Hunter be persecuted; but he ought to be punished, that he and all others who may be disposed to tamper with the rights of free American citizens must answer for their crimes to the people.

To Whom It May Concern.

Notice is hereby given that I have filed my application for a pardon in the Governor's office at Springfield, Illinois.
Dated this 26th day of March, 1892.
WILLIAM E. WESTBROOK
mch31-w3w

The Duty on Farm Products.

In the campaign of 1890 the Democratic party and such professional F. M. B. A. men as Moore, Thompson and Boles ridiculed the duty fixed by the McKinley law on the products of the farm and charged that these things were done to deceive the farmers. These men, probably, were not broad enough to know what benefit our farmers would receive from the new law, but they did know that the duties in the new law upon farm products were not put into the law to deceive the American farmers, but were put there at the earnest solicitation of the Master of the National Grange and other prominent agriculturalists, who appeared before McKinley's committee in the interest of the agricultural classes.

That these men knew what they were doing and were acting in the interest of the farmer, and not as Moore, Thompson and Boles were, in their own interests and that of the Democratic party, is proven by a year's experience with the law. We do not propose to urge the beneficial effects of that law to the farmer from the general provisions of the law, but from the specific protection duties placed upon farm products by it. These duties have practically shut the Canadian farmer out of the New England market and have given that market to the farmers of the west. This has been done to such an extent that the result has been seriously felt in Canada. An ex-member of Parliament, F. L. Thibaldar, speaking of the exodus of Canadians to the United States, which he facetiously refers to as a species of annexation, says:

We may sneer at or ignore the annexation of Canada, but all the while the Canadian people by train loads, are, as individuals, annexing themselves to the United States. These emigrants are, almost without exception, farmers. They desert Canada because they are being taxed out of existence. The McKinley bill has limited our market and our farmers are not yet accustomed to the new order of things. The government gives no heed to this. It imagines or assumes that the country is better off without these discontented people who move to the United States."

According to the demagogue who regards our farmers with a well-committed tale of woe, the farmers of this country are in a deplorable condition; worse, indeed, than the farmers of any other country; that all legislation has been against them. These falsehoods are exploded by the above facts outlined by a Canadian statesman. The Canadian farmer seeks the United States to better his condition, and the possibility of bettering his condition is opened by a protective tariff which in the past thirty years has made the American farmer independent and respectable.

THE *Review* does the REPUBLICAN injustice when it says this paper would deny the right of appeal to W. B. Hunter. The REPUBLICAN does no such thing. The law gives him that right, but did not Hunter waive that right and also the *Review* for him when they declared that all Mr. Hunter desired was justice. This declaration was repeatedly made last June pending the election contest.

The evidence then showed he was trying to hold on to an office obtained by fraud and he was deposed, and the rightfully elected man was put into the position. Hunter has been tried, and upon the evidence has been promptly found guilty, by a jury of his peers, of having committed the fraud, by which he sought to secure the office of supervisor of Mt. Zion township. Full justice has been done, and having invoked it at the first, the REPUBLICAN thinks if Hunter was honest when he did so, he ought to accept justice and not seek to evade punishment by the technicalities of the law which are in most cases at variance with justice. It seems that justice is what Hunter does not want, and when he was outwardly pleading for it he was inwardly forming schemes to evade it.

Not Gone.

There are still over 200 pairs of fine shoes great bargains—left at Powers' Shoe Store. Others have been making money by buying shoes at the great reduction, why don't you? 12-d&wtf

L. D. BAKER, of Oreana, while passing between his residence and Mr. Vandervort's lost $250 He offers $50 reward for the return of the money.

Remember a Benefactor.

Mrs. James A. Garfield called upon the President in the interest of an applicant for appointment to a consulate. Influential politicians had appealed to the president in behalf of the applicant without succeeding in getting a promise that the appointment would be made; but the wife of the ex-President made an irresistible appeal and secured a promise that it should be made according to her wish. The case is peculiar and interesting. The applicant is a son of Cyrus W. Field of the same name as his father. At this time the elder Field is practically a bankrupt through the crookedness of another son. When Garfield died Cyrus W. Field was worth millions, and he started a fund for the maintainance and education of the Garfield children. The sum aggregated $300,000, and has been judiciously invested in Mrs. Garfield's name.

When Mrs Garfield, who was in Washington visiting her daughter, heard that the son of her benefactor was an applicant for a modest appointment, she went, unsolicited, to the President and plead as her excuse for coming the fact that Cyrus W. Field was his benefactor, and she called the President's attention to the fact that she had not asked him before for any favors either for herself or her friends, and declared that if the President would grant this one request she would never ask him for another favor.

It is consoling, in this world where there is so much disappointment on account of the failure of those who should be our friends in time of adversity, to see this woman, who was once the first woman in the land, respond to the better angel of her nature and with swift feet hurry to aid one whose father had helped her in the hour of her need. There is no greater virtue than that of gratitude. "It hides a multitude of sins."

JAMES MCCURNS was arrested in Urbana while in the act of robbing freight cars.

For Bilious Attacks

heartburn,
sick headache,
and all disorders of
the stomach, liver,
and bowels,

Ayer's Cathartic Pills

are the
safest, surest,
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family use.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.
Lowell, Mass.

ANDERSON WILKES 4197.

4 Year old; race record, 2:22¼.
Sire of Jack Sheppard; 4 year old; race record, 2:27½.
Sired by Onward, 2:25¼; sire of 62 in the 2 30 list.
1st Dam—Magnet, 2:33¼, by Strathmore 408, sire of 42 others in the 2:30 list.
Anderson Wilkes is the only sire in Macon county with a record better than 2:30 that has produced a 30 performer.
Terms:—$40.00 for the season, with return privileges. Will make season at Driving Park.

General Jackson 8190.

Sired by Mambrino Patchen 58.
1st Dam—Grey Diana, by Administrator 357.
2d Dam—Bashaw Belle (dam of Strong Boy, 2:12, Carrie, 2:29¼, grandam of Manager, 3 year old, 2:11½) by Bashaw 50.
3d Dam—Grey Mary, by St. Louis; 4th by Clay Trustee; 5th by Tom Watson; 6th by Medoc.
General Jackson is a beautiful jet-black horse 16 hands high and a grand individual.
Terms:—$35.00 to insure mare with foal. Will make season at Driving Park.

Adventurer (5482) 4364.

Bay colt 4 years old, sired by Top Gallant (1850), by Darnley (222), by Conqueror (199), by Lochfergus Champion 449, to Thompson's Black Horse (335).
This horse was considered the best that left Scotland in 1888, and was sired by one of the best in Scotland. As a two-year-old he served fourteen mares there at $62.50 each.
Will make season at the Driving Park
Terms, $12.50 to insure living colt.

McWilliam (7031) 4382.

Bay colt 3 years old, sired by the Great MacGregor (1487), by Darnley (222), by Conqueror (199), by Lochfergus (449), to Thompson's Black Horse (335).
At our farm 1¼ miles northwest of Macon. Terms, $12.50 to insure living colt

D. W. BRENNEMAN & BRO.,
DECATUR, ILL.

VILLAGE OF NIANTIC.

People's Ticket.	People's Ticket.
For President of Village Board of Trustees,	For President of Village Board of Trustees,
☐ WILLIAM R. DINGMAN.	☐ J. P. FARIS.
For Village Trustees,	For Village Trustees,
☐ RUFUS BLAKE.	☐ CHARLES CONNAGHAN.
☐ JOHN HENEBRY.	☐ W. C. JONES.
☐ WALLER PRITCHETT.	☐ GEORGE W. FARNAM.
For Village Clerk,	For Village Clerk,
☐ GEORGE D. KITCH.	☐ W. R. KIZER.
☐ FOR LICENSE.	☐ FOR LICENSE.
☐ AGAINST LICENSE.	☐ AGAINST LICENSE.

DR. FRUTH,

Of New York, the well-known specialist in chronic diseases and diseases of the eye and ear, by request of many friends and patients, has decided to visit

DECATUR

THURSDAY, MAY 5th, 1892

Consultation and examination free and confidential in his branch office, from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. One day only.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.

DR. A. C. FRUTH,

PROFESSOR OF SURGERY IN THE PROVIDENT MEDICAL DISPENSARY.

Ably assisted by a full staff of expert Specialists, treats with unparalleled success all *Chronic, Nervous, Skin, Blood* and surgical diseases upon the latest scientific principles. He particularly invites all whose cases have been neglected or unskillfully treated.

☞ Patients who are doing well under the care of their own physicians need not call on us, as our province is to treat those who cannot find relief otherwise.

DR. FRUTH, after years of experience, has perfected the most infallible method of curing Vital Drain in Urine, Impaired Memory, Weak Back, Melancholy, Weak Eyes, those terrible disorders arising from ruinous practices of youth, blighting the most radiant hopes, unfitting patient for business, study, society or marriage, annually sweeping to an untimely grave thousands of exalted talent and brilliant intellect.

Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Bright's Disease, Diabetes and kindred maladies treated and cures effected in thousands of cases that had been pronounced beyond hope and an examination of urine required in each case; bring an ounce for chemical and microscopical examination.

Many die every year who might have been permanently cured had they placed their case in the hands of experts.

Epilepsy or Fits positively cured by a new and never-failing Hospital treatment.

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No Pay Until Cured.

Diseases of the Nose, Throat and Lungs, Catarrh and hay fever are curable.

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Diseases of the Eye and Ear. All operations performed without pain.

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Remarkable Cures perfected in cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. If a case is incurable the patient will be informed so.

Cases treated by mail or express, but personal consultation much preferred. Cases and correspondence strictly confidential, and medicine sent to any part of the United States. List of questions free. Western address,

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THE ✻ FAIR

Cheapest House in Town

Come down Monday morning and see the Cut made in Prices. We must double our sales this year.

Wood Mashers, were 10c, CUT RATE, 5c
Rollingpins, were 10c, CUT RATE, 7c
Pound Butter Moulds, were 35c CUT RATE, 18c
Individual Butter Moulds, were 10c, CUT RATE, 5c
Folding Ironing Boards, were $1 00, CUT RATE, 75c
Spice Cabinets, were 98c, CUT RATE, 75c
Curtain Poles all complete, were 35c, CUT RATE, 23c
Clothes Wringers, were $2.25, CUT RATE, $1.98
Baking Powders, were 10c. CUT RATE, 7c
Square Dinner Buckets, were 45c, CUT RATE, 35c
Large Washpans, were 10c, CUT RATE, 8c
Patent Coffeepots were 60c. CUT RATE, 50c
Patent Coffeepots, were 75c, CUT RATE, 60c
Best coffee made in two minutes.
Plated Tablespoons, were 75c, CUT RATE, 50c
Plated Teaspoons, were 35c, CUT RATE, 20c
Plated Knives and Forks, were $1.85, CUT RATE, $1.50
Plated Knives and Forks, 60c a set, CUT RATE, 45c
Large Mirror, 75c, ...Cut Rate, 59c
Teacups and Saucers, 60c, Cut Rate, 45c
Dinner Plates, 50c per set, Cut Rate, 38c
Chamber Sets, Moss Rose, $3 00, Cut Rate, $2 48
Hobby Horses, $1.00, ...Cut Rate, 65c
Child's Desk, $1.00........Cut Rate, 65c
Steel Engravings, $1.25,...Cut Rate, 98c
Lamp Chimneys, 8c.......Cut Rate, 5c
5-bottle Plated Castor, $1.25, " 98c
Berry Dishes, 15c.........Cut Rate, 10c
Child's Glass Mugs, 5c.....Cut Rate, 3c
Bread Plates, 15c..........Cut Rate, 10c
Water Pitchers, 35c.......Cut Rate, 19c
5c Handkerchiefs...............3 for 10c
Toilet Soaps, per cake............... 4c

No difference what other houses ask you for these goods our prices will be cheaper. WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD.

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Museum and Menagerie,

—ALLIED WITH—

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50 Cages of Rare and Valuable Animals!
A Herd of Elephants!
A Drove of Camels!
100 Acts! 20 Aerial Artists!
50 Acrobats and Gymnasts!
30 Hurricane Riders!
3 Grand Military Bands!
A Regiment of Clowns!
THE FINEST HORSES OF ANY SHOW ON EARTH!

Enough Trained Animals Alone to Equip a Big Menagerie.

IN OUR THREE RINGS,

TWO ELEVATED STAGES,

—AND—

Half-Mile Hippodrome Track.

You will see everything you ever saw before at a Circus but more that has never been presented to the American public by any show, excepting this.

Unequaled! Unsurpassable!

An Exhibition, in Sublimity and Grandeur, Never to be Forgotten.

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FOR BUILDING COUNTRY ROADS,—working streets in cities,—building ditches,—cuts down banks,—works in either direction on SAME SIDE OF ROAD,—easy of operation,—light draft,—embracing many very desirable points of advantage over all competitors. It is unquestionably the best road machine on earth. SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT. SAVING IN COST COMPARED WITH PLOWS AND SCRAPERS.

See us for GRADERS, WHEEL AND DRAG SCRAPERS, ROAD PLOWS and all kinds of Earth-Moving Machinery. Also a full line of WELL-BORING MACHINERY.

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